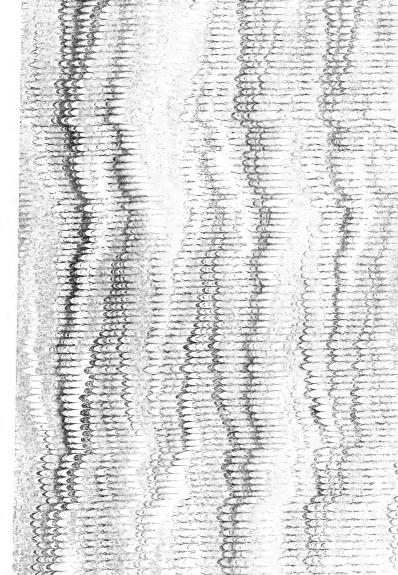


TARY OF CONGRESS.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA















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A SOUVENIR

DEDICATED TO THE

TWENTY-SIXTH

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT

OF THE

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

HELD AT

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1892.

Compiled in a Spirit of enthusiasm and affection for my Comrades of the $\rm G,\ A,\ R,$

Yours in F. C. & L.

ISAAC C. TYSON,

Late Co. K. 14th Iowa Vols.,

2d Brigade, 3d Division,

16th Army Corps, U. S. A.

Thanks are due to the publishers of the New York World and the Mail and Express for assistance in compiling the valuable statistics embodied in this book.



CENERAL PALMER, COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Grand Army of the Republic.

Commander-in-Chief John Patmer, Albany, N. Y.

S. Fice-Com... Henry M. Duffield, Detroit, Mich. | Surgeon-General Benj. F. Stevenson, Visalia, Ky-J. Vice-Com.......T. S. Clarkson, Omaha, Neb. | Chaplain in Chief S. B. Paine, St. Augustine, Fla-

Adjutant-Gen. Fred. Phisterer, Albany, N. Y. Inspector-Gen. J. F. Pratt. East Orange, N. J. Quartermaster-Gen. ... John Taylor, Phila, Pa. J. Judge Adv. Gen. ... J. W. O'Neall, Lebanon, O. The National Council of Administration has a members, each department being represented by one member.

DEPARTMENT OFFICERS AND MEMBERSHIP.

DEPARTMENTS. (44.)	DEPARTMENT COM	MANDERS.*	DEPARTMENT ASST. AI	JT. GENERALS.*	Mem- bers.
	Seymour Bullock		W. J. Pender		334
Arizona	Ed. Schwartz	Phœnix.	C. D. Belden	Phœnix.	203
Arkansas	Wm. H. H. Clayton	Fort Smith.	S. K. Robinson	Fort Smith.	2,200
California	W. H. L. Barnes	San Francisco	T. C. Masteller	San Francisco	5,812
Col. and Wyoming.	George W. Cook	Denver.	Philip Trounstine	Denver.	2,001
Connecticut	H. N. Fanton	Danbury,	John H. Thacher		6,807
	Daniel Greene		John B. Stradley		1,280
Florida.	John H. Welsh	Welshton.	T. S. Wilmarth		471
Georgia	A. E. Sholes	Angusta	A. Guiton		455
Idaho	Judson Spofford	Boisé City	Norman H. Camp	Boisé City	439
Illinois	Horace S. Clark	Mattoon	P. L. McKinnie	Chicago	32,329
Indiana	I. N. Walker	Indiananolia	Irvin Robbins		24,726
Town	Charles L. Davidson.	Hall	Charles L. Longley		20,174
Venega	T. McCarthy	Larned	A. B. Campbell		17,716
	S. G. Hillis		A. S. Cole		
Le and Mississippi	George T. Hodges	Now Orloans	C. W. Keeting		3,973
Maine Mississippi.	Samuel L. Miller	Waldehene	E. C. Milliken		9,700
Manue	Samuel L. Miller	Waldoboro,	Hugh A. Maughlin		
Maryland	J. C. Hill	Cai ca da in	A C Munnes	Partimore.	2,423
Massachusetts	A. A. Smith	Griswoldvine.	A. C. Munroe	Doston,	23,781
Michigan	Charles L. Eaton	Paw Paw.	K. W. Noyes	Paw Paw.	19,280
Minnesota	C. D. Parker	St. Paul.	Joseph L. Brigham.	St. Paul.	7.947
Missouri	George W. Martin	Brookheid.	Thomas B. Rodgers.		20,823
	H. C. Kessler		L. F. Wyman		625
	Joseph Tecter		J. W. Bowen		4,144
New-Hampshire	E. B. Huse	Enfield.	J. Minot		5,211
New-Jersey	J. R. Mullikin	Newark.	F. W. Sullivan		7,798
	Albert P. Fountain		J. F. Bennett		292
	C. II. Freeman		W. W. Bennett		40,444
North-Dakota	William A. Bentley	Bismarck.	John Bowen		535
Ohio	A. M. Warner	Cincinnati.	W. B. Folger		45,522
Oklahoma and I. T.	G. A. Colton	Kingfisher.	E. B. Burns		552
Oregon	Owen Summers	Portland.	R. S. Greenleaf		2,052
Pennsylvania	George G. Boyer	Harrisburg.	S. P. Town	Philadelphia.	43,168
Potomac	J. M. Pipes	Washington.	John P. Church,	Washington.	3,312
	Benjamin H. Child		Edmund F. Prentiss.	Providence.	2,855
	C. S. Palmer		W. D. Stiles	Sioux Falls.	2,769
	A. J. Gahagan		H. B. Case	Chattanooga.	3,719
	M. W. Mann		J. C. Bigger	Dallas.	1,305
	Frank Hoffman		F. P. Addleman	Salt Lake City	184
	D. L. Morgan		C. C. Kinsman	Rutland.	5,487
Virginia	H. B. Nichols	Norfolk.	W. N. Eaton	Portsmouth.	1,422
Wash, and Alaska	D. G. Lovell	Tacoma.	Frank Clendennen.	Tacoma.	2,78
West-Virginia	I. H. Duval	Wellsburg	George B. Crawford.	Wellsburg.	2,633
Wisconsin	W. H. Upham	Marshfield	E. B. Grav		13,710

Total June 30, 1891.....

New department officers are elected from January to April, 1802.

The first post of the Grand Army was organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. The first department encampment was held at Springfield, Ill., July 12, 1866. The first national encampment was held at Indianapolis, November 20, 1866.

NATIONAL ENCAMPMENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF. 066 T-31----11-Ctarley A Track Til

1866—Indianapons, Stephen A. Huribut, III.
1868—PhiladelphiaJohn A. Logan, Illinois,
1869—Cincinnati John A. Logan, Illinois,
1870—Washington John A. Logan, Illinois.
1871—Boston A. E. Burnside, Rhode-Isl.
1872—ClevelandA. E. Bnrnside, Rhode-Isl.
1873—New-Haven Charles Devens, Jr., Mass.
1874—HarrisburgCharles Devens, Jr., Mass.
1875—ChicagoJohn F. Hartranft, Pa.
1876—PhiladelphiaJohn F. Hartranft, Pa
1877—Providence J. C. Robinson, New-York.
1878—Spri'gfield, Mass. J. C. Robinson, New-York.
1879-Albany William Earnshaw, Ohio.

- 1880—Dayton, O... Louis Wagner, Pa. 1881—Iudianapolis George S. Merrill, Mass. 1882—Baltimore. Paul Van Der Voort, Neb. 1883-Denver..... Robert B. Beath, Pa.

The Civil War of 1861-65.

NUMBER OF MEN IN THE UNION ARMY FURNISHED BY EACH STATE AND TERRITORY, FROM APRIL 15, 1861, TO CLOSE OF WAR.

STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Number of Men Furnished,	Aggregate Reduced to a Three Years' Standing.	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Number of Men Furnished.	Aggregate Reduced to a Three Years' Standing.
Alabama	2,556	1,611	New-York	440,050	392,270
Arkansas	8,280	7,836	North-Carolina	3,156	3 156
California	15,725	15,725	Ohio	313,180	240,514
Colorado	4,903	3,697	Oregon	1,810	1,773
Connecticut	55,804	50,623	Pennsylvania	337 936	265,517
Delaware	12,254	10,322	Rhode-Island	23,230	17,866
Florida	1,200	1,290	South-Carolina		
Georgia			Tennessee	31.192	26.394
Hlinols	259.092	214,133	Texas	1,965	1,032
Judiana	195,363	153,576	Vermont	33,288	29,068
lowa	70.242	65,030	Virginia	* ****	
Kansas,	20,149	18,766	West-Virginia	32.068	27.714
Kentucky		70.832	Wisconsin	91,327	79,260
Louisiana		4,654	Dakota	2:6	2.6
Mame	70,107	56,776	District_of Columbia	16 534	1,5.6
Maryland	46,638	41,275	Indian Territory	3,530	3,530
Massachusetts	146,730	124.1-4	Montana	*51151	
Michigan	87.364	80,111	New Mexico	6,561	4,432
Minnesota	24, 20	19,693	Utah		******
Mississippi	545	545	Washington	96.1	964
Missouri	100 111	86,530	U. S. Armv		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Nebraska	3,157	2,175	U. S. Volunteers.		1
Nevada		1,080	U. S. Colored Troops	93,441	91,789
New-Hampshire New-Jersey	33.937 76.81.4	30,849 57,908	Total	2,778 304	2,326,168

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of t-61-65, and of the United States, during the war of t-61-65, and of the United States, during the war of t-61-65, and of the United States, to the causes, such as accidents, number, Confederate prisons, etc., 49,154, total died, 39,944; total deserted, 19,105. Number of solidars in the United enter service who died awounds or dienses quartied statement, 13,264. Deserted (partial statement, 13,265), for federate the troops cantured during the war, 27,268, Confederated on the field, 22,359. Number of United States troops who died vide numbers, 29,155. died while prisoners, 30,156; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 30,152.

THE GREAT BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.

(From "Regimental Losses in the American Civil War," by William F. Fox, Lieutenant-Colonel U.S.V.)

DATE.	Battle.	Killed.	Wounded.*	Missing.	Aggregate.	
July 1-3, 1863	Gettysburg	3.070	14.497	5,434	23,∞1	
May 8-18, 1864	Spottsvlvama	2.725	13.4 3	2,258	18.399	
May 3-7, 1864	Wilderness	2.246	12 037	3 3 3	17,666	
	Antictaint	2,108	9,549	7:3	12.410	
May 1-3, 1863	Chancellorsville	1.6:6	9.762	5.9 9	17.287	
September 19-20, 1863	Chickanauga	1.656	9.749	4.774	16.179	
Inne 1-4, 1864	Cold Harbor	1,844	9.077	18:6	12.737	
December 11-14, 1862	Fredericksburg	1,284	9 500	1,769	12.6-3	
August 28-30, 1552	Manassas‡	1,747	8.452	4.263	14,462	
April 6-7, 1862	Shiloh.	1,754	8.4.8	2,585	13,047	
December 31, 1862	Stone's River	1.730	7.802	3.717	13,249	
Tune 15-10, 1864	Petersburg (assault)	1 688	8.513, 1	1,155	11.386	

- Wounded in these and the f-dlowing returns includes mortally wounded.
 Not including South Mountain or Cranaton's Gap.
 Including Chantilly, Rappahannock, Bristol Station and Bull Rnn Bridge.
 Including Knob Gap and losses on January 1 and 2, 1863.

The Union losses at Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, were: killed, 470; wounded, 1,071; captured

The Union Iosses at Bull. Ront (first Manassas), July 21, 1861, were: Billed, 470; wounded, 1,671; captured and missing, 1793; aggreeds, 3,331.

The Confederate Iosses in particular engagements were as follows; Bull Run (first Manassas), July 21, 1862, Billed, 372; wounded, 1862; captured and missing, 132; aggreeds, 1862. For Domelson, Tonn, Puly 27, 1862, Billed, 1,723; wounded, 8,042; captured and missing, 669; aggreegate, 18694. Seven Dave Battle, Virginia, Jung-schildt, 1,723; wounded, 8,042; captured and missing, 7,72; aggreegate, 2,041. Second Manasses, Aug. 21-Sept. 2, Ribed, 1, 381; wounded and missing, 7,627; captured and missing, 89; aggreegate, 2,041. Second Manasses, Aug. 21-Sept. 2, 8,168, Ribed, 1,381; wounded, 3,38; candred and missing, 89; aggreegate, 2,054. Second Manasses, Aug. 21-Sept. 1, 2,054. Ribed, 1,249; wounded, 2,054; captured and missing, 1,27; aggreegate, 1,054. Second Manasses, Aug. 21-Sept. 1, 2,054. Ribed, 1,249; wounded, 2,054; captured and missing, 1, 27; aggreegate, 1,056. Chance Brewine, May 1-4, 1863, Ribed, 1,055; wounded, 1,024; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, May 1-4, 1864, Ribed, 1,055; wounded, 1,296; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 894, 1954, Billed, 1,055; wounded, 1,296; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 894, 1954, Billed, 1,055; wounded, 1,296; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 894, 1954, Billed, 1,055; wounded, 1,396; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 894, 1954, Billed, 1,054; wounded, 1,034; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 894, 1954, Billed, 1,054; wounded, 1,034; captured and missing, 2,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Getty-burg, 104, 1954, Billed, 1,054; wounded, 1,034; captured and missing, 1,034; aggreegate, 1,046. Chance Burger, 1,046, Billed, 1,046; and 1,0

Uibing Union Generals.

LIST OF LIVING MAJOR-GENERALS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY WHO SAW ACTIVE SERVICE IN THE FIELD DURING THE CIVIL WAR.

There were commissioned by the United States during the civil war of 186-6c, helading those who held tank at the time the war began, over 2,500 general officers of various grades: general, lieutenant-generals, major-generals, major-generals by brevet, brigadier-generals and brigadier generals by brevet. It is believed that less than 1,000 of these are now living. The following is a partial list of those who held the rank of major-general in the regular and volunteer armies, either in full or by brevet, and saw active service in the field, who are known or supposed to be fiving at the present time.*

REGULAR ARMY.

William S. Rosecrats Phillip St. George Cooke, John M. Schofield. Daniel Butterfield. Oliver O. Howard. James B. Fry. Absalom Baird. Alvan C. Gillem. John W. Turner. John W. Turner. John Sewton. Thomas J. Wood Rifus Incolles Stewart Van Vliet, John W. Davidson, Alfred Piessanton, Frank Wheaton, Frank Wheaton, Wesley Meritt, George Stonoman, Godniew Weitzel, James H. Wilson, William W. Averell, Richard W. Johnson, Eli Long, Andrew J. Swith, Engene A. Carr,

John II. Ketchum.

David S. Stanley, Join B. Melntosh, August V. Kautz Benjaman H. Grierson, Samuel S. Garolf, Robert S. Granger, Alexander S. Webb, William B. Franklin, Christopher C. Auger, William P. Gerlin, Abner Doubleday, Joseph J. Reynolds, John E. Smith, Charles II, Smith, Orlando B. Willcox, Galusha Pennypacker Nelson A. Miles, Daniel E. Sackies, Wanger Swin, Pench, John Gibbon, George W. Getty, Adelbert Ames, Sannel W. Crawford, John C. Bobisson, Frederick Steele, Alex, McD. McCook,

VOLUNTEER ARMY.

Nathaniel P. Banks. Benjamin F. Butler. Don Carlos Buell. Samuel R Curtis. Franz Sigel. John A. McClernand. Lewis Wallace. Erasmus D Keyes. Fitz John I orter. Darius N Couch. Henry W Slocum. John J. Peck. Thomas L. Crittenden. Schuyle" Hamilton, Jacob D. Cox. James S. Negley, John M. Palmer, Richard J. Oglesby. C. C. Washburn. James G. Biunt, Carl Schurz. W. T. H. Brooks. Granville M. Dodge, Henry E Davies, Francis C. Barlow, Gersham Mott, M. D. Leggett. John M. Corse. Lewis A. Grant. Thomas H. Ruger. Rufus Saxton. Charles J. Paine. James W. McMillan. C. C. Andrews. Joseph B. Carr N. Martin Curtis. Nathan Kimball. John B. Sanborn. Benjamin F. Kelly.

Jacob G. Lanman. John B. McIntosh. Thomas J. McKean. Byron R. Pierce. B. F. Potts. William H. Powell, Elliot W. Rice. James R. Slack Green Clay Smith Thomas Kelby Smith. J. W. Sprague. John D. Stevenson, John M. Thayer, Davis Tillson, Erastus B Tyler. William B Woods. Thomas L. Kane.
John G. Mitchell.
William H. Morris.
Halbert E. Paine.
Henry G. Thomas.
Hector Tyndale. Hector Tyndale. Horatio P. Van Cleve. James A. Williamson, James C. Vettch. Willia a P. Benton. Thomas J. Lucas. James J. Gilbert. Joshua L. Chamberlain. Robert S. Foster. Henry Baxter. Oliver Edwards. P. R. De Trobriand. William A. Pile. John McNeil.

Elias S. Dennis. Lewis B. Parsons. Orris S. Ferry. William Vandever. August L. Chetlain. John P. Hawkins, Alexander Shaler. Adin B. Underwood. Salomon Meredith. John C. Caldwell. Fitz Henry Warren. Joseph R. Hawley. August Willich. William T. Clark. Joseph R. West. Martin T. McMahon, Charles G. Loring. Robert Allen. Walter C Whitacker, Manning F, Force, John W, Fuller, John F, Miller, Joseph Hayes, Joseph A. Cooper, Alexander Asboth. Menry A. Barnum. George L Beal. William Birney. James Bowen. Mason Brayman. R P. Buckland. Robert A Cameron. Selden E. Connor. Thomas Ewing, Jr. James D Fessenden. Walter Q. Gresham,

Edward W Hinks H. M. Plaisted. George H Nye, William Wells, George A Macy, Henry L. Abbott, John C Tidball. Frederick Winthrep. Benjamin F. Baker. Nelson Cross. Adrian R. Root. Lewis T. Barney. Charles J. Powers. Isaac S, Catlin, George H, Sharpe, James Wood, Jr. James Jourdan. E. L. Molineux. James P. McIvor, John Ramsay. Robert McAilister. William J. Sewell. John I. Gregg. Richard Coulter. St. Clair Mulholland. James Gwyn. Henry J. Madill. A. L. Pearson. Horatio G. Sickel. A. W. Dennison. Alvin C. Voris. Marshall F. Moore, W. L. McMillan. J. Warren Keifer. Russell A. Alger, William L. Stoughton, Henry D. Washburn. Willard Warner.

* The list has been restricted to major generals who were actively engaged in the field during the war. It is known to be imperfect, as the whereabouts of several persons in the list are unknown, and they have not been heard of for some time. A complete list is desirable, and the editor would welcome corrections and additions during the year,

Cyrus Hamlin.

Rutherford B. Haves,

Mibing Confederate Generals.

JANUARY 1, 1802.

During the Civil War there were 408 persons commissioned as generals of the several grades in the Confederate Army. Of these, less than 174 are now living—twenty-six years after the close of the war.

General W. L. Cabell, of Dallas, Tex., has prepared the following list of survivors, together with their present places of residence, when known:

GENERAL.

Gustave P. T. Beanregard, New-Orleans, La.

GENERAL WITH TEMPORARY RANK. Edmund Kirby Smith, Sewanee, Tenn,

LIEUTENANT-GENERALS.

Stephen D. Lee, Starkville, Miss, James Longstreet, Gainesville, Ga. Jubal A. Early, Lynchburg, Va. Simon B. Buckner, Frankfort, Ky. Joseph Wheeler, Wheeler, Wheeler, Ala, Ambrose P. Stewart, Oxford, Miss. Wade Hampton, Colambia, S. C. John B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.

MAJOR-GENERALS.

Gustavus W. Smith, New York,
LaF-yette McLaws, Savamath, Ga,
LaF-yette McLaws, Savamath, Ga,
LaF-yette McLaws, Savamath, Ga,
S. G. French, Hilly Spiritys, Miss,
John H. Forney, Alabama,
Dabaey H. Manry, Richmond, Va.
Heury Heth, United States Coast Survey,
Robert Ransom, Jr., Weldon, N. C.
J. L. Keapper, Orange Court House, Va.
Fitzhagh Lee, Glasgow, Va.
W. B. Bate, U. S. Senate,
Robert F. Hoke, Raleigh, N. C.
J. B. Kershaw, Camden, S. C.
M. C. Butler, U. S. Senate,
E. C. Walthall, U. S. Senate,
E. C. Walthall, U. S. Senate,
L. L. Lor as, Black-burg,
P. M. B. Young, Atlanta, Ga,
T. L. Rosser, Charlottesville, Va.
W. W. Allen, Montgomery, Ala.
S. B. Maxey, Paris, Tex.
William Maltone, Pershnor, Va.
William F. Tahlaferro, Gloucester, Va.
John G. Walker, Missouri,
William T. Tahlaferro, Gloucester, Va.
John G. Walker, Missouri,
William R. Martin, Natelez, Miss,
Bushrod R. Johnson, Nashville, Tenn,
C. J. Polignae, Paris, France,
E. M. Law, Yorkville, S. C.
Jamee H. Fagam, Liftle Rock, Ark,
Taomas Churchill, Little Rock, Ark,
Richard Gatlin, Fort Smith, Ark,
Matt Ransom, U. S. Senate,
T. A. Smith, Jackson, Miss,

BRIGADIER-GENERALS.

George T. Anderson, Anniston, Ala, Joseph R. Anderson, Richmond, Va. Frank C. Armstrong, Texas, E. S. Alexander, Savannah, Ga. Arthur S. Bagby, Texas, Alphens Baker, Lonisville, Ky. Laurence S. Baker, arddress not known, Pinckney D. Eowles, Alabama, William L. Brandon, Mississippi, John Bratton, South-Carolina, J. L. Brent, Baltimore, Md. C. A. Batte, Eufaula, Ala,

BRIGADIER-GENERALS-Continued.

R. L. T. Beale, Hagne, Va. Hamilton P. Bee, San Antonio, Tex. W. R. Boggs, Winston, N. C. Tyrce H. Bell, Tennessee. William L. Cabell, Dalas, Tex. E. Capars, Columbia, S. C. James R. Chalmers, Vicksburg, Miss. Thomas L. Clingman, Charlotte, N. C. George B. Cosby, Kentucky. Francis M. Cockrell, U. S. Senate. A. H. Colquitt, U. S. Senate. R. E. Colston, Washington, D. C. Phil Cook, Atlanta, Ga. M. D. Corse, Alexandria, Va. Alexander W. Campbell, Tennessee, John B. Clark, Jr., Brunswick, Mo. Alfred Cumming, Augusta, Ga. Allred Chimining, Augusta, Ga. X. B. DeBray, Austin, Tex. William R. Cox. North-Carolina. Joseph Devis, Mississippi City, Miss. H. T. Davidson, Tennessee. T. P. Doctery, Arkansas. Basil W. Duke, Louisville, Ky. John Echols, Louisville, Ky. C. A. Evans, Atlanta, Ga. Samuel W. Ferguson, Pass Christian, Miss, J. J. Finley, Florida. D. M. Frost, Missouri. Richard M. Gano, Dallas, Tex. Q. George, Jackson, Miss.
 R. L. Gibson, U. S. Senate. William L. Gardner, Memphis, Tenn. G. W. Gordon, Nashville, Tenn. E. C. Govan, Arkansas. Johnson Haygood, Barnswell, S. C. George P. Harrison, Jr., Auburn, Ala. Robert J. Henderson, Atlanta, Ga. J. F. Hawthorne, Atlanta, Ga. J. F. Holtzelaw, Montgomery, Ala. Eppa Hunton, Warrenton, Va. William P. Hardeman, Austin, Tex. w illiam P. Hardeman, Austin, Te N. H. Harris, Mississippi. R. H. Harriss, Vicksburg, Miss. Richard Harrison, Waco, Tex. George B. Hodge, Kentucky. William J. Hoke, North-Curolina. Alfred Iyerson, Florida. 1. D. Judselen, Surthwoot Vigrini. J. D. Imboden, Southwest Virginia. Henry R. Jackson, Sayannah, Ga. William H. Jackson, Nashville, Tenn. Bradley T. Johnson, Baltimore, Md. George D. Johnston, Charleston, S. C. Robert D. Johnston, Birmingham, Ala. A. R. Johnson, Texas. J. D. Kennedy, Camden, S. C. William H. King, Austin, Tex. William W. Kirkland, New-York. James H. Lane, Auburn, Ala. A. R. Lawton, Savannah, Ga. T. M. Logan, Richmond, Va. Robert Lowry, Jackson, Miss. Walter P. Lane, Marshall, Tex. Joseph H. Lewis, Kentucky.

LIVING CONFEDERATE GENERALS-Continued.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS-Continued. W. G. Lewis, North-Carolina. William McComb, Gordonsville, Va. R. McNair, Hallsville, Miss.
John T. Morgan, U. S. Senate. T. T. Munford, Lynchburg, Va. George Manney, Nashville, Tenn. James G. Martin, North-Carolina. John McCansland, West-Virginia. Henry E. McCulloch, Texas. W. R. Miles, Mississippi. W. R. Miles, Mississippi.
William Miller, Florida.
John C. Moore, Texas.
Francis T. Nichols, New-Orleans, La. RTARCIS T. Nichols, New-Orica R. L. Page, Norfolk, Va. W. H. Payne, Warrenton, Va. W. F. Perry, Glendale, Ky. Roger A. Pryor, New-York, Lucius E. Polk, Tennessee, W. H. Parsons, Texas. N. B. Pearce, Arkansas. E. W. Pettus, Selma, Ala, W. A. Quarles, Clarkesville, Tenn. W. A. Quaries, Charkesvine, Term. B. H. Robertson, Washington, D. C. F. H. Robertson, Waco, Tex. Daniel Russell, Fredericksburg, Va. Daniel Russen, Fredericksburg, George W. Rains, Augusta, Ga. A. E. Reynolds, Mississippi, D. H. Reynolds, Arkansas.

BRIGADIER-GENERALS-Continued. R. V. Richardson, Tennessee. William P. Roberts, Raleigh, N. C Charles A. Renda, Blacksburg, Va. L. S. Ross, College Station, Tex. Joe Shelby, Carthage, Mo. Charles M. Shelly, Alabama F. A. Shoup, Sewanee, Tenn. A. M. Scales, Greensboro, N. C Thomas B. Smith, Nashville, Tenn. G. M. Sorrell, Savannah, Ga. George H. Stewart, Baltimore, Md. Marcellus A. Stovall, Augusta, Ga. Edward L. Thomas, Washington, D. C. W. R. Terry, Richmond, Va. J. C. Tappan, Helena, Ark. Robert B. Vance, Asheville, N. C. A. J. Vaughan, Memphis, Tenn. James A. Walker, Wytheville, Va. D. A. Weisger, Petersburg, Va. G. C. Wharton, New River, Va. Marcus J. Wright, Washington, D. C. Marcus J. Wright, Washington, D. C. G. J. Wright, Griffin, Ga. H. H. Walker, New-York, W. S. Walker, Florida. W. H. Wallace, Columbia, S. C. T. N. Want, Galveston, Tex. John S. Williams, Mourt Sterling, Ky. Zebulon York, Baton Rouge, La.

Wars of the United States.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED.

Wars.	From-	To-	Regulars.	Militia and Volunteers.	Total.
War of the Revolution Northwestern Indian War- War with France. Creek Indian War War of 1812 with Great Britain Seminole Indian War Black Hawk Indian War Cherokee disturbance or removal Cherokee disturbance or removal Florida Indian War	Sept. 19, 1790 July 9, 1798 June 10, 1851 June 18, 1812 Nov. 20, 1817 April 21, 1231 1836 May 5, 1836 Dec. 23, 1835	Aug. 3, 1707 Sept. 30, 1800 June 4, 1403 Aug. 9, 1814 Feb. 17, 1815 Oct. 21, 1518 Sept. 31, 1832 1837 Sept. 30, 1837 Aug. 14, 1843	600 85,000 1,010 1,339	164,080 13,181 471,622 6,911 5,126 9,494 12,483 29,953	309, 781 8, 983 *4, 593 *3, 330 13, 781 576, 622 7, 911 6, 465 9, 494 13, 413 41, 122
Aroostook disturbance War with Mexico Apache, Navajo, and Utah War- Seminole Indian War- Civil Wart	April 24, 1846 1849 1856	1839 July 4, 1845 1855 18:8 1865	30,954 1,500	73.776 1.061 3,687	1,500 112,230 2,561 2,687 2,772,408

^{*} Naval forces engaged.

In the War of 1812-15 there were to battles, 8 combats and assaults, 52 actions and bombardments,

[†] The number of troops on the Confederate side was about 600,000.

In the War of 1872-15, there were to battles, 8 combats and assaults, 23 actions and hombardments. In the Mexican War there were in pitched battles and 35 actions, combats, signes and skimishes. In the Civil War of 1861-65, there were top pitched battles, no combats and 362 actions, sieges and lesser affairs. Since 1872 the United States Array has had over 640 battles, flaths and actions against Indians. Since 1872 there were 912 garrisoned forts, arsenals and military posts in the United States. At the present time (1871) there are 1872 the present time (1871) the states were living a trade of the United States. Of these in cut util life, 292 tools shies with the Union and 80 were in the Confederacy, while 27 are unknown. Of the 8xr in the arms, 6xr shield with the Union, 184 Joned the Confederacy, and to took neither side. Of the 69 who Joined the Confederacy from civil life, all except one, were either born and brought up or were residents of Southern territory. On the other hand, of the 350 graduates of the Winted States. On the graduations who served in the Grill War, one fifth were killed in battle, while one half were wounded.—Lieutenant W. R. Hamilton, U. S. A.

THE ARMY.

		GENE	ERALS.	
Rank.	Name.		'ommands.	Headquarters.
Major General,	John M. Schofield,	United	States Army,	Washington, D. C.
65	Oliver O. Howard,	Departa	nent of the East,	Governor's Island, N. Y.
44	Nelson A. Miles,	Departo	nent of the Missouri,	Chicago, Ill.
Brigadier-General,		Departu	nent of California.	San Francisco, Cal.
	Wesley Merritt,	Departn	nent of Dakota,	St. Paul, Minn.
	David S Stanley,	Departr	nent of Texas,	San Antonio, Tex.
**	John R Brooke,	Departu	nent of the Platte,	Omaha Neb.
46	A. McD. McCook,	Departu	nent of Arizona,	Los Angeles, Cal.
46	A. V. Kautz,	Departs	nent of the Columbia,	Vancouver Bar'ks, Wa-'.
Brigadier-General,	John C Folton	Adinter	it-General,	Washington, D. C.
Brigauler-General,	Richard N. Bachelder.		master-General,	Washington, D C.
44	William S.nita,		ster-General,	Washington, D. C.
66	Beekman Da Barry,		ssary-General,	Washington, D. C.
**	C. Sutherland,		i-General,	Washington, D. C.
44	Adolphus W. Greely,		ignal Otheer,	Washington, D. C.
44	Thomas L. Casev,		f Engineers.	Washington, D. C.
	Jos C Breckinridge,		or-General,	Washington, D. C.
Colonel,	Guido N. Lieber,		Judge Advocate-Gen.,	Washington, D. C.
Colonel,	GENERAL		E RETIRED LIST.	" welling con, D. C.
Name.	Rank. Residen			ank. Residence.
Anone, C. C B	rigGenWashington	D. C.	Johnson, R. WBri	gGen.,St. Paul, Minn,
Baird, Absalom	. Washington	. D. C.	Long, Eli	" Keuka Co l., N. Y.
Berlét, S. V	Washington		Macfeely, R	" Washington, D. C.
Brice, B. W	Washington		Moore, John	" Washington, D. C.
Brown, N. W	" Washington		Murray, Robert	" New-York City.
Carroll, S. SM	laj Gen . Washington	, D. C.	Newton, John	" New-York City,
Cooke, P. St. G. B	rigGenDetroit, Mic	h.	Pope, John Ma	jGenSt. Louis, Mo.
Crawford, S. W.,	New York C	ity.	Potter, J. HBris	zGen . Columbus, O.
Drum, R. C	 Bethesda, M 	d,	Robinson, J. C., Ma	. Gen Binghamton, N. Y.
Duane, James C.	" New-York (ity.	Roche-ter, W. B.Bri	g -Gen Washington, D. C.
Fessenden, F	" Portland, M	e.	Rosecrans, W. S	" . Washington, D. C.
Gibbon, John	" Washington		Ruc .er, D H	" Wa hington, D. C.
Grierson, B II	"Jacksonville			jGenNew-York City.
Hammond, W. A.	" Washington			g. Gen. , Astoria, N. Y.
Hardin, M. D	" Chicago, Ill.		Townsend, E. D	Washington, D. C.
Holabird, S. B	"Philadelphia	ı, Pa.	Willeox, O. B	" Washington, D. C.
Holt, Joseph	" Washington		Wood, T.J	" Dayton, O.
Ingalls, Rufus,	" . Portland, Or	:e	¹ Wright, H. G	" Washington, D. C.

The following are the dates of future retirements of generals now on the active list, to the close of 1835; Brigadler-General Kautz, January 5, 1941; Brigadler-General Stinley, June 7, 1892; Adju-tant-Green's Reformation, June 24, 1891; Commissiry Di Burry, December 4, 1892; Major-General Crown September 8, 1893; Major-General Howard, November 8, 1894; Cliff of Engineers Casey, May 10,

1895; Major-General Schofield, September 29, 1895. ORGANIZATION OF THE ARMY.

The army of the United States, in 1890, consisted of the following forces, in officers and men:

Ten cavalry regiments. Five artillery regiments Twenty five infantry regiments. Engineer Bartation, recruiting parties, ordnanco department, hospital service Indian scouts, West Point, Signal detachment, and general	Officers. 432 282 877	Enlisted Men. 6,050 3,675 12,125	Aggregate. 6,482 3,957 13,002
service	579	3,370	31949
Total	0.110	05.330	27.200

The United States are divided into eight military departments, as follows:

2,739

The United States are divided into eight military departments, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.—New England States, New-York, New-Jersey, Peansylvania, Delawrae, Maryland, Virginia, West-Virginia, North Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Lonisiana, Missis-sipti, Alabema, Kentucky, Tennessee, Olio and the District of Columbia,

DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOUR.—Mischan, Wissonsin, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas,

Arkansas, Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

DEPARTMENT OF CALIFORNIA.—California (excepting that portion south of the 35th parallel) and Nevada.

DEPARTMENT OF DAKOTA. - Minnesota. South-Dakota (excepting so much as lies south of the 44th parallel), North-Dakota, Montana and the post of Fort Yellowstone, Wyo.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXAS .- State of Texas

DEPARTMENT OF THE PLATE.—Howa, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming (excepting the post of Fort Yellowstone, Wyo.), Utth, so much of Idaho as his east of a line formed by the extension of the western boundary of Uta 1 to the northeastern boundary of Idaho, and so much of South-Dakota as lies south of the 44th parallel.

DEPARTMENT OF ARIZONA -Arizona and New-Mexico, and California south of the 35th parallel DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA. -Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Alaska, excepting so much of Idaho as is embraced in the Department of the Platte.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE ARMY.

First Cavalry, Col. A. K. Arnold (Headquarters, Fort Custer, Mont.), Montana, Kansas, North-Dakota, Virginia

virginia Scoul Cavalry, Col. G. G. Hunti (Headquarters, Scoul Cavalry, Col. 4). Arizona, Kansas, New-Jexico. Tricial Caralry, Col. 4. P. Morrow (Headquarters, Fort MeIntosh. Tex.). Texas, South-Dakota. Fourth Cavalry, Col. C. E. Compton (Headquarters, Fort Walla Walla, Wash), Washington, Idado, Califort Walla Walla, Wash).

for Fifth Cavalry, C. l. J. F. Wade (Headquarters, Fort Reno, Oklahoma), Indian Territory, Oklahoma,

Namsas Sixth Canalry, Col. E. A. Carr (Headquarters, Fort Niobrara, Neb.), Nebraska, Wyoming Swonth Country, Col. J. W. Forsyth (Headquarters, Fort Riley, Kao.), Oklahoma Territory, Kausas, E. glith Cacalry, Col. J. S. Brisbin (Headquarters, Fort Meade, S. Dak.), Montana, North and South-

Dakota, Virginia
Ninth Cavalry, Col. James Biddle (Headquarters,
Fort Robinson, Neb.), Nebraska, Utah, Kansas, Virginia. Tenth Cavalry Col. J. K Mizner (Headquarters,

Tenti Cavatry Cot. J. K. Mizner (Headquarters, Fort Grant, Arz.), Arizona, New-Meskie Fort Grant, Arz.), Arizona, New-Meskie First Artillery, Col. L. L. Lingdon (Headquarters, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.), Virginia, New-York, Ilinois, Second Artillery, Col. John Mendenhult (Headquarters, Fort Adams, R. 1), Kansas, Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, Maine, Virginia, New-York, Connecti-

Third Artillery, Col. L. L. Livingston (Headquarters, Washington, D. C.), District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, Texas, Fourth Artillery, Col. H. W. Closson (Headquarter)

ters, Fort McPherson, Ga.), Rhode-Island, Kansas, Virginia, Georgia, Louisiana, Florida Fifth Artillery, Col. W. W. Graham (Headquarters,

Presidio of San Fiancisco, Cal.), Virginia, California, Washington

n asmigum.
First Infantry, Col. W. R. Shafter (Headquarters, Augel Island, Cal.), California.
Second Infantry, Col. Frank Wheaton (Headquarters, Fort Omah, Neb.). Nebraska
Third Infantry, Col. & C. Meon (Headquarters, Third Infantry).

Third Infantry, Col. E. G. Mason (Headquarters, Fort Shelling, Main.), South-Dakota, Minnesota Farth Infantry, Col. William P. Corlin (Headquarters, Fort Sherman, Ida.), Washington, Idaho Fifth Infantry, Col. N. W. Osborne (Headquarters,

St. Francis' Barracks, Fla.), Texas, Louisiana, Florida, Alabama, Kansas.

Sixth Infantry, Col. M. A. Cochran (Headquarters, SIZIM INJUSTICA, CO. M. A. COCKTON (Headquarters, Fort Thomas, Ky.), Kentucky, New-York. Seventh Infustry, Col. H. C. Merruam (Headquarters, Fort Logan, Col.), Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas, Olikhers, Fort Logan, Col.), Colorado, Wyoming, Kansas,

Onsauonna Eighth Infantry, Col. J. J. Van Harne (Headquarters, Fort McKinney, Wyo.), Nebraska, Wwoming, Ninth Infantry, Col. Charles G. Burilett (Headquarters, Madison Barracks, N. Y.), Arizona, New-York.

1 ork.

Tenth Infantry, Col. E. P. Pearson (Headquarters, Fort Marcy, N. M.), New-Mexico, California, Arizona, Kansas, Oklahoma.

Kanisas, Okadionia. Eleventh Infantry, Col. J. D. DeRussey (Head-quarters, Fort Huachuca, Ariz.), New-York, Arizona Twelfith Infantry, Col. E. F. Townsend (Headquarters, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.), North and South-Dates.

cers, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.), North and South-Da-kota, Kansas, Alabama. Thirteenth Infantry, Col. M. Bryant (Headquar-ters, Fort Supply, Indian Terr.), Indian Terr., Okiano-ma Terr.

tex, Fort Supply, Indian Terr.), Indian Terr., Oklamomer Terr.

Soutcenth Infontry, Col. T. M. Anderson (Headmarters, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.), Washington,
Pfitteenth Infontry, Col. R. E. A. Crofton (Headmarters, Fort Sheridan, III) M. M. Blant (Headpuncters, Fort Sheridan, III) M. M. Blant (Headstream of the Color o

Dakota.

Battation of Engineers, Lieut.-Col. W R. King, Headquarters, Willet's Point, N. Y.

ARMY PAY TABLE.

PAY OF OFFICERS IN ACTIVE SERVICE.					PAY OF RETIRED OFFICERS.					
_		Y	ariy Pay			Yearly Pay.				
GRADE.	First 5 years' service.	After 5 years' service.	After 10 years' service.	After 15 years' service,	years'	years'	After 5 years' service.	Atter 10 years' service.	After 15 years' service.	After 20 years' service.
Major-General Brigadier-General Joionel Lieutenant-Colonel Major Captain, mon: ted Cartain, not mounted	3,500 3,000 2,500 2,000 1,800	\$3.850 3.300 2.750 2.200 1.900	\$4 200 3 600 3.000 2 400 2.160	\$4.500 3 900 3.250 2.600 2.340	*\$4500 *4.000 3.500 2,500 2,520	1.875	\$2.887 2.475 2.062 1.6 0	\$3,150 2,700 2,20 1,8.0 1,620	\$3.375 2.925 2.437 1.950 1.755	\$3 375 3.000 2.625 2,100 1,890
Regimental Adjutant Regimental Quartermaster ist Lieutenant, mounted ist Lieutenant, not mounted id Lieutenant, not mounted id Lieutenant, not mounted Chaplain	1,800 1,800 1,600 1 500 1 500 1 4-0	1 985 1 980 1 765 1 650 1,650 1,540 1 650	2.160 2.160 1.920 1.800 1.800 1.800 1.800	2 340 2 340 2.085 1,950 1.825 1.825	2 520 2 520 2 240 2.1-0 2.100 1 960 2,1-0	1.125 1.125 1,050	1.237 1.237 1.155	1.449 1.350 1.350 1.260 1.620	1,560. 1,462 1,462 1,365 1,755	1,680 1,575 1,575 1,470 1,890

^{*} The maximum pay of colonels is limited to \$4,500, and of heutenant-colonels to \$4,000.

THE NAVY.

ADMIRALS.

		ILA LO.	
	ACTIVI	E LIST.	
Rank	. Name. Present	Duty.	Residence.
Rear-Ad	miralLewis A. Kimberly President F	Board Insp	ection and Survey West Newton, Mass.
• •			Atlantic Station F. Ship Philadelphia,
"	George E, Belknap Commandii	ng Asiatic	StationFlag Ship Marion.
**	David B. HarmonyCommandi	ng Asiatic	StationFlag Ship Lancaster.
44	A. E. B. Benham Waiting or	ders	Brooklyn, N. Y.
14	John Irwin Commanda	nt Navy Y	fard Mare Island, Cal.
	RETIRE	D LIST.	
Rank.	Name, Residence.	(Rank.	Name. Residence.
Rear-Ad	Thomas O. Selfridge Washington, D.C.	Rear-Ad.	John C. Febiger Washington, D.C.
**	Samuel Phillips Lee Washington, D.C.		Pierce Crosby Washington, D.C.
44	Melancthon Smith, S.OysterBay, N.Y.	**	Aaron K. Hughes Washington. D.C.
**	Joseph F. Green Brookline, Mass.		Edmund R. Calhoun, Washington, D.C.
**	Henry Walke Brooklyn, N. Y.		Robert W. Shufeldt., Washington, D.C.
44	Thornton A. Jenkins. Washington, D.C.		Alexander C. Rhind., New-York.
**	Augustus L. Case Washington, D.C.	**	William G. TempleWashington, D.C.
"	John L. WordenWashington, D.C.	**	Thomas S Phelps Washington, D.C.
	John J. AlmyWashington, D.C.		Earl English Culpeper, Va.
	Roger N. StembleWashington, D.C.		John H. Upshur Washington, D.C.
	John C. Howell Washington, D.C.		Francis A. Roe Washington, D.C.
44	Daniel AmmenAmmendale, Md.		Samuel R. Franklin., Washington, D.C.
"	George B. BalchBaltimore, Md		Edward Y. McCauley. Philadelphia, Pa.
	Thomas H. StevensWashington, D.C.		John H. Russell Washington, D.C.
**	John M. B. Clitz Brooklyn, N. Y. Andrew Bryson Washington, D.C.		Walter W. Queen Washington, D.C. Daniel L. Braine Brooklyn, N. Y.
4.6	Donald McN. Fairfax. Hagerstown, Md.		Daniel E. DiameDrooklyn, A. 1.
	Donaid Livin Landau Hageretown, Did.		
	соммо	DOKES.	
	ACTIVE	LIST.	
T t.	37		

Rank.		me.		nt Duty.		Residence.
Commodore	James A. (GreerChairma	n Light	House B	oard	Washington, D. C.
**	Aaron W.	WeaverComman	ndant 1	Vavy Yard		Norfolk, Va.
"	Wm. P. M	cCannPresider	it Exam	ining & R	etiring Boards	Washington, D. C.
"	James H. (Gillis Waiting	Orders			Nutley, N. J.
"	*George Bro	ownCommai	nding P	acific Sta	tion	F. S. San Francisco.
64	*John G. W	alker Comman	ading S	outh Atla	ntic Station	Flag Ship Chicago.
44	Francis M.	Ramsay. Chief B	ireau N	avigation		Washington, D. C.
4.	Joseph S.	SkerrettComma	ndant N	lavy Yar	1	. Washington, D. C.
"	Joseph Fy	ffe Comma	ndant N	Vaval Stat	ion	New London, Ct.
**	Oscar F. S	tanton Governo	r Nava	l Home		Philadelphia.
* Acting I	Rear Admiral.					
		RE	TIRED L	IST.		
Porm la	Maria	Pari-lance		D 1.	37	D. / Jan

Louis C. Sartori. Philadelphia, Pa. Albert G. Clary Leave of Absence. Wm. E. Hopkins...Fresuo City, Cal.

Residence.
Conn.....Somerville Nicholson Washington, D.C.
"Wm. D. Whiting, Brooklyn, N. Y.
"Oscar C. Badger, Washi gron, D.C.
"Wm. K. Mayo. Washington, D.C.

MARINE CORPS.

The United States Marine Corps consists of a force of 2,000 men. Colonel Charles Hayward is commandant. NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

The Naval Retiring Board is composed of Commodore W. P. McCann, President; Medical Directors W. C. Dean and Michael Bradley, and Commanders S. W. Terry and Henry Glass.

NAVY YARDS.

Com..... Henry Bruce....... Boston, Mass. Samuel Lockwood . . . Roxbury, Mass.

٠.

- Brooklyn Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Charlestovu Navy Yard, Boston, Mass.
 Gosport Navy Yard, near Norfolk, Va.
 Kittery Navy Yard, opposite Portsmouth, N.H.
 Edgue, elsiand Navy Yard, 7 miles below Phila
 - delphia, Pa 6. Mare Island Navy Yard, near San Francisco,
- 7. New-London Naval Station, New-London, Ct.
- 8. Pensacola Navy Yard, Pensacola, Fla.
- 9. Washington City Navy Yard, Washington, D C.
- 10. Norfolk Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

There are naval stations at New-London, Ct., Port Royal, S. C., and Key West, Fla., and a torpedo station and naval war college at Newport, R. I.

THE NAVY-Continued.

THE NEW UNITED STATES NAVY,

	0. 111	Ma-	Displace-	Speed,	Horse-	Armament.
VESSELS.	Condition.	terial.	Tons.	Knots.	Power.	Armament.
ARMORED VESSELS.	Built	Luca	3,815	10.5	1,600	Link aRF AMC
Miantonomah New-York			8,150	20	16,500	4 10 in., 2 R F, 4 M G. 568 in., 124 in. R F, 86 in. R F,
		۱		16		4 1 pdr., 4 M G.
Monterey	i		4,000		5,400	3 pdrs., 2 R F, 2 M G,
Massachusetts	Building	" …	10,298	16.2	9,000	(41 pdr., 4 M G. (212 in., 210 in., 66 pdrs., 4 (3 pdrs., 2 R F, 2 M G. (413 in., 8 8 in., 4 6 in., 28 R F) (413 in., 8 8 in., 4 6 in., 28 R F)
Oregon	"	"	10,298	16.2	9,000	4 13 1h., 8 8 lh., 4 6 lh., 28 K F
Texas	Built	"	6,300	17	8,600	2 12 in., 46 tons B L R, 66 in., 8 R F, 4 millimetres
Maine	"	"	6,648	17	9,000	1 8 R F. 17 millimetres.
Puritan		"	6,060	13	3,700	(4 12 in., 25 tons B L R, 4 R F, 4 millimetres,
Amphitrite	"	"	3,815	12	1,600	(4 to in., 25 tons B L R, 2 R F, 4 millimetres,
Monadnock	"	"	3,815	12	1,600	4 millimetres, 4 nillimetres, 4 millimetres, 4 nillimetres, 4 millimetres,
Terror		"	3,815	12	1,600	1 14 io in., 25 tons B L K, 2 K F,
Cruising Monitor	Building	"	3,130	17	7,500	1 12 10 in., 16 in., 6 R F, 1 15 in.
Pirate		. "	8,150	20	16,500	68 in., 12 4 in. B L R, 16 R F G. 2 15 in. S B.
Ajax			1,875	6	340 340	None,
Canonicus			2,100	6	340	2 15 in, S B.
Catskill	**	**	1.875	6	3.10	2 15 ln. S B.
Jason	**	:	1,875	6		2 15 in. S B.
Lehigh		***	1,875	6	340 340	2 15 in. S B. 2 15 in. S B.
Mahopac			2,100	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Montauk		;; ;;.	1,875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Nahant	**	44	1.875	6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Nantucket	44		1.875	7 6	340	2 15 in. S B.
Passaic	"		1,875	6		2 15 in. S B.
Wyandotte	Building	Steel	2,100	17	340 4,800	2 15 in. S B. Not yet settled.
UNARMORED VESSELS.		ı	"			(4 8 In., 8 6 in., 2 s in. B L R.
Chicago			4,500	14	5,084	{4 8 in., 8 6 in., 2 5 in. B L R, 12 R F.
Boston			3,189	15 6 15.6	4,030	28 in., 66 in. B L R, 12 R F. Same as Boston.
Dolphin			1,485	15.5	2.240	L. Gir. DID ORE
Newark	14	**	4.083	18	8,500	126 in. B L R, 16 R F. 28 in., 66 in. B L R, 4 R F. 4 M G. 48 in., 66 in. B L R, 14 R F. 126 in. B L R, 17 R F. 20 in. B L R, 17 R F.
Charleston	**	**	3.730	18	7,520	28in., 66 in. B L R, 4 R F, 4 M G.
Baltimore			4.600	19.5	10,064	48m., 66m. BL R. 14 K F.
San Francisco			4.083	20.7 19.6	10,400	Nume as San Francisco
Philadelphia Cruiser No. 6. 7 Raleigh Mobile	Building		4,324 5,500	20	13,500	48 in., 10 5 in. B L R, 24 R F.
7	Dandingin	**	3,185	10	10 000	liftin to a in B L R ti R F.
Raleigh			3.893	19	10,000	16 in., 10 4 in. B L R, 14 R F. 26 in., 84 in. B L R, 10 R. F. Same as Mobile.
Mobile	"		2,000	17	5,400	2 0 m., 8 4 m. B L K, 10 K. F.
Detroit		***	2,000	17	5.400	
Cruiser No. 11			2,000	21	5,400	1 8 in., 2 6 in., 12 4 in. B L R, 28 R F.
" 12 GUN-BOATS,		"	7,400	21	21,000	
Yorktown	Built	"	1,700	16.6	3,660	6 6 in. B L R. 9 R F. 6 6 in. B L R. 4 R F. 5 M G. 6 6 in., 4 R F. 5 M G. 4 6 in. B L R. 7 R F. 8 4 in. B L R. 8 R F.
Concord			1,700	16	3,400	6 6 in. B L R, 4 R F, 5 M G.
Bennington			1,700	16	3,400	10 0 III., 4 K F, 5 M G.
PetrelNo. 5		***	890 1,050	11.5	1,045	IS TIN BER SEF.
" б	Landing	· :::	1,050	14	1,600	Same as No. 5.
SPECIAL CLASS. Practice Cruiser	Building	٠	838	13	1,300	4 4 in. B L R, 7 R F
Vesuvius	Built	1 **	725	21.5	3.795	3 15 in. Dynamite, 3 R F.
Vesuvius Dynamite Cruiser	Building		123			4 4 in. B L R, 7 R F. 3 15 in. Dynamite, 3 R F. Not settled. Not settled. Not settled.
		1	1			Not settled.
Torpedo Cruiser	D	, ;··		::		Not settled.
Cushing*	Billit	Steel	31 116	18 22.5	35G 1,720	2 t pdr. R F.
No. 2*	Building	steet		22.5	1.720	3 1 pdr. R F. Not settled.

^{*} Torpedo hoats. R F, Rapid Fire Gun. B L R, Breach-loading Rifle. M G, Machine Gun.

THE OLD NAVY.

In addition to the above, the Navy possesses 59 iron and wooden sailing and steam vessels, tugs, school-ships, etc. Of these, 30 are in commission.

United States Military Academy at West Doint.

Each Congressional District and Territory—also the District of Columbia—is entitled to have one cadet at the Academy, the cadet to be named by the Representative in Congress. There are also ten appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the 1 mid States. The number of students is thus limited to three hundred and forty-seven. At present there are two extra cadets at the Academy, who were authorized by Congression and the contraction of the contraction of the congression of the contraction of the contr

the Academy, the cadet to be named by the Representative in Congress. There are also ten appointments at large, specially conferred by the Pressient of the Intel States. The number of students is thus limited to the Congress to cate it is the property of the Congress to cate it is the property of the Congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the Congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the Congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the congress to cate it is their own present the cate of the congress to cate it is the cate of the congress to cate it is the cate of the congress to cate it is the cate of the c

United States Naval Academy at Annavolis.

THERE are allowed at the Academy one naval cadet for each member or delegate of the United States House of Representatives, one for the District of Columbia, and then at large. The appendix of the Columbia and then at large. The appendix of the Representatives, one for the District of Columbia, and then at large. The appendix of the March 1 and the Arch 2 made on the District of Columbia is made by the President. The Secretary of the Navy, as soon after March 2 made on the Arch 2 made on the President Columbia and the Arch 2 made on the President Columbia and the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made of the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made of the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made of the Arch 2 made on the Arch 2 made of the Arch 2 made on the Arc they are nominated.

The course of mark cases, by the Secretary. Candidates has be actual residents of the districts from what the course of mark casted is six years, the last two of which are spent at sea, Candidates at the time of their examination for admission must be not under fifteen nor over twenty years of age and physically sound, well formed, and of robusts condition. They enter the Academy immediately after passing the president examinations, and are required to sign articles binding themselves to serve in the United States Navy eight years including the time of probation at the Navia Academy, unless sooned discharged. The pay of a naval cadet is five hundred dodates a vear, beginning at the dat of admission, the lower grades of the Line and Engineer Corps of the Navy and of the Marine Corps are made from the naval cadets, promises of the vear at the conclusion of their six years' course, in the order of merit as determined by the Academy Licentification of their six years' course, in the order of merit as determined by the Academy and competitive who do not receive such appointments fare given a certificate of graduation, on home side discharge, and one year's sea pay. The Academy was founded in Righ ythe Hon, decore Buneroff, See stery of the Navy in the admission of President Folk. It was formally opened October to of that year, with Commander Franklin Buchaman as Superintended taxed in Eq., it is unfar the was removed from Annapolis, Mai, to Newport, R.L. but and Superintendent.

Phythian, U. S. N., is the present Superintendent.

Generals Commanding the United States Army.

,	From	To		From	То		From	To
George Washington* Henry Knox*	1783	1784	James Wilklnson‡ Henry Dearborn*	1812	1815	Henry W. Halleck* Ulysses S. Grant†	1864	1864 1869
Josiah Harmer	1791 1706	1795	Alexander Macomb* Winfield Scott* George B. McClelian*.	1828	1841	William T. Shermant Philip H. Sheridant John M. Schofield*	1-83	1883 185 8

* Rank of Major-General, † General, ‡ Brigadier-General, Josiah Harmer was a Lieutenant-Colonel and General-in-Chief by brevet.

Soldiers' Bomes.

LOCATIONS OF HOMES FOR DISABLED UNITED STATES SOLDIERS AND SAILORS, AND REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THEM.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL HOME.

Branches.	Location.	No. of Members	Branches.	Location.	No. of Members.
Central	Dayton, O Milwaukee, Wis			Santa Monica, Cal Marion, Ind	
Easte nSouthern	Togus, Me	1,607 2,604	Total		13,928

Above is average number present in National Home for year ending June 30, 1891. Total num ber cared for in National Home during same period, 21,157.

NOTIFICATION.

All disabled soldiers and sailors of the United States—whether of the late war or the Mexican War—are All disabled soldiers and sailors of the United States—whether of the late war or the Mexican War—are notified that homes have been established at the places above-named, for all such as are mable to care a living by labor. All the ordinary comforts of a home are provided—chapels for religious service, halls for concert, but the specific of the surprise of the provided of the property of the service, halls for concert, and said of the service of the se

apply personally, or by letter, at the branch nearest to his place of residence.

1. An honorable discharge from the Engineering representations.
2. Disability which prevents the applicant from carning his living Rebellion or Mexican War.
2. Disability which prevents the applicant from carning his living by labor.
3. Applicants for admission will be required to stupulate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by their order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the officers of the Hones. Attention is called to the fact that by the law establishing the Home the members are made subject to the Rules and Arbeles of War, and will be governed thereby in the same as if they were in the Army of the United States. Applicates must state whether or not they have been in a home before.

been in a home before.

4. A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his Discharge Paner, and when he is a pensioner his Pension Certificate, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him, and returned to him when he is idectarged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder transdulent practices; and application will be considered unless these papers be sent withit. If the original discharge content can be a compared to the property of the distance of the State, must accompany the application. On admission he must also transfer his Pension Certificate to the Hone, and the moneys secured thereby, and empower the treasure of the Boneto draw the said moneys, and to hold an application must be the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers. Pensioners receiving over \$16.00 moneys and have been secured to the Board of Managers of said National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers. Pensioners receiving over \$16.00 moneys and have been application.

REGULATIONS GOVERNING PAYMENT OF PENSIONS.

The pensions to be paid to the beneficiaries of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, under

the act approved February 26, 1881, making appropriations for the parment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the fiscal year ending June 20, 1882, etc., shall be field by the treasurers of the branches, and be paid over to the pensioners at such times and in such amounts as the Governors may direct, with the following reservations A pensioner having a wife, child or parent dependent upon him may send, or may direct that all of his

pension money shall be sent to such dependent relative.

The Governors may prevent a burtful or wasteful or extravagant use of the pension money in any case by

retaining a sufficient amount until in their opinion the danger of harm or waste or extravagance has passed; any balance due the pensioner at the date of his death shall be paid to his lawful heirs.

STATE HOMES FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

STATE.	Location.	No. of Members.	STATE.	Location.	No. of Members.
Connecticut Illinois Iowa Kansas Massachusetts. Michigan Minnesota	Yountville. Noroton Quincy Marshalltown Dodge City Chelsea. Grana Rapids Minnehaha	353 30 103 463 134	New-York Ohio Pennsylvania Rhode-Island South-Dakota Vermont	Kearney Bath Sandusky Erie Bristol Hot Springs Bennington Waupaca	1,058 595 423 39 58
	Grand Island				5,292

SOLDIERS' HOMES-Continued.

STATISTICS OF SOLDIERS' HOM	ES FOR THE	FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1891.	
1	1591.		1891.
Average number of members present,		Pensioners, number, National Homes	11,190
National Homes	13,931	Pensions, amount, National Homes,	\$1,421,841.76
Ayerage present and absent, National	_1	Average amount of pension, National	Ι,
Homes.	17.528	Honies	127.06
Whole number cared for, National Homes	21,157	Amount reported as sent to families	1
Deaths, National Homes	1,026		
Average age of number cared for, Nation-		Homes	327,000.31
al Homes	57-47	Amount paid pensioners direct, National	
Average age of those who died, National		Homes	1,046,147.03
Homes	63.44	Average number present in State Homes	\$520,697.85
Amount expended for support of Home		Amount paid State Homes	\$520,697.85
less construction and repairs, National		Average number present for the year in	
Homes	\$1,943,385.04	National and State Homes	19,106
Annual cost of maintenance of each man,	,		
National Homes	F30.50		J

National Homes. 139.50 UNITED STATES HOME FOR REGULAR ARMY SOLUIERS.

The United States Soldiers Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged soldiers of the regular army. All soldiers who have served twenty years as enlisted men in the army (including volunteer service, if any), and all soldiers of less than twenty years's service who have incurred such disability, by wounds, disease, or injuries in the live of duty while in the regular army, as mults them for further service, are entitled to the benefits of the Home.

A pensioner who enters the Home may assign his pension, or any part of it, to his child, wife or parent, by fling written notice with the agent who pays him. If not so assigned, it is drawn by the treasurer of the Home and held in trust for the pensioner, to whom it is paid in such sunor as the commissioners deem proper while he is an immate of the Home, the balance being paid in full when he takes his discharge and leaves the Home. Inmates are subject to the rules and articles of war, the same as soldiers in the army. They are comfortably lodged, 1red and clothed, and receive medical attendance and medicines all without cost to them. There are 1,250 men now receiving the benefits of the Home.

The Board of Commissioners consist of "the General-in-Chief commanding the army, the Surgeon-General, the Commissioners consisted the Adjutant-General, the Quartermaster-General, the Judge Advocate-General and the Governor of the Home,"

Applications for admission to the Hone may be addressed to the "Board of Commissioners, Soldiers Home, War Department, Washington City, D. C.," and must give date of enlistment and date of discharge, with letter of company and number of regiment for each and every term of service, and rate of pension, if any, and must be accompanied by a medical certificate showing nature and degree of disability, if any exists.

The State Militia of the States of the Union.

STRENGTH OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND OF THE AVAILABLE ARMS-BEARING POPU-LATION OF EACH OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES.

COMPILED for THE WORLD ALMANAC from records in the War Department up to October 1, 1891, by Lientenant W. R. Hamilton, Fifth Artillery, U. S. A.

States and Terri- tories,	lufantry.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Total Enlisted	Total Commissioned.	Number of Men available for Mili- tary Pany (unor- ganized).	STATES AND TERRITORIES.	Infantry.	Cavalry.	Artillery.	Total Enlisted	Total Commissioned.	Number of Men available for Mili- tary duty (unor- ganized.)
Alabama	2,429	236	186.	2,671	283	160,000	Nebraska	1,143	5.4	65	1,257	87	113,500
Arizona	2.6			286	21	14,950	Nevada	440		74	514	51	11,178
Arkansas	2,115			2,118	202	125,000	New-Hampshire.	879	53	68	1,000	105	34,000
California	3,293	56	870	3,954	3-6	130.352	New-Jersey	3,080			3.959	300	254,800
Colorado	708			7.38	72	85,000	New-Mexico	350	382		762	73	30.000
Connecticut	2,545		68	2,614	243	90,834	New-York	12,491	0.5	36	12,937	718	650,000
Delaware	428	118		540	58	38,000	North-Carolina	1,252	35		1,317	161	225,000
D. of Columbia	251	43	35	1,329	146	42,000	North-Dakota	455			455	58	36,178
Florida	933	528	27	960	833	47.705	Ohio	4.176	60	500	4,736	374	600,000
Georgia	2,933		135	3,656	3 4	264,021	.Oregon	1,441	75	45	1,564	137	43.824
Idaho	252			308	26	10,000	Pennsylvania	7.365	163	219		588	692,194
Illinois	3.567	47	108	3.722	323	542,621	Rhode Island	1.029	93	€3		142	47.000
Indiana	1,965	23	178	2,100	176	451,075	South-Carolina	2,917	1,269	518	4,704	509	116,000
1-wa	2.401			2,521	210	233,968	South-Dakota	410			450	43	60,000
Kansas	1,6:6		51	1.7:7	152	225,000	Tennessee	1.235	3	2:2	1,525	146	263,000
Kentucky	1,199			1,199	72	355,000	Texas	2,207	115	123	2,445	243	300,000
Louisiana	1,173	152	239	1,564	101	138,439	Vermont	709			709	75	44,164
Maine	1,007			1,007	83	97,503	Virginta	2,103	283	200	2,587	202	220,000
Maryland	1,654			1.554	182		Washington	929	III		1,040	105	59 600
Massachus etts	4,087	217	311	4,615	375	330,601	West-Virginia	756			7:6	92	90,000
Michigan	2,324		1::::	2,324	110	314,688	Wisconsin	2,347	53	63	2,463	196	286,289
Musiesota Mississippi	1,627		128	1,755	152	152,000	Wyoming	227			227	16	12,200
Missouri	1.887	175	175	1,470 2,007	154	350,000	ff -4 - 1						0.760.176
Montana	485	77		619	153	31,050	Total	92,203	4.554	5,224	101,981	9,311	9,700,150
Montana	405	///	2/1	019	50	31,030	1	,		٠		•	,

United States Pension Statistics.

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLLS JUNE 30, 1891.

	Uni	ER THE (SENERAL I	LAW.	Under	тнв Аст	of June 9	7, 1890.			
Agencies.	AR	MY.	Na	vy.	An	MY.	N.a	VY.		No. of Pensioners on the Rolls June 30, 1890.	
	Invalids.	Widows,	Invalida.	Widows,	Invalids.	Widows,	Invalids.	Widows,	30, 1891.		
Columbus, O	46.303	11.962			11,707	1.406			72,862	56,233	
Topeka, Kan	37,178	6.929			13 856				62,550	44. 81	
Indianapolis, Ind	42,491	8.821			4.481	652			57 771	5. 165	
Chicago, Ill		8,475	1,145	343		851	937	2.11		44.64%	
Washington, D. C	24 84	4.972	9-0	548		913		206	46,001	32 913	
Des Moines, Ia	28 530	4.563			5.939	516			40,541	32,261	
Boston, Mass	20.214	9,066	1,530	774	3,084	939	752	361		31 021	
Philadelphia, Pa	19 601	7,311	816	414			582	270		29,3.6	
Buffalo, N. Y	23,405				3.991	587			36 317	30 609	
Milwaukee, Wis	25 152	1.895			3,906				34.941	29,053	
Detroit, Mich	23 773				4 278	430			33,867	27 143	
Knoxville, Tenn					6,286		*****	*****	32,516	25.230	
New-York, N. Y			790	455	3,567	947	684	335		25,927	
Pittsburgh, Pa	19. 84	5.407			5,938	534			32,020	21 hg2	
Louisville, Ky	11,318				4.327	438			21,440	16 023	
Concord, N. H	11,904				1,049				17.139	15,427	
Augusta, Me	10,773		******		774	174	*****	*****		14.:65	
San Francisco, Cal	5.215	7.0	179	34	1,252	107	97	23	I:,337	8,418	
Total	413.597	108,560	5.449	2,:08	97.136	12.209	3,976	1,436	676,160	537-944	
Increase during year	20,788	4.104	175	158	97,137	12,209	3,976	1.436	138,216		

Pensoners of the War of 1812—survivors, 284; wildows, 7,590. Pensoners of the war with Mexico-survivors, 16,379; wildows, 6,070.

NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1861-of.

	ARMY AN	ND NAVY.	Total	Total	NUMBER OF	PENSIONER	S ON THE	Disbursement.	
FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30.	Claims .	Allowed.	Number of Applica- tions Filed.	Number of Claums Allowed.		Roll.			
	Invalids.	Widows, etc.	tions Filed.	Allowed.	Invalids.	Widows,	Total.		
1861				****	4.337	4.299	8,636	\$1,072,461.55	
1862	413	49	2,487	462	4.341	3,818	8.1-9	790 384.76	
1863	4,121	3,763	49.332	7,884	7,821	6.970	14.791	1,025,130.01	
1864	17,041	22,446	53.599	39.487	23.479	27,656	51.135	4,504 610 92	
1865	15,212	24,959	72,684	40,171	35 880	50,106	85,9:6	8,525,153.11	
1866	22.883	27,294	65 256	50.177	55,652	71,070	120,722	13.4:0,000.43	
1867	16,589	19,893	36,753	36.482	69.565	83,618	1=3 183	18,619 9:6.16	
1868	9,465	19,461	20.768	28,921	75-957	93,686	160 643	24.010.081.00	
1860	7,292	15 904	26,066	23.196		1 5,1 4	187.963	28.422.884.68	
1870	5 721	12.500	24.8:1	18,221	87.521	111,165	198,686	27,780 811.51	
1871	7.934	8.399	43.969	16,:62	93,394	1141-1	207 495	33.077.383 63	
1872	6 468	7.244	26 391	34.333	113.954	118 275	232.229	30,169,341.00	
1873	6.551	4,073	18.303	16,052	119 500	118 911	238.411	29,185,289.62	
1874	5,937	3.152	16.734	10,462	121,625	114 613	236, 241	30,593,710.56	
1875	5,760	4.736	18,704	11,152	122,989	H1.832	234,521	29.683,116.63	
1876	5,360	4.376	23.523	9,977	124.230	107.898	232,137	28.351.500 60	
1877	7,282	3,861	22,715	11,326	128,723	103.381	232,104	28,580,157.1	
1878	7,414	3,550	44. 87	11,062	131,610	92.349	223,008	26,844,415 18	
1879	7.242	3,379	57,118	31,346	138.615	104,140	242,755	33,750,526.10	
1886	10,176	4.455	141,466	19,545	145 410	105,302	250,802	57, 240, 540, 14	
1881	21.304	3.920	31,116	27,394	164,110	104,720	268,840	50 626,433 51	
1582	22,045	3,999	40 939	27.664	182.633	103 064	284,607	54,296,280,51	
18-3	32,014	5,303	1 48,776	38.162	206 042	97,616	303 6:8	60,131,972.85	
1884	27,414	6,366	41,785	34,102	225,470	97,286	323.756	57, 273, 536, 74	
1885	27.580	7.743	40 918	35,767	247,146	97,979	345 128	6=,603,706,72	
1886	31.937	8,610	49.895	40.857	270,346	95,437	361,783	64 = 84, 270 45	
1887	35 283	11,217	72,465	55.104	306,298	99.719	4-6,007	74.815 486 85	
1888	35,843	10,816	75,726	60,2-2	343.701	168,856	412 557	70 646, 146, 37	
1889	36,830	11,924	81,220	51,021	373 600	116 26	489 725	80,131,068 14	
1890	50,395	14,612	105.044	66 637	415.654	122,200	537 944	106,493,890 19	
1891	41,381	11,914	363 799	156.486	536.821	130 330	676 160	118,548,010.71	

UNITED STATES PENSION STATISTICS .- Continued,

PENSION AGENCIES, PENSION AGENTS, AND GEOGRAPHICAL LIMITS, JUNE 30, 1891.

AGENCIES.	Agents.	Geographical Limits.	Pay-Places Naval Pensioners.	Disbursements.
Augusta	Joseph A. Clark	Maine	Boston	\$2.821,409
Bostoli	William H. Osborne.	Connecticut, Mass., Rhode Island. Western New-York	Boston	6,447,082 6,440,380
Chicago	Is one Clements	Illinois	Chicago	9.457,983
Columbus	John G. Mitched	Ohio	Chicago	13 064,587
Concord	Thomas P. Cheney	New-Hampshire, Vermont	Boston	2.937,928
Des Montes	Stephen A. Marine	Iowa, Nebraska	Chicago	6,887,752
Detroit	Edward II, Harvey	Michigan	Chicago	6,145,508 10,632,130
Knoxyalle	Wichigas Ensiey	Indiana. Southern States*	Washington	5,482.107
Louisville	C. J. Walten	Kentucky.	Chicago	4.027 711
Milwaukce	Levi E. Pond	Minnesota, Dakotas, Wisconsin.,	Chicago	5.968,320
New-York	F. C. Loveland	East New-York, East New-Jersey.	New-York City	5 647,834
Philadelphia	W. H. Shelmire	East Pa., West New-Jersey	Philadelphia	6,036,486
Fittsourgh	H II. Bengough	West Pennsylvania Pacific Coast	Phnadelphia	5,1.9 788
Toneka	Bernard Kelly	Colorado, Kansas, Mo., N. Mexico.	Chicago	10.732.710
Washington	Sidney L. Wilson	Del., Md., Virginia, W. Virginia†.	Washington	9.016,769
T. Aul	I		1	A O O

Total.

*Excepting the States in the Louisville and Washington districts. † Also the District of Comming and foreign countries. The expenses of pension agencies in disbursing the pension tund during the fiscal year were \$4,59,787. This is independent of the expense of maintaining the presson bureau at Washington.

PENSIONERS IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY.

Alabama	2.065 Idaho	5371	Michigan	34,447	N. Carolma	2.197	Utah Ter	5.1.1
Alaska	14 Illimois	49.711	Minnesota	10.873	North-Dakota	977	Utah Ter Vermont	8,:66
Arizona	289 Indiana					75.495	Virginia	5,256
Arkansas	5.994 Indian Ter	1 022	Missouri	33,133	Oktahona	1 387	Washington	2 885
California	8,0 4 Iowa					2 263	West Virgima.	9 707
	3 351 mansas					63 986	Wisconsin	20,069
	8.713 Kentucky					2,889	Wyoming	364
Delieware	1.764 Louisiana	1.700	N. Hampshire	7-7-7	S, Carolina	814	Foreign coun's	2,646
Dist. of Col.	6.132 Mame,	17.610	New Jersey	13,375	South-Dakota	3 572		
	1 343 Maryland							676,160
Georgia	1.071 Mass	25,953	New-York	60.325	l'exas	5.270		1

The oldest pensioner on the rolls, June 30, 1891, was Mrs. Anne Hyde, of Fishkill, N. Y., aged 102 years.

WILDOWS OF PEVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS ON DENSION POLICE HINE.

NAME OF WIDOW.
Al trich, Lovey, helz, Elbaneth, iown, Marye, Dolardy, Sarah, Damon, Estler S, Damon, Estler S, Damon, Lestler S, Damon, Lestler S, Damond, Jathe Green, Mancy A, Heath, Saily, hores, Mancy A, Heath, Saily, Morse, Lucy, Rains, Nancy, Rains, Nancy, Rains, Nancy, Sinth, Meridy, Sheath, Mary, Sheath, Mary, Sheath, Mary, Sheath, Mary, Weatherman, Nancy, Voung, Ann Mara,

It will be seen that it is possible that the widow of a Revolutionary soldier may be drawing a pen year 1918. For a similar reason the widow of a veteran of the late Civil War may be living in 2002.

PENSIONS TO WIDOWS OF PRESIDENTS AND FEDERAL OFFICERS.

The widows of Presidents Grant and Garfield receive annual pensions of \$5,000 each. The following is a list of widows of prominent officers of the army and navy receiving pensions:

NAME.	Rank, Husband.	Am't.		NAME.		Rank, Husband.	Am't.
Mrs. George H. Thomas.,	Major-General	\$2,000	Mrs.	E. O. C.	Ord	Major-General	\$1,200
Mrs. W. S. Hancock	Major-General	2,000	Mrs.	Robert .	Anderson	Brigadier-General.	1.200
Mrs. John A. Logan	Major-General	2,000	Mrs.	George 1	I. Stannard	Major-General	1,200
Mrs. Francis P. Blair	Major-General	2.00:	Mrs.	Gabriel 1	R. Paul	Brigadier-General	1.200
Mrs. P. II, Sheridan	General	2 000	Mrs.	James 1	3. Ricketts	Brigadier-General	1.200
Mrs. John C. Fremont	Major-General	2 000	Mrs.	J. W. A.	. Nicholson	Rear-Admiral	1 200
Mrs. Geo. B. McClellan	Major-General	2,000	Mrs.	L. H. R.	disseau	Brigadier-General	1.200
Mrs. George Crook	Major-General	2,000	Mrs.	John F.	. Hartranft	Brigadier-General	1,200
Mrs. James Shields	Brigadier-General	1.200	Mrs.	Roger .	Jones	Colonel	I 200
Mrs. S. Heintzelman	Major-General	1,200	Mrs.	G. K. W	arren	Major-General	1.2.0
Mrs. David McDougal			Mrs.	David D	. Porter	Admiral	2,500

MEMORIAM.

Geo. H. Thomas, Major-General U. S. A., Army of the Cumberland, died March 28, 1870.

D. G. Farragut, Admiral U. S. N., died August 14, 1870.

Geo. G. Meade, Major-General U. S. A., Army of the Potomac. died November 6, 1872.

Geo, A. Custer, Major-General U. S. A., died June 9, 1876.

Joseph Hooker, Major-General U. S. A., Army of the Potomac. died October 31, 1879.

S. P. Heintzelman, Major-General U. S. A., Army of the

Potomac, died May 1, 1880.

James A. Garfield, Major-General U. S. V., Army of the Cumberland, died September 19, 1881.

Ulysses S. Grant, General U. S. Army, died July 23, 1885.

George B. McClellan, Major-General U. S. V., Army of the Potomac, died October 29, 1885.

Winfield S. Hancock, Major-General U. S. Army, died Feb-

ruary 9, 1886.

John A. Logan, Major-General U. S. V., Army of the Cumberland, died December 26, 1886.

General Quincy A. Gilmore, died April 7, 1888. General Philip H. Sheridan, died August 5, 1888. Major-General Chas. K. Graham, died April 15, 1889. Major-General John F. Hartranft, died October 17, 1889. Major-General Henry J. Hunt, died February 11, 1889. Major-General George Crook, died March 21, 1890. Major-General Robert C. Schenck, died March 23, 1890. Major-General John A. Dix. died 1890. Maior-General John C. Fremont, died July 13, 1890. Admiral David D. Porter, died February 13, 1891. General William T. Sherman, died February 14, 1891, Brigadier-General Henry A. Barnum, died 1891.

DIED ON THE FIELD OF HONOR.

Philip Kearney, Major-General U.S. V., September 1, 1862, Chantilly, Va.

J. L. Reno, Major-General U. S. V., 3d Army Corps, Septem-

ber 14, 1862, South Mountain, Md.

John F. Reynolds, Major-General U. S. V., 1st Corps, Gettysburg, Pa., July 1, 1863.

John Sedgwick, Major General U. S. V., 6th Corps, Spottsyl-

vania, Va., May 8, 1864.

J. B. McPherson, Major-General U. S. V., Army of the Tennessee, Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1864.

MORNING CUNS.

DEPARTURE OF TROOPS IN 1861.

In 1861 the departure of our troops, the display of the flag, the wild frenzy that shook the nation, were the chief topics of thought and conversation, the chief hint toward action. It is not too much to say that blood was at fever heat; it fairly boiled and seethed in everybody's veins. The papers were filled with stories, reports, rumors, guesses, forebodings, and predictions.

To-day the veterans look back with pride and pleasure to those dark days of `61, and recall the memories of their soldier life.

Is it any wonder that the Grand Army are bound together by such strong ties when you take into consideration that

"We have shared our blankets and tents together,
And have marched and fought in all kinds of weather,
And hungry and full we have been;
Had days of battle and days of rest,
But the memory I cling to and love the best,
We have drunk from the same canteen."

RECOLLECTIONS OF A VETERAN.

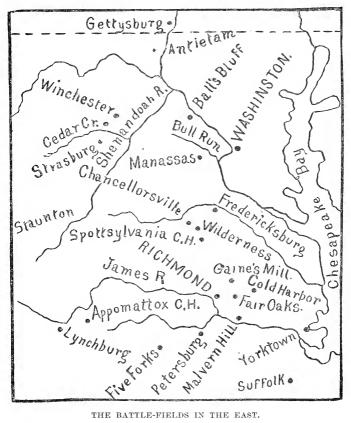
Uprising at the North, Call to Arms, Soldier's Farewell, March to the Front, Tenting on the Old Camp Ground, School of the Soldier, Drummer's Call, Morning Gun, Reveille, Roll Call, The Mess, Falling in for Rations, the Camp-fire, Drill, Battalion Review, Bugle Call, Dress Parade, Guard Mount, The Countersign, Grand Rounds, Arrival of the Mail, Do They Miss Me at Home, Marching through Georgia, The Assembly, Skirmish Line, Just Before the Battle, Commence Firing, Rifle Shots, The Battle, Cease Firing, Victory, After the Battle, The Flag of Columbia, Tramp, Tramp, Battle Cry of Freedom, Glory Hallelujah, Kingdom Coming, Return of the Veteraus, When Johnny Comes Marching Home, Grand Review, The Return Home, The Vacant Chair, The Grand Army of the Republic, Tattoo, Taps, Lights Out.

RECORD OF THE UNION ARMY AND SOME OF ITS CRACK RECIMENTS.

A RECENT LOOK OVER THE SECTIONS MADE FAMOUS BY GREAT FIGHTING.

Recently, on looking over the maps showing the scenes of the war in the East and in the West, I was surprised at the narrow-

ness of the area in each section where the heaviest fighting and the most engagements took place. In the East the bloody ground was between Gettysburg, Pa., on the north and Suffolk, Va., on the south, the western limit on a line drawn through Lynchburg, and the eastern through Norfolk. In this district, about 150 miles broad and 200 miles long, occurred thirteen bat-



THE BATTLE-FIELDS IN THE EAST.

tles, where the Union loss in killed outright numbered over 50, 000, and the aggregate of Union killed and wounded was over 120,000. In the lesser engagements and in siege operations

probably 50,000 more were numbered with the casualties.

Here were fought the desperate struggles of Gettysburg, Antietam. Malvern Hill, and Winchester, fields of glorious memory to the veterans who conquered there. Here the Monitor bore down the Merrimac, and led off in a new era of naval warfare. Here, too, was Appointed and forth over this blood-stained arena the armies contended in the campaigns of the Rappahannock, the Peninsula, the invasions of Maryland and Pennsylvania, the Shenandoah, and the Wilderness.

Here fell young Ellsworth, brave Phil Kearney, gray-haired Mansfield, grand old "Uncle John" Sedgwick, gallant Reynolds, and the venerable and revered Wadsworth. Here the thunder tones of Hancock led the charge at Marve's Heights, the "Bloody Angle," and Cold Harbor, and rallied the defenders of Cemetery Ridge. Here "Little Mac" rode along the serried line with animating gesture by Antietam's reddened flood. Here Phil Sheridan dashed down from Winchester to save the day at Cedar Creek. Here the heroic sailor, Morris, went down with the ill-starred Cumberland, shouting, when summoned to surrender to the Merrimac, "Never! I'll sink alongside!" rose and fell the battle shouts of Hooker and Burnside. Meade, with calm equipoise, guided the hosts that flung back rebellion's foaming tide. Here Grant baffled the exultant hosts of Lee and Longstreet by his ever memorable battle orders, "Forward by the left flank!"

The graves of the Union dead in this consecrated arena number over ninety thousand, and tens of thousands more who there received their death stroke were borne North to their last resting-place. The plains of Manassas, the vales through which the Shenandoah rolls its placid streams, the banks of the Potomac and the James, were altars whereon the rich blood of patriots was shed as libations to the god of nationality. The men at Washington will shake hands heartily in memory of old times, but not as Idaho and Oregon to New York and Maine; rather because they were together at Antietam or Gettysburg

or Appomattox.

The bloody ground in the West is almost identical with the State of Tennessee. From Atlanta on the southern limit to Knoxville on the northern is about 140 miles, and from Atlanta to Memphis, on the west, about 300 miles. Within the limits come Chickamauga, Stone River, and Shiloh, three of the desperate battles of the age. For three years the war raged back and forth across the State of Tennessee. Fort Donelson, Nashville, Murfreesboro, Knoxville, Chattanooga, and Corinth were scenes of repeated struggles, sometimes the Union boys giving

the blow and sometimes gallantly warding it off. Over seventy thousand Union dead lie in the cemeteries of that district, and tens of thousands were taken North from there for burial. The great movements of Confederate invasion of the North under

Bragg and Hood were met and checked in that section.

Thomas was the "Rock of Chickamauga," and the bulwark of Nashville, within that region, and Hooker fought above the clouds at Lookout Mountain there. Brave Wallace fell there fighting for the rescue of Prentiss at Shiloh. There Lytle went down with the battle cry warm on his lips, "We can die but once. Let us charge." There Corse held the fort at Allatoona Pass, and noble McPherson, the richest sacrifice west of the



THE BATTLE-FIELDS IN THE WEST.

Alleghany range, died braving the storm of Hood's onslaught at Bald Hill. On the south-west border Grant wrested victory from disaster at Shiloh, and on the north-east Burnside hurled Longstreet back from the gates of Knoxville. In the interior Rosecrans spurned danger amid the battle hail at Murfreesboro, and on the south Sherman stormed Tunnel Hill and Mission Ridge, not halting until his banners floated above the last stronghold of the west, Atlanta; while on the waters that lave the western border Foote's fleet of gunboats swept the channel of enemies afloat and on shore

Were the veterans who cherish the memories of this hallowed ground called upon to rise in their bivouac quarters at the Washington encampment and salute old comrades in arms, State lines would be seen to melt away in the rush. The battle-fields

of the Union were the nurseries of their fraternal ties.

THE BLOODY BATTLES OF THE WAR.

THE MEN WHO DEALT THE BLOWS AND WORE AWAY THE RANKS OF THE ENEMY.

Naturally a picturesque battle like Gettysburg, or a scene of wholesale slaughter like Chickamauga or the Wilderness, becomes an example for orators and expounders of history to ring the changes upon, never rearranging or taking into account newly developed facts. The following exhibit shows that it makes but little difference where the fancy strikes, whether east or west, in 1862 or 1864, the same men were at it dealing the blows that wore away the ranks of the enemy and drained his life blood.

The battles take rank in this list in the order of highest numerical loss, and to get the full significance the showing of percentages given in the preceding tables should be examined in

connection with these figures.

List of battles in the order of the highest aggregate loss where

the number killed outright reached 1,000 on each side:

1. Gettysburg, 1863. Ninety-three thousand Union and 75,000 Confederates opposed. Union loss, 17,569 killed and wounded;

Confederate, 15,301; total, 32,870.

2. Spottsylvania, 1864. Had the Confederate loss in killed and wounded equaled the Union at Spottsylvania this battle would properly appear as No. 2. But such was not the case. The Confederate records, so far as completed, relate to those individual commands that suffered most, and estimating from the figures given for those it is evident that the Confederate loss bore no comparison to the Union. The Union loss in killed and wounded was 16,141. The forces opposed were approximately 118,000 Union and 64,000 Confederate. These figures represent the numbers before the Wilderness was fought, but reinforcements were constantly added to both armies, and the available force of each did not vary much during the campaign.

3. Wilderness, 1864. The remarks in the last paragraph apply equally well to the battle of the Wilderness. The armies fought their full strength, viz. 118,000 Union and 64,000 Confederate. Union loss, killed and wounded, 14,283; Confederate records

ncomplete

4. Chickamauga, 1863. 57,000 Union and 71,500 Confederates opposed. Union loss in killed and wounded, 11,405; Confederate.

15,801. Total, 27,206.

5. Chancellorsville, 1863. 130,000 Union and 60,000 Confederates opposed. Union loss, 11,368 killed and wounded; Confederate, 10,755. Total, 22,123. These figures cover the losses in the whole Chancellorsville campaign.

6. Antietam, 1862. 60,000 Union and 40,000 Confederates

engaged. Union loss, 11,657 killed and wounded; Confederate, 9.328. Total, 20,985.

7. Shiloh, 1862. 58,000 Union and 40,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 10,162 killed and wounded; Confederate, 9,740.

Total, 19,902.

8. Cold Harbor, 1864. The remarks under the heading Spottsylvania apply to Cold Harbor also. 118,000 Union and 64,000 Confederates opposed. Union loss, 10,921 killed and wounded; Confederate, comparatively slight.

9. Second Bull Run, or Manassas, 1862. 63,000 Union and 54,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 10,195 in killed and

wounded; Confederates, 9,365. Total, 19,564.

10. Stone's River, 1862. 43,000 Union and 37,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 9,532 killed and wounded; Confederate, 9,239. Total, 18,771.

11. Fredericksburg, 1862. 113,000 Union and 60,000 Confederates opposed. Union loss, 10,884 killed and wounded; Confederates opposed.

erate, 4,724. Total, 15,608.

List of battles where the number of killed outright reached at

least five hundred on each side:

1. Gaines' Mill, 1862. 30,000 Union and 65,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 4,000 killed and wounded; Confederate loss only partially reported. Best estimates place it double the Union loss, making a total of about twelve thousand.

2. Seven Pines or Fair Oaks, 1862. 51,000 Union and 35,000 Confederates opposed, but not all engaged. Union loss, 4,384

killed and wounded; Confederate, 5,729. Total, 10,113.

3. Malvern Hill, 1862. Losses not recorded separately. Confederates admit over five thousand killed and wounded out of 30,000 closely engaged. The Union loss was probably less than half that number, and the total between seven and eight thousand men.

4. Winchester, or Opequon, 1864. 43,000 Union and 16,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 4,680 killed and wounded; Confederates engaged.

federate, 4,000 (estimated). Total, 8,680.

5. Cedar Creek, 1864. 38,000 Union and 16,000 Confederates engaged. Union loss, 4.074 killed and wounded; Confederate, 3,000 (estimated). Total, 7,074.

6. Perryville, 1862. 36,000 Union and 15,000 Confederates closely engaged. Union loss, 3,696 killed and wounded; Con-

federate, 3,145. Total, 6,841.

. To this list might be added the following, if the losses on both sides had been recorded separately: Franklin and Nashville, 1864, where the Confederate loss in killed reached 500. The Union loss on both occasions was less. Fort Donelson, 1862,

[Note.—About one-sixth of the number killed and wounded represents on the average, the killed outright, and two-sevenths of the number killed and wounded, represents very nearly the killed and mortally wounded.]

where the Union loss was 510 killed, the Confederate probably less. Lookout Mountain, 1863, where the Union loss was 500 killed and the Confederate less, and Resaca, 1864, where the Union loss was over 500 killed, but the Confederate is not recorded. Where the figures for certain great battles are not obtainable a computation of losses for the whole campaign will serve to show to what extent the Union troops suffered.

In the "Seven Days Battles," 1862, there were 105,000 Union

In the "Seven Days' Battles," 1862, there were 105,000 Union against 90,000 Confederate at the outset. The Union loss in killed and wounded was 9,796; the Confederate, 19,195. In the Maryland or Antietam campaign, 1862, the Union loss was

11,660 killed and wounded; the Confederate, 14,212.

In the Vicksburg campaign, 1863, there were 43,000 (increased to 75,000) Union and 40,000 (reduced to 28,000) Confederates engaged. Union loss, 8,909 killed and wounded; Confederate, 4,832. In the siege of Port Hudson, 1863, 4,044 Union soldiers were killed and wounded. In the Chattanooga campaign, 1863, including Mission Ridge and Lookout Mountain, the Union loss was 5,465 killed and wounded, against a Confederate loss of 2,541.

In the Atlanta campaign, 1864, the Union force ranged from 75,000 to 94,000, and the Confederate from 65,000 to 84,000. The Union loss was 27,245 killed and wounded; the Confederate, 21,996.

In the Wilderness campaign, 1864, from the Rapidan to the

James, the Union loss was 50,499 killed and wounded.

In Sheridan's Shenandoah campaign, 1864, the Union loss was 13,831 killed and wounded. In the siege of Petersburg, 1864, the Union loss was 29,978 killed and wounded, and in the Appomattox campaign, which included the final assaults on the Petersburg trenches, the Union loss was 8,687 killed and wounded.

These details need no embellishment of words to strengthen the picture of what the veterans endured in order to win the honors a grateful people now accords them. And it is not only what was suffered after the harness was put on, but what was dared before the issue had gone so far. After Shiloh and the "Seven Days" in 1862 the government asked for 300,000 men, and 400,000 rushed to arms. After Murfreesboro, Gettysburg, and Chickamauga at least a million men volunteered to keep the depleted ranks up to fighting strength.

THE CRAND REVIEW.

The Secretary of War, Edwin M. Stanton, suggested that the armies of Meade and Sherman should be formally reviewed in the City of Washington before their final discharge from the service of the United States.

The Army of the Potomac, the Army of the Tennessee, and the Army of Georgia therefore marched to the vicinity of Washington to be reviewed on May 23 and 24, 1865, for which the necessary orders were issued by Lieutenant-General Grant. The Army of the Ohio remained in North Carolina under the command of Major General John M. Schofield.

The public and private buildings of the National Capital were profusely decorated; triumphal arches and reviewing stands were erected at different points, and vast crowds of people gathered from all sections to honor the returning veterans.

The teachers and pupils of the public schools of Washington were assembled on the terraces and balconies of the Capitol, and waved banners and sang patriotic songs as the soldiers passed.

Upon a strip of canvas along the front of the Capitol was inscribed the legend, "The Only National Debt We Can Never

Pay Is the Debt We Owe the Victorious Union Soldier."

Representatives of various States had erected stands, which were filled by their sons and daughters, who while heartily joining in the honors accorded to all the troops enthusiastically applauded those who more directly represented their own particular States.

The principal reviewing stand was erected near the Executive Mansion, and was occupied by President Johnson and his Cabinet, by diplomats and envoys of foreign nations, and by governors of States. Among the latter were some especially beloved by the soldiers and honored by the nation for their invaluable and patriotic services as war governors, notably John A. Andrews, of Massachusetts, and Andrew G. Curtin, of Pennsylvania.

On the first day Lieutenant-General Grant occupied a position near the President, with distinguished naval officers and Generals Sherman, Howard, Logan, and others, whose troops were to parade on the next day. It was while on this stand that General Logan was informed that he had been assigned to the command of the Army of the Tennessee, General Howard having been appointed Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Many of the officers and large numbers of the soldiers were garlanded with flowers as they passed along the line of march.

"Sherman's Bummers" helped to relieve whatever of monotony there was in the continual tramp, tramp, tramp of the armies. A number were mounted on mules or on sorry-looking horses borrowed from some quartermaster's camp of condemned animals, and carried chickens, pigs, and vegetables; others on foot swung along in the free-and-easy gait learned on their long march to the sea.

It was estimated that nearly 150,000 men participated in these ceremonies—the Army of the Potomac, 80,000; the Army of the Transcess—2000, and the Army of Cranscess—2000, and the Army of Cra

Tennessee, 36,000; and the Army of Georgia, 33,000,

Never before has such a pageant been witnessed at the capital of any nation, the passage of an army of citizen soldiers who having by their valor saved the nation were now present only that those necessary details might be completed which would enable them to take their places in the ranks of peaceful citizens.

With worn uniforms and tattered ensigns, telling eloquently of service in the field, those men were now only anxious to return to their homes and loved ones. Though joyfully returning, and as representatives of all who had honorably served in the armies and navies of the Union, thus receiving the plaudits of the people whom they had so ably served, there were sad thoughts not inharmonious with the occasion.

As they passed the reviewing stand where representative men were assembled in their honor the marching soldiers missed above all others that rugged, homely face which now would have been lit with a halo of glory. The great patient heart, that for four years had borne such a fearful strain, was now stilled. In all the land no one was nearer the soldier's heart

than Abraham Lincoln.

Other forms were missing from the group—leaders of corps and of armies, of whom John F. Reynolds, McPherson, and Sedgwick, Kearney, and many others who had fallen in defense

of the Union.

But the thoughts of the soldiers were not then so much with the absent leaders as with the more familiar forms of comrades dear to their hearts but now numbered with the dead. Perchance they had been playmates in schoolboy days and bosom friends in maturer years. Together they had responded to the call of an imperiled country, together had faced the dangers of the service. In camp and bivouac they had slept under the same blankets and shared the contents of their haversacks and canteens.

These, their comrades, had not lived to hear the joyful shouts of victory, and were not to receive the embraces of their loved

ones. They had died that the nation might live.

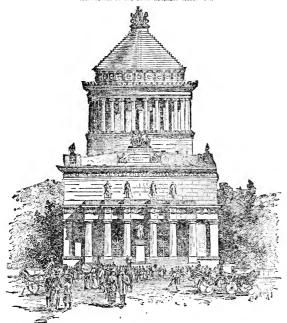
The fond affection cherished for the honored dead but stimulated the ties of sympathy and love for comrades living and shattered the thrilling memories of the years of national strife

and warfare now happily over.

They were soon to part, each in his own way to fight the battle of life, to form new ties, new friendships, but never could they forget the sacred bond of comradeship welded in the fire of battle that in after years should be their stimulus to take upon themselves the work confided to the people by President Lincoln. "To bind up the nation's wounds, to care for him who shall have borne the battle, and for his widow and his orphans,"

"When we who have gathered here to-day to honor thy memory have lain down to rest beside thee, and our children's children look upon the monument that is to be erected here, may they say, with reverence, 'Here lies the man whose fame was as wide as the world, whose military skill and undaunted cour-





THE ACCEPTED DESIGN FOR

THE TOMB OF GENERAL CRANT.

Built of light granite. Height, 160 feet.

Base, 100 feet square. Cost, \$500,000.

age saved from dissolution the grandest nation under heaven, and whose memory will be cherished when the marble and granite shall have crumbled into dust.'

"Here lies Grant, the only conqueror of Lee, and the greatest

of all the Federal commanders.

"His monument is the sublimest structure on the globe. It arches the continent, and on its dome rests the clouds. In it is the light and warmth of human liberty. A hero in war and in peace, 'Grant,' who never ceased to fight or spoke of peace on any terms save unconditional surrender. He had all the qualities of a great soldier, he was loyal to his friends, loyal to his

family, loyal to his country, and loyal to his God.

"No effort of human hands can add a single laurel to his brow, all the honors earth can give have been bestowed upon him, but the people whom he served have resolved to fashion a tomb worthy of his ashes, and rear in monumental rock a fitting tribute to his fame, of the love of this nation for its great chieftain, and shall tell to all the world that the United States of America does not forget her heroic dead."—Ex. from Gen. Horace Porter's Speech.

GENERAL GRANT'S MONUMENT AT RIVERSIDE PARK.

The sum of three millions of dollars has been spent by the city in the work of decorating this pleasure ground, Riverside Park, General Grant's monument in Riverside Park, or more prop-

erly Riverside Drive; is an attraction such as no other city in

the world possesses.

It stands on the banks of the most beautiful river in the world, a lofty eminence named Claremount, over three hundred feet above the water's edge. On the opposite side of the river you observe the high Palisades, Fort Lee, Shadyside, Pleasant Valley, Edgewater, and the El Dorado. Thence extends a wonderful view of the broad and busy river. Stretching to the north you see Fort Washington, High Bridge, Washington Bridge; the Cable, Northern and Hudson River Railroads; the Harlem River, and up into Westchester County; the Hudson River, with its winding stream shaded on both sides by its high bluffs, extending up to the Military Academy at West Point, where Grant graduated as a soldier, and to the State Capitol at Albany.

From this bluff looking to the south as far as the eye can reach over the Empire City of the United States, the City by the Sea, sealed between two majestic rivers, you behold the greatest harbor in the world with its entrance from the Atlantic Ocean; its narrows protected by Forts Columbus. Schuyler, Wadsworth, Lafayette, Hamilton and Wood; Sandy Hook; Governor's Island, the headquarters of the military division of the Atlantic; the magnificent Statue of Liberty Enlightening the World; the East River, with the largest bridge in existence, the main span of which is over 1,595 feet, and the entire length 5,980 feet, joining the two great cities, New York and Brooklyn.

On the east is Hell Gate, Hunter's Point, Astoria, Blackwell's, Ward's, and Randall's Islands, with all the different institutions

and asylums, and Long Island Sound.

Looking around from this, one of the most beautiful spots nature has ever made you are surrounded by one magnificent panorama of splendor.

THE CRANT MONUMENT.

Build it of granite strong and high On a rock-ribbed resting-place, And sheathe its point in the morning sky And its feet in the earth's embrace.

And encarve it over and over again
With the symbols of valiant deeds,
For it tells of the nation's mightiest man
And the nation's mourning weeds.

And the sleeping dust in the sacred shrine Shall be guarded with loving care By brothers who stood in his battle line When his thunders rent the air.

And his strokes for the flag of the brave and free On the ranks of the rallying host Were like the beat of the reaseless sea On the rim of a rock-bound coast.

O build it as strong as his mighty mind, And spare neither toil nor cost, And let it proclaim to all mankind That he saved us when all was lost.

And the years shall roll o'er the place of his rest,
And the ages shall run to tell
Where the green sod covers his hero breast.
That he conquered himself as well.

J. S. Willis

WHEN THE LAST MAN DIES.

Out of a dozen well-informed people who might nowadays be asked how many Union soldiers and sailors saw service in the War of the Rebellion it is probable that not more than two or three would say they believed the number was anywhere near two millions. Yet several hundred thousand more Northern warriors than that took part in that great struggle.

The actual number of persons who saw service has never been officially determined, and for that reason it is impossible to make more than an approximate estimate of the number and

ages of the surviving veterans.

The nearest approach to accuracy in putting together the par ticulars on this subject has been the effort of Dr. F. C. Ainsworth, major and surgeon of the United States Army, who has gathered together such data for the use of the Record and Pen-

sion Division of the War Department.

Even if the exact number and ages of the survivors at the close of the war were known the problem of determining the number now living and the probable duration of life for each group of ages would still be involved in difficulty, for no life table has ever been constructed which is applicable to such a class of lives as that furnished by the veterans of the late war.

As shown by the latest official statement, there were furnished by the different States and Territories during the war under calls from the President 2,778,304 men. Of these 105,963 are to

be credited to the navy.

Allowing for re-enlistments, which are included in these figures, it appears that the total number of persons in both military and naval service during that period was 2,213,365, and of these 1,727,353 were alive at its termination, excluding deserters.

In estimating from these facts the probable number of survivors at the present day two opinions of the expectation of life of men of this class must be considered, for figuring of this kind is based upon the mortuary and other tables used by life insurance companies in finding out just how long a man of a certain age should live. While it is the generally accepted belief that the expectation of old soldiers is less than that of men of the same ages who have never been exposed to the shock of battle and the hardships and privations of camp, field, and prison. yet Major Ainsworth declares it has been ingeniously urged that on the other hand, by the operation of the law of the survival of the fittest, the reverse is actually the case, for the reason that the individuals of little endurance and tenacity of life, whose early death shortens the average of life among civilians. have long since been eliminated from the class to which the veterans belong, have succumbed either to the hardships and dangers of war or their subsequent results. So runs the argument for the second proposition, the average duration of life for an equal number of men who did not serve in the war and were not weeded out in its course is apt to be less than that of the survivors.

Incorrect estimates and guesses after slight investigation have been numerous, and the information which the ordinary citizen, who was not old enough in the '60s to be one, or for any reason may not have been a soldier or a sailor, possesses of the army and navy as they were then, or of the number of veterans now living, is meager.

In making the calculations which are appended Major Ainsworth has kept these considerations in view, and also the two

beliefs of the greater or less expectation of life for veterans of the war as compared with that of non-veterans of the same ages.

According to these estimates, the probable number of survivors two years ago was 1,285,471, and of these 149,531 would be 62 years of age or over. This year there would be 1,236,076 for a total of survivors, of whom 22,692 have lived to be 62 years old or older.

Following this method of calculation there would still be living in the year 1940, veterans of the civil war, and not until 1945 would the survivors of the Rebellion be extinct. The same life table (American male) which gives this result makes it probable that more than a million will be living up to 1900 A. D., and if these figures are correct there should be 820 veterans who will not reach their sixty-second year till nine years after that, when those youngsters will form a very small proportion of the 665,832 veterans which the table says should be still on earth in 1909.

The number of the veterans who have become members of the G. A. R. is somewhat less than half the entire total of survivors to-day. New additions to the ranks of that organization are daily made, so that the present figures are larger than those given in the reports at last year's encampment in Detroit.

The roster then contained nearly 445,000 names, but there had been more than this if the deceased former members should be counted in. Added is a short list of figures which are not only of much interest but also of possible value. Estimated total number of survivors (deserters ex-

					1		
cluded), 1889							1,236,076
cluded), 1889 Total number of men	furnis	shed	durin	ig th	e wai	r (credits).	. 2,778,304
To Army .						2,672,34	1
To Navy .						105,96	3
Estimated total num	ıber of	re-ei	nlistr	nent	s .		564,939
In Army .						. 543,39	3
In Navy .						. 21,54	6
Estimated total num	iber of	dese	rtion	s.			
From Army						. 117,24	7
From Navy						. 4,64	9
From Navy Total number of dea	ths						364,116
In Army .						. 359,52	8
In Navy .						. 4,58	8
In Navy . Estimated total num	ber of	indi	vidua	ıls in	serv	rice .	2,213,365
In Army .						2,128,94	8
In Navv .						. 84.41	7
In Navy . Estimated total num	uber of	sur	vivor	s at	tern	ination o	f
service (deserters o	exclud	ed)					1,727,353
In Army .						1.652.17	3

STRENGTH OF REBEL ARMY.

EDITOR NATIONAL TRIBUNE:—In your issue of March 10, in the article on the strength of the rebel army during the War of the Rebellion, the writer states that there were about 1,700,000 men in the rebel army during the war. He is about right, for Major Moore's roster of North Carolina troops gives 145,000 men furnished the Confederate Army. Some three years ago General D. H. Hill, C. S. A., at a reunion in Baltimore, Md., said that the Confederate army numbered 600,000 men, all told, how does it come that in nearly all the general engagements during the war the forces engaged were about equal? Why, it is absurd for any man to say that the rebels had to fight great odds. If the truth ever is written from a Southern standpoint we will find out that the rebels had 1,800,000 enlisted men on their rolls. I have in my possession Clarke's Vicksburg (Miss.) Almanac of 1866. Governor Parsons, in his proclamation to the people of the State of Alabama, preliminary to the reorganization in the State, says that fully 120,000 men of that State went upon the battle-field, of whom 70,000 are dead or disabled. The following is a list of men furnished by States, and their loss during the four years of the war, 1861 to 1865:

States.				j	En	listments.	Dead and Disabled.
Alabama .						120,000	70,000
Arkansas .						50,000	30,000
Florida						17,000	10,000
Georgia .						131.000	76,000
Kentucky .						50,000	30,000
Louisiana .						60,000	34,000
Mississippi .						18.000	45,000
Missouri .						40.000	24,000
Maryland .						40,000	24,000
North Carolina	ι.				٠	140,000	65,000
South Carolina	ı					65.000	40,000
Tennessee .						60,000	34, 000
Texas						93,000	53,000
Virginia .		٠	٠			180,000	105,000
Total .					. 1	.124,000	640,000

If all the men who once got into the rebel army were retained during the war, or during their ability to serve, there were, according to this calculation, 484,000 men in the rebel service at the close of the war. But if allowances be made for desertions, etc., and for the sick in the hospitals who had recovered and who are not counted by Governor Parsons among the disabled, we shall find this number of 484,000 diminished to something like the actual number that surrendered to our forces or scattered to their homes immediately after the fall of Richmond.

So you see, comrades, that the rebels as early as 1866 admitted to having 1,124,000 men in the field, and you can also see that the rebels did not lick five Yankees to their one.

CHARLES F. KIMMEL, Co. G, 66th Ill., 72 High street, Dayton, O.

HISTORICAL EVENTS.

- 1859. John Brown's raid into Virginia, October 16.
- 1859. John Brown hung, December 1.
- 1861. Confederates attacked Fort Sumter, April 12 and 13.
- 1861. Fort Sumter surrendered, April 14.
- 1861. Union Army routed at Bull Run, July 21.
- 1861. Mass meeting, Union Square, New York, April 20.
- 1862. Engagement between Monitor and Merrimac, March 9.
- 1862. Seven days contest before Richmond began June 25.
- 1863. Great riot in New York, July 13 to 16.
- 1863. Stonewall Jackson died, May 9.
- 1863. Fort Sumter bombarded, December 9.
- 1864. General Sherman started on his march to the sea, November 16.
- 1865. General Lee surrendered to General Grant, April 9.
- 1865. Jefferson Davis captured, May 10.
- 1865. Abraham Lincoln assassinated by J. Wilkes Booth, April 14.
- 1620. Negro slavery introduced into the United States by the
- 1863. Negro slavery abolished in the United States by Abraham Lincoln, January 1.
- 1793. Corner stone of Capitol at Washington laid, September 18.
- 1851. Corner stone of the extension of the Capitol was laid.
- 1860. Major Anderson transferred his entire command to Fort Sumter.
- 1361. Fort Sumter surrendered, April 14.
- 1814. Star Spangled Banner composed by Francis Scott Key.
- 1881. General Garfield shot.

 During the Rebellion 12,926 Union prisoners died in
 Andersonville prison.
- 1862. Battle of Shiloh, April 6.

GENERAL GRANT'S OFFICIAL REPORT OF THE BATTLE OF SHILOH.

"It becomes my duty again to report another battle fought between two great armies, one contending for the maintenance of the best government ever devised, and the other for its destruction. It is pleasant to record the success of the army contending for the former principle.

"The Union loss in the two days' fighting was 1,764 killed. 8,408 wounded, and 2,885 captured or missing: total, 13,047. Of these Buell's Army of the Ohio lost 241 killed, 1,807 wounded.

and 55 captured or missing; total, 2,103.

"The official report of Rebel losses was 1,728 killed, 8,012 wounded, and 959 missing; total, 10,699. This cannot be correct, for the Union troops after the battle buried, by actual count, more rebel dead than thus reported in front of Sherman's and McClernand's divisions alone. The estimate of the Union burial parties was that fully 4,000 rebel dead lay on the whole field.

"U. S. Grant."

The First Grand Army Post was organized at Decatur, Ill., on the 6th day of April, 1866, by

B. F. Stevenson, Commander of Department.

R. M. Woods, Adjutant-General.

Twenty-six years ago the Grand Army of the Republic was organized by about a dozen men; to-day it numbers about five hundred thousand.

Twenty-seven years ago at Washington 150,000 men passed in

review to be mustered out of service.

Since that time many an old comrade or companion in arms, patriot, brave warrior, and hero, has been mustered out of the living army to join the ranks of the invisible hosts above.

September 20th, 1892.

The 26th National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Washington D. C., will be one of the largest in the history of the organization.

Once more the living heroes will pass in review, and meet

comrades they have not seen since the war.

Every battle will be fought over again from Belmont to the

Wilderness.

The Grand Army is to-day the representative organization of the soldiers and sailors of America; the one great association which includes the veterans of every army and all ranks; the men who followed the flag upon land, and who fought beneath its folds upon the sea; men of every nationality, color, and creed; the officer who wore the well won stars of general, and the private whose only badge of distinction was in patriotic and faithful services in the ranks—all upon the common level of potarades of the flag.

25TH NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT OF THE G. A. R. AT DETROIT IN 1891. THE GREATEST OF ALL CONVENTIONS,

Rapping the assemblage to order, the Commander-in-Chief announced the formal opening of the twenty-fifth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, and directed the adjutant-general to call the roll of departments.

Every State and Territory in the Union, not even excepting far-off Alaska, was represented, and the roll showed the fullest attendance of delegates in the history of the organization.

The opening address of the Commander-in-Chief was listened

to attentively by the assembled veterans.

"Comrades," said Gen. Veazev, "this is the silver anniversary of a birth, not of a wedding. The wedding occurred when the bridegrooms, the youth of the land, enlisted in its defense. Abraham Lincoln celebrated the marriage nuptials. Columbia was the bride. Her vesture was the nation's flag. The pledge to re-establish that flag over the domain of Secessia was the price of her hand. When the pledge was graudly redeemed through bloody strife, through suffering and death, and after the victors had placed on the brow of the bride a new diadem, whose gems were honor, valor, fame, liberty, untainted with slavery; a country reunited and free, the fruit of that marriage was the Grand Army of the Republic, an offspring worthy of its royal parentage.

INTERESTING STATISTICS.

"The date of the birth was April 6, 1866. The observance of the silver anniversary began on the 6th day of April of this

year."

The reports of the other officers of the staff were presented and spread before the encampment. The adjutant-general's report showed that on August 14, 1890, there were on the rolls of the order 44 departments, with 7,185 posts and 397.041 comrades

in good standing.

The consolidated report of the adjutant-general for the period ending June 30, 1891, as far as the returns have been received, not all yet being in, shows in good standing forty-five departments, with 7.409 posts and 398,067 comrades in good standing. The sum expended in charity, as reported for the year ending June 30, 1890, was \$217,957,54, relieving 21,634 persons; for the year ending June 30, 1891, \$333,699.85.

The total number of deaths reported for the year ending June 30, 1890, was 5,479; for the year ending June 30, 1891,

5,530.

The quartermaster-general's report showed the assets of the organization to be as follows: Cash balances on hand \$1.804.18; due by departments, \$1.429.41; less due by departments, \$184.17; balance, \$1.243.24. United States bonds 1907, \$16.000 (market value, 117), \$18.720.0). Supplies, \$2,941.65. Total assets, \$24,-11.07.

G. A. R. STATE LEGISLATION IN NEW YORK.

Within the past few years the Legislature has enacted a num-

ber of laws affecting the interest of veterans.

While the members of the Grand Army have felt and taken a deep interest in such matters, a special and effective interest has been shown by committees on legislation of the executive committees.

MAY 30 A LEGAL HOLIDAY.

May 30th was made a legal holiday by act of the legislature, passed May 22, 1873.

BURIAL OF VETERANS.

By an act passed May 21st, 1884, provisions is made for the burial of any honorably discharged soldier or marine who may die without leaving means for funeral expenses. Such interment is not to be made in any cemetery or plot used exclusively for the interment of the pauper dead.

The cost for interment is not to exceed \$35, and an additional

sum of \$15 is allowed for a headstone.

VETERANS NOT TO BE REMOVED.

By an act approved April 10, 1888, no person holding a position by appointment, in any city or county of the State, who is an honorably discharged soldier, sailor, or marine, shall be removed from such position except for cause shown after a hearing.

GRAND ARMY BADGE.

By an act passed Februaary 4, 1885, persons not duly entitled to them are prohibited from wearing the badge of the Grand Army of the Republic, under penalty of imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or a fine not exceeding twenty dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment. A similar law was passed January 30, 1888, relative to the insignia or rosette of the Loyal Legion.

PREFERENCE IN EMPLOYMENT.

By an act passed March 1st. 1886, amending an act passed May 25, 1885, it is provided:

In grateful recognition of the services, sacrifices, and sufferings of persons who served in the army or navy of the United

States in the late war, and have been honorably discharged therefrom, they shall be preferred for appointment to positions in the Civil Servic of the State, and of the cities affected by this act over other persons of equal standing, as ascertained under this act and the act hereby amended, and the person thus preferred shall not be disqualified from holding any position in said Civil Service on account of his age nor by reason of any physical disability, provided such dasability does not render him incompetent to perform the duties of the position applied for.

Orderlies, watchmen, and others designated, employed upon public buildings, must be persons honorably discharged from

the Union Army or Navy during the Rebellion.

USE OF MEETING ROOMS.

Any county, city, town, or village is authorized to lease to any Post of the Grand Army of the Republic any public building or part thereof, at a nominal rent. Passed June 15, 1886, amended March 19, 1888.

By act passed June 9th, 1888, provision shall be made in any State armory for a proper and convenient meeting room for

Posts, without expense.

By act passed May 1st, 1888, a suitably furnished room in the State Hall was set apart, under the direction of the department commander for the supplies and property of the Grand Army of the Republic, relics and mementoes of the war, and for arranging and preserving the history of individuals who served in the army, navy, or marine corps during the Rebellion.

ISSUE OF ARMS TO POSTS.

By an act passed June 25, 1886, the adjutant-general is authorized to issue twelve stands of arms, complete, for the firing squads of each post.

MONUMENTS.

By act passed May 26, 1886, \$5,000 were appropriated for expenses of commissioners to designate the positions and movements of the troops of New York at Gettysburg; and on March 27, 1888, \$74,500 were appropriated for movuments at Gettysburg, being \$1,500 for each regiment or battery engaged in that battle.

By act of the Legislature in 1887 the authorities of the city of Brooklyn are authorized to raise \$100,000 by taxation, for the erection of a soldier's and sailor's monument in that city.

And to-day the Empire City of the United States, that furnished the largest number of troops during the Rebellion, has failed as yet to raise a monument to its heroes, who fought, bled, and died to preserve the Union

PART TWO.

G. A. R. RECITATIONS.

WHEN WE WERE BOYS IN BLUE.

BY CAPTAIN CHARLES E. NASH.

O comrades of the battle years,
When fighting was our trade;
O, you who charge with loyal cheers
'Gainst many a gay brigade!
'Tis joy to grasp again the hand
O' rare and cherished few—
Frail remnant of the mighty band
Who once were Boys in Blue.

No deadly bullets hiss to-night;
No showers of shot and shell;
We storm no more the bastioned heights,
"Mid wild Confederate yell;
The long roll wakes the camp no more
The conflict to renew—
No crushing columns hither pour
Against the Boys in Blue.

The fort and trench and grim redoubt,
Deep-groving hill and dale.
Send forth no more the victors' shout
Nor falling foeman's wail;
No stricken comrade in his pain
Bequeaths the last adieu.
No more the torn and ghastly pain,
And dying Boys in Blue.

The peaceful years have lightly sped Since you came proudly home, And bore our flag with gallant tread To rest 'neath yonder dome; That faded banner victory crowned, All riddled through and through, The glorious flag we rallied round When we were Boys in Blue. To-day you come from far and near,
And form the line again;
Your badge is now the battle scar,
Your arms the crutch and cane;
You grasp the hand with love and pride,
And old campaigns review,
And count the fields where side by side
You fought when Boys in Blue.

The fife and drum no more arouse—Your martial work is done,
And time above your laureled brows
Its silver threads have spun;
While one by one along life's route,
Brave men who marched with you,
All overborne have fallen out
Since they were Boys in Blue.

And soon these glad reunions here
Will be forever past—
The broken ranks that close the rear
Will cross the ford at last;
But on the world's illustrious page
Of heroes tried and true,
Will live enshrined from age to age,
The glorious Boys in Blue.

OUR HEROES SHALL LIVE.

BY HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Oh, tell me not that they are dead—that generous host, that airy army of invisible heroes. They hover as a cloud of witnesses above this nation. Are they dead that yet speak louder than we can speak and in more universal language? Are they dead that yet act? Are they dead that yet move upon society, and inspire the people with nobler motives and more heroic patriotism? Ye that mourn let gladness mingle with your tears. He was your son, but now he is the nation's. He made your household bright; now his example inspires a thousand households. Dear to his brothers and sisters, he is now brother to every generous youth in the land. Before he was narrowed, appropriated, shut up to you. Now he is augmented, set free, and given to all. Before he was yours; now he is ours. He has died from the family, that he might live to the nation. Not one man shall be forgotten or neglected, and it shall by and by be confessed of our modern heroes, as it is of an ancient hero, that he did more for his country by his death than by his whole life,

RELIC OF THE WAR.

On the wall above the mantel
There's an ancient weapon hung,
Tarnished, dusty, old, and rusty.
Springfield pattern, sixty-one.
And the spiders, all unconscious
Of its power upon it crawl.
And have webbed it, breech and muzzle,
Where it hangs upon the wall.

Could it speak, 'twould tell a story
That would scartle young and old,
Tales of long and weary marches
Could that weapon true unfold.
Tales of battle, tales of carnage
That would blanch the bravest cheek,
From Bull Run to Appomattox,
Could that ancient weapon speak.

Dear, indeed, is that old musket,
It had sure voice long ago,
Not a friend so true and trusty
On the field to meet the foe.
Then it spoke and to a purpose,
Fiery was the tale it told.
Leaden was the fearful message,
From that weapon grim and old.

And I love it—who can blame me?
It and I were closest chums,
Old and rusty, tried and trusty,
Best of all your make of guns.
Comrades dead and comrades living,
It reminds me of you all,
Elbows touch whene'er I view it
As it hangs upon the wall.

Brings again your kindly faces
From that distant long ago,
When we faced the storm of battle
On the field to meet the foe.
On the wall above the mantel
There's an ancient weapon hung,
Tarnished, dusty, worn, and rusty,
Springfield pattern, sixty-one.
—Detroit Free Press.

A MEMORIAL DAY ALPHABET.

(Philadelphia Press.)

A veteran, sixty-two years old, sends the following Memorial Day alphabet:

A is for army in battle array;

B for brave boys we remember to day.

C for their colors, the red, white, and blue;

D for their duty done nobly and true.

E for enlisted this Union to save:

F for the flag and the flow'rs on their grave.

G for the glory at Gettysburg won;

H for our hopes, they're in heaven, at home.

I independence, for which they did strive.

J is for justice to those who survive.

K is for knapsacks, all packed and in place.

L is for liberty to the whole human race.

M is for Meade, now, alas, mustered out.

N for our navy, who helped knock them out.

O is for onward, our old battle cr7.

P is for powder and power from on high.

Q is for quickstep, double quick on the foe.

R is for rally, rebellion o'erthrow.

S is for Sherman, for shot and for shell;

T for the traitors we treated too well.

U for Union of States, hearts, and hands.

V for the victory valor demands.

W for war, which we deeply deplore.

X is for Xerxes, who now is no more.

Y for the years we campaigned it in youth.

Z zealously fighting for freedom and truth.

THE OLD CANTEEN.

BY G. M. WHITE.

Send it up to the garret? Well, no; what's the harm If it hangs like a horse-shoe to serve as a charm? Had its day, to be sure; matches ill with things here; Shall I sack the old friend just because it is queer? Thing of beauty 'tis not, but a jov none the less, As my hot lips remember its old-time caress, And I think on the solace once gurgling between My lips from that old battered tin canteen.

It has hung by my side in the long, weary tramp, Been my friend in the bivouac, barrack, and camp, In the triumph, the capture, advance, and retreat, More than light to my path, more than guide to my feet. Sweeter nectar ne'er flowed, howe'er sparkling and cold, From out chalice of silver or goblet of gold. For a king or an emperor, princess or queen. Than to me from the mouth of that old canteen.

It has cheered the desponding on many a night. Till their laughing eyes gleamed in the camp-fire light. Whether guns stood in silence, or boomed at short range, It was always on duty; though 'twould not be strange If in somnolent periods just after "taps" Some colonel or captain, disturbed at his naps, May have felt a suspicion that "spirits" unseen Had somehow bedeviled that old canteen.

But I think on the time when in lulls of the strife It has called the far look in dim eyes back to life; Helped to stanch the quick blood just beginning to pour, Softened broad, gaping wounds that were stiffened and sore, Moistened thin, livid lips, so despairing of breath They could only speak thanks in the quiver of death; If an angel of mercy e'er hovered between This world and the next 'twas that old canteen.

Then banish it not as a profitless thing, Were it hung in a palace it well might swing To tell in its mute, allegorical way How the citizen volunteer won the day; How he bravely, unflinchingly, grandly won, And how, when the death-dealing work was done, 'Twas as easy his passion from war to wean As this mouth from the lips of that old canteen.

By and by, when all hate for the rags with the bars Is forgotten in love for the "stripes and the stars"; When Columbia rules everything solid and sole, From her own ship canal to the ice at the pole: When the Grand Army men have obeyed the last call, And the May flowers and violets bloom for us all; Then away in some garret the cobweb may screen My battered, old, cloth-covered tin canteen.



THE SAME CANTEEN.

BY CHARLES G. HALPINE.

There are bonds of all sorts in this world of ours, Letters of friendship and ties of flowers, And true lovers' knots, I ween; The girl and the boy are bound by a kiss, But there's never a bond, old friend, like this— We have drunk from the same canteen!

It was sometimes water and sometimes milk,
And sometimes applejack fine as silk;
But whatever the tipple has been.
We shared it together in bane or bliss,
And I warm to you, friend, when I think of this—
We have drunk from the same canteen!

The rich and the great sit down to dine,
And they quaff to each other in sparkling wine
From glasses of crystal and green;
But I guess in their golden potations they miss
The warmth of regard to be found in this—
We have drunk from the same canteen!

We have shared our blankets and tents together,
And have marched and fought in all kinds of weather,
And hungry and full we have been;
Had days of battle and days of rest,
But this memory I cling to and love the best—
We have drunk from the same canteen!

For when wounded I lay on the outer slope,
With my blood flowing fast, and but little hope
Upon which my faint spirit could lean;
Oh. then, I remember, you crawled to my side,
And, bleeding so fast it seemed both must have died,
We drank from the same canteen!

AN OLD FAVORITE.

ANON.

There's a cap in the closet, Old, tattered, and blue, Of very slight value, It may be, to you; But a crown, jewel-studded, Could not buy it to-day, With its letters of honor, Brave "Company K."

Bright eyes have looked calmly
Its visor beneath,
O'er the work of the Reaper,
Grim harvester, Death!
Let the muster roll, meager,
So mournfully say,
How foremost in danger
Was "Company K."

Who faltered or shivered?
Who shunned battle stroke?
Whose fire was uncertain?
Whose battle line broke?
Go ask it of history
Years from to-day,
And the record shall tell you
Not "Company K."

Though my darling is sleeping To-day with the dead, And daisies and clover Bloom over his head. I smile through my tears, As I lay it away, That battle-worn cap Lettered "Company K."

CORPORAL JIM.

BY G. B. F.

"Jim Tanner, Commissioner of Pensions, must go."

Yes—I catch on to your meaning, You reckon Jim Tanner "won't stay; This is a grateful Republic, You are patriots," you say; And whereas "the taxes are heavy," And whereas "the surplus is low," Resolved, "We must stop paying pensions, And Corporal Jim Tanner must go." Well, I'll be blanked if I can see,
With all the lights that I've got.
What difference it makes to you kickers
If the Corporal goes or not;
And just right here I'm remarking
That you're showing a good deal of gall;
If there hadn't been no Jim Tanners
We would have had no surplus at all.

Why, we wouldn't have had a Nation,
To spell with a great big N.
If it hadn't been for Corporal Jim
And two million similar men.
Who bared their breasts to reb bullets
While you were making your wealth,
And sneaked in the rear in cowardly fear
Or went farther north for your health.

So kick about increase and re-ratings.
Cry pension frauds and all that.
Claim Tanner will bankrupt the country,
Be sure get your story down pat:
Then write Sour Grapes on your banner.
Tell all the lies you can tell;
But when the boys go back on Jim Tanner
Ice will be forty feet thick in hell.

M'CARTY'S PENSION CLAIM.

"Are ye the pinsion-claim agent.
Whose name is down there on the dure?
Well, me name, sor, is Terrance McCarty,
An' I'il put me hat doon on the flure
While I tell yez me business. Tim Murphy—
He's a neighbor of moine, sor, is Tim,
Has jist got his pinsion, an' I, sor,
Did the boolk of the swearin' for him.

"These pinsions are very convanient,
An' they're aisy to git, too. yez see,
So I thought that I'd take wan meself, now,
An' have Tim do the swearin' for me.
So many are thrying for pinsions
That I thought that I'd thry it a whack,
For somehow in leppin' the bounties,
Bedad, sor, I hurted me back."

THE DANDY FIFTH.

BY FRANK H. GASSAWAY.

'Twas the time of the workingmen's great strike, When all the land stood still At the sudden roar from hungry mouths That labor could not fill: When the thunder of the railroad ceased, And startled towns could spy A hundred blazing factories Painting each midnight sky.

Through Philadelphia's surging streets
Marched the brown ranks of toil,
The grimy legions of the shops,
The tillers of the soil:
White-faced militia-men looked on,
While women shrank with dread;
'Twas muscle against money then,—
'Twas riches against bread.

Once, as the mighty mob tramped on, A carriage stopped the way, Upon the silken seat of which A young patrician lay.
And as, with haughty glance, he swept Along the jeering crowd A white-haired blacksmith in the ranks Took off his cap and bowed.

That night the Labor League was met,
And soon the chairman said:
"There hides a Judas in our midst,
One man who bows his head.
Who bends the coward's servile knee
When capital rolls by."
"Down with him! Kill the traitor cur!"
Rang out the savage cry.

Up rose the blacksmith, then, and held Erect his head of gray;
"I am no traitor, though I bowed
To a rich man's son to-day;
And though you kill me as I stand—
As like you mean to do—
I want to tell you a story short,
And I ask you'll hear me through.

"I was one of those who enlisted first, The Old Flag to defend,

With Pope and Halleck, with 'Mac' and Grant, I followed to the end:

and 'twas somewhere down on the Rapidan, When the Union cause looked drear

When the Union cause looked drear, That a regiment of rich young bloods Came down to us from here.

Their uniforms were by tailors cut;
They brought hampers of good wine;
And every squad had a servant, too,
To keep their boots in shine;
They'd naught to say to us dusty 'vets,'
And, through the whole brigade,
We called them the kid-gloved Dandy Fifth,
When we passed them on parade.

"Well, they were sent to hold a fort
The Rebs tried hard to take,
'Twas the key of all our line, which naught
While it held out could break.
But a fearful fight we lost just then—
The reserve came up too late;
And on that fort, and the Dandy Fifth,

And on that fort, and the Dandy Fifth, Hung the whole division's fate.

"Three times we tried to take them aid,
And each time back we fell,
Though once we could hear the fort's far guns
Boom like a funeral knell;

Till at length Joe Hooker's corps came up,
And then straight through we broke;
How we cheered as we saw those dandy coa

How we cheered as we saw those dandy coats Still back of the drifting smoke!

"With the bands all front and our colors spread We swarmed up the parapet,

But the sight that silenced our welcome shout I shall never in life forget.

Four days before had their water gone—
They had dreaded that the most—

The next their last scant ration went,
And each man looked a ghost,

"As he stood, gaunt-eyed, behind his gun, Like a crippled stag at bay, And watched starvation—though not defeat— Draw nearer every day, Of all the Fifth, not fourscore men Could in their places stand. And their white lips told a fearful tale, As we grasped each bloodless hand.

"The rest in the stupor of famine lay,
Save here and there a few
In death sat rigid against the guns,
Grim sentinels in blue;
And their colonel, he could not speak or stir,
But we saw his proud eye thrill
As he simply glanced to the shot-scarred staff
Where the old flag floated still!

"Now I hate the tyrants who grind us down, While the wolf snarls at our door, And the men who've risen from us to laugh At the misery of the poor; But I tell you, mates, while this weak old hand I have left the strength to lift, It will touch my cap to the proudest swell Who fought in the Dandy Fifth!"

AN OLD SOLDIER'S STORY.

BY P. M'DERMOTT.

I've told thee, boy, a score of times,
And yet you ask again,
How and where your Uncle John
Had fallen 'mongst the slain;
But boys will seek out knowledge,
And I find it as a rule.
They learn more from tales they're told
Than from books they read at school.

Well 'twas in those stirring times, my lad,
Long, long ere you were born,
That the rebel gray, at break of day,
On a cool September morn,
Came pouring into Maryland,
And on Antietam's plain,
A dreadful battle there was fought,
And many thousands slain.

A hundred cannon on each side
Belched forth their flame and smoke,
Whilst the deadly fire of musketry
And the clash of saber stroke,
And the cries of men who still fought on,
And the cries of those who fell,
Whilst the enemy's lines were charged upon,
To describe—no man can tell.

The tide of battle ebbed and flowed,
This point now gained then lost;
Erstwhile the grape and canister
Mowed down the rebel host.
Till at close of day those lines of gray
Seemed to waver, break, and run,
Then the Union shouts which meant to say
Antietam's fought and won.

While victory, glorious victory,
Crowned the efforts of that fight,
There was many a soldier mourning
In solitude that night
For the loss of friend or brother
Who fell on that gory plain,
And henceforth, boy, remember,
Where your Uncle John was slain.

THE COUNTERSION.

'Twas near the break of day, but still
The moon was shining brightly!
The west wind as it passed the flowers
Set each one swaying lightly;
The sentry slow paced to and fro
A faithful night-watch keeping,
While in the tents behind him stretched
His comrades—all were sleeping.

Slow to and fro the sentry paced,
His musket on his shoulder.
But not a thought of death or war
Was with the brave young soldier.
Ah, no! his heart was far away
Where, on a western prairie,
A rose-twined cottage stood. That night
The countersign was "Mary,"

And there his own true love he saw,
Her blue eyes kindly beaming,
Above them, on her sun-kissed brow,
Her curls like sunshine gleaming;
And heard her singing, as she churned
The butter in the dairy,
The song he loved the best. That night
The countersign was "Mary."

"Oh. for one kiss from her!" he sighed,
When, up the lone road glancing,
He spied a form—a little form,
With falt ring steps advancing.
And as it neared him silently,
He gazed at it in wonder;
Then dropped his musket to his hand,
And challenged: "Who goes yonder"?

Still on it came. "Not one step more,
Be you man, child, or fairy,
Unless you give the countersign.
Halt! Who goes there?" "Tis Mary,"
A sweet voice cried, and in his arms
The girl he'd left behind him,
Half-fainting fell. O'er many miles
She'd bravely toiled to find him.

"I heard that you were wounded, dear,"
She sobbed; "my heart was breaking;
I could not stay a moment, but,
All other ties forsaking,
I traveled by my grief made strong,
Kind Heaven watching o'er me.
Until— Unhurt and well?" "Yes, love,"
"At last you stood before me.

"They told me that I could not pass
The lines to seek my lover.
Before day fairly came: but I
Pressed on ere night was over,
And as I told my name I found
The way free as our prairie."
"Because, thank God! to-night," he said,
"The countersign is Mary."



WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME.

(The Regiment's Return.)

BY E. J. CUTLER.

He is coming, he is coming, my true-love comes home to-day! All the city throngs to meet him as he lingers by the way. He is coming from the battle with his knapsack and his gun—He, a hundred times my darling, for the dangers he hath run!

Twice they said that he was dead, but I would not believe the he;

While my faithful heart kept loving him I knew he could not die.

All in white will I array me, with a rosebud in my hair, And his ring upon my finger—he shall see it shining there!

He will kiss me, he will kiss me with the kiss of long ago; He will fold his arms around me close, and I shall cry, I know. Oh, the years that I have waited—rather lives they seemed to be—

For the dawning of the happy day that brings him back to me! But the worthy cause has triumphed. Oh, joy! the war is over! He is coming, he is coming, my gallant soldier lover!

Men are shouting all around me, women weep and laugh for

Wives behold again their husbands, and the mother clasps her boy:

All the city throbs with passion; 'tis a day of jubilee; But the happiness of thousands brings not happiness to me; I remember, I remember, when the soldiers went away. There was one among the noblest who has not returned to-day. Oh, I loved him, how I loved him! and I never can forget That he kissed me as we parted, for the kiss is burning yet! 'Tis his picture in my bosom, where his head will never lie; 'Tis his ring upon my finger—I will wear it till I die. Oh, his comrades say that dying he looked up and breathed my

They have come to those that love them, but my darling never

Oh, they say he died a hero—but I knew how that would be:
And they say the cause has triumphed—will that bring him back to me?

BIVOUAC OF THE DEAD.

BY THEODORE O'HARA.

The muffled drums' sad roll has beat The soldier's last tattoo; No more on life's parade shall meet

No more on me s parade shall me That brave and fallen few.

On Fame's eternal camping-ground Their silent tents are spread,

And glory guards, with solemn round The bivouac of the dead.

No rumor of the foe's advance Now swells upon the wind,

No troubled thought at midnight haunts
Of loved ones left behind:

No vision of the morrow's strife
The warrior's dream alarms.

No braying horn or screaming fife At dawn shall call to arms.

Their shivered swords are red with rust, Their plumed heads are bowed.

Their haughty banner, trailed in dust Is now their martial shroud—

And plenteous funeral tears have washed The red stains from each brow.

And the proud forms, by battle gashed,
Are free from anguish now.

The neighing troop, the flashing blade, The bugles' stirring blast,

The charge, the dreadful cannonade,
The din and shout are passed—
Nor war's wild note, nor glory's peal,

Shall thrill with fierce delight

Those breasts that never more may feel

The rapture of the fight.

Like the fierce northern hurricane That sweeps his great plateau,

Flushed with the triumph yet to gain Came down the serried foe—

Who heard the thunder of the fray Break o'er the field beneath,

Knew well the watchword of that day Was victory or death.

Full many a nother's breath has swept O'er Angostura's plain,

And long the pitying sky has wept Above its mouldered slain.

The raven's scream or eagle's fight,
Or shepherd's pensive lay,
Alone now wake each solemn height
That frowned o'er that dread fray.
Rest on, embalmed and sainted dead,
Dear as the blood ye gave!
No impious footstep here shall tread
The herbage of your grave:
Nor shall your glory be forgot
While Fame her record keeps,
Or Honor points the hallowed spot
Where Valor proudly sleeps.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S ADDRESS AT THE DEDICATION OF CETTYSBURG CEME-TERY.--NOVEMBER, 1864.

Four-score and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty, and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. Now we are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation, or any nation, so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battle-field of that war. We are met to dedicate a portion of it as the final resting-place of those who here gave their lives that that nation might live.

It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But in a larger sense we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note, nor long re member, what we say here, but it can never forget what they did here.

It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work they have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us, that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to the cause for which they gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain, that the nation shall, under God, have a new birth of freedom, and that the government, of the people, by the people, and for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

PART THREE.

G. A. R. SONGS.

THE POWER OF PATRIOTIC SONG.

Shortly after the firing on Fort Sumter, a gentleman in Washington, stopping at Willards' Hotel, relates the following incident. There was a feeling of terrible suspense and uncertainty prevalent. Great reluctance to commence a war, the fearful havor of which could not be foreseen; the Southern people were enthusiastic, the Northern people undecided. One evening when this dreadful feeing of gloom pervaded all hearts, a gentleman began singing the "Star Spangled Banner;" as he proceeded, his voice, at first feeble, grew strong and vigorous. The song was heard throughout the hotel, and one after another the windows were thrown open; then first one and then another joined in the song; until when the chorus of the second verse was reached, there was a mighty chorus of men's voices. The singing attracted the passers-by, who stopped and joined their voices also in the chorus, which swelled forth from over a hundred throats, electrified all who heard and transfixed all who sang. At the close, men grasped each other's hands, and sent forth cheer after cheer. The moment of indecision was past, and the spirit of partriotism was thus awakened that saved the Union.

(Copyrighted.)

THE LITTLE BRONZE BUTTON.

(Air, The Old Oaken Bucket.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM.

How dear to my heart are the comrades I cherish,
Who stood by my side in the battles' dark hours:
Who offered their lives that the land should not perish,
The nation our fathers had left us fer dower.
Who stayed not to question the right to defend her,
The mother who bore them, when enemies pressed;
But formost in battle, scorned coward surrender.
And earned them the signet that shines on their breast.

The little bronze button, the veterans' button;

The Grand Army button that shines on their breast.

It's the token of deeds of true partiot's daring:

It's the pledge of bright courage in battles of fray; There earned they the right to the honor of wearing

The symbol whose glory grows brighter each day. No jeweled insignia, with diamonds entwining,

No cross of the legions by princess possessed, Can ennoble the bosom on which it is shining,

Like the little bronze button they wear on their breast.

The eloquent button, the deed telling button;

The Grand Army button, that shines on their breast.

Whenever I see one, 'mid plainess or splendor, In the garments of wealth or of poverty dress'd, I know that the heart of a soldier is under

The little bronze button that shines on this breast.

So in life will I cherish, all honors exceeding,

And when, the March past, they shall lay me to rest, Like a soldier I'll slumber, earth's tumult unheeding, And the little bronze button shall sleep on my breast,

The Grand Army button, the heart cherished button, The battle won button shall sleep on my breast.

COMRADES.

We from childhood played together, my dear comrade, Jack and I:

We would fight each other's battles, to each other's aid we'd fly; And, in bovish scrapes and troubles, you would find us everywhere;

Where one went the other followed, naught could part us, for we were

CHORUS.

Comrades, comrades, ever since we were boys,

Sharing each other's sorrows, sharing each other's joys;

Comrades when manhood was dawning, faithful whate'er might

And when danger threatened the Union my darling old comrades were there by my side.

When just budding into manhood I vearned for a soldier's life: Night and day I dreamed of glory, longing for the battle's strife;

I said, "Jack, I'll be a soldier, 'neath the red, the white, and

Good-by, Jack!" Said he, "No, never! if you go then I'll go, too."

CHORUS.

Comrades, comrades, ever since we were boys,

Sharing each other's sorrows, sharing each other's joys;

Comrades when manhood was dawning, faithful whate'er might

When danger threatened my darling old comrade was there by my side.

I enlisted, Jack came with me, and up-and-downs we shared; For a time our lives were peaceful, but at length war was declared;

Our dear flag had been insulted, we were ordered to the front, And the regiment we belonged to had to bear the battle's brunt,

Chorus.

Comrades, comrades, ever since we were boys, Sharing each other's sorrows, sharing each other's joys; Comrades when manhood was dawning, faithful whate'er might betide.

When danger threatened my darling old comrade was there by my side.

In the night the savage foemen crept around us as we lay, To our arms we leaped, and faced them, back to back we stood at bay;

As I fought a rebet at me aimed his bayonet like lightning's dart,

But my comrade sprang to save me, and received it in his heart.

CHORUS.

Comrades, comrades, ever since we were boys. Sharing each other's sorrows, sharing each other's joys; Comrades when manhood was dawning, faithful whate'er might betide.

When danger threatened my darling old comrade was there by my side.

(Copyrighted.)

THIRTY YEARS ACO.

(Air—Just Twenty Years Ago.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM,

By Heaven's grace we meet again, Old memories we renew; We stand together just the same As when the bullets flew; We cling together as we did
When clouds were black with woe,
We sing together as we did
Near thirty years ago.

Times must have made our visions dim
"Since eighteen sixty-one;"
The sitvered locks, the trembling limb,
Reveal what age has done;
But time don't change our purpose—
We never backward go;
Our faith in right is just as brim
As thirty years ago.

Our country's fallen heroes sleep—
Some in neglected tomb;
What though her living cripples creep
In want, distress, and gloom.
No want can make their interest lag,
No sorrow, pain, nor wee.
They're just as loyal to the flag
As thirty years ago.

Mankind devotes the present hour
To rivalry for place.
Intent alone on gain and power.
And scheme to win life's race:
What if we keep the past in vain—
What if our pace be slow,
Our hearts though few beat just as true
As thirty years ago.

(Copyrighted.)

THE REBEL PICKET.

(Air—Annie Laurie.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM.

Potomac banks were bonny,
Some thirty years ago;
'Twas there I met a "Johnny"
From Rebeldom, you know,
From Rebeldom, you know,
Where rare persimmons grow;
And for this benighted "Johnny"
I'd ne'er lay down and die,

His eyes with fire were gleaming,
While he crept on apace;
His hair unkempt was streaming
Adown his grizzled face,
Adown his grizzled face,
Bereft of comely grace;
And for this deluded "Johnny"
I'd ne'er lay down and die.

His clothes were gray and muddy,
His slouch hat without a band,
His countenance was ruddy,
A gun was in his hand,
His gun was in his hand,
He was crawling o'er the sand;
And for this gray, skulking "Johnny"
I'd ne er lay down and die.

At last the bushes parted
Where I concealed had lain;
He rose and backward started,
I hailed him, but in vain,
I halted him in vain,
Then took deliberate aim
At this skulking, fleeing "Johnny"
Who at full length did lie.

I cautiously approached him,
Deep sorrow filled my heart,
And as I bound his bleeding limb
His quivering lips did part,
His quivering lips did part.
He said with fluttering heart.
"Yank, fill me up with whisky straight,
Then lay me down to die."

(Copyrighted.)

AFTER THE BATTLE.

(We Old Boys.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM.

'Twas side by side as comrades dear, In dark days long ago, We fought the fight without a fear, And rendered blow for blow; In battle, march, or prison pen, Each unto each was true, As beardless boys became strong men, And braved the long war through.

CHORUS.

We are the boys, the gay old boys, Who marched in sixty-one; We'll ne'er forget old times, my boys, When you and I were young.

And tho' thro' all these years of peace
We're somewhat older grown,
The spirit of those early days
We'll ever proudly own;
Our grand old flag is just as fair
As in the trying time
When traitors sought its folds to tear
And we suppressed the crime.

CHORUS.

What if grim age creeps on apace,
Our souls shall not grow old;
But we shall stand as in the days
When we were warriors bold;
We stood for right—for our dear land—
For home, and all that's true;
So, firmly clasp hand unto hand,
And comradeship renew.

CHORUS.

(Copyrighted.)

THE C. A. R.

(Air—Lanriger Horatius.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM.

Comrades tried and ever true— Members of the G. A. R.; Veterans who wore the blue In the ranks of G. A. R. Men who drew the Union sword— Saved the flag from rebel horde— Valor that mankind adored— Loyal, faithful G. A. R.

Men of this heroic host, In the ranks of G. A. R., 'Tis your privilege to boast Of the deeds of G. A. R. You remember days of yore— Comrades long since gone before Tenting now on mystic shore, Silent, faithful G. A. R. How these greetings dear to all Members of the G. A. R.,
Tenderest memories recall
To the living G. A. R.
Here our hopes and faith entwine—
Cling like tendrils to the vine,
Touch of kin almost divine
Binds the passing G. A. R.

(Copyrighted.)

THINKING TO-NICHT.

(Air—Tenting To-night.)

BY PERMISSION OF THE AUTHOR, F. S. BARTRAM.

We are thinking to-night of the old camp ground,
Where the bosom of earth was one bed.
Though the years that we passed in that wearisome round,
Till the last good-by was said.

CHORUS.

Many are the men we remember to-night.
Whose loss fills our hearts with regret,
Whose forms fondly cherished have passed from our sight,
But whose deeds we shall never forget.

Refrain.

Living to-night, thinking to-night, Thinking of the old camp ground.

How brief seem the years since we drifted apart, Since with thousands old time has stood still. Yet those memories linger in each loving heart, While their places no other can fill.

CHORUS.

Many are the men we remember to-night.
Whose loss fills our hearts with regret.
Whose forms fondly cherished have passed from our sight,
But whose deeds we shall never forget.

REFRAIN.

Living to-night, dving to-night, Thinking of the old camp ground. O! say can you see by the dawn's early light,
What so proudly we hail'd at the twilight's last gleaming;
Whose broad stripes and bright stars through the perilous fight
O'er the ramparts we watched were so gallantly streaming;
And the rocket's red glare; the bombs bursting in air,
Gave proof through the night that our flag was still there;
O! say, does the star-spangled banner still wave,
{
Repeat.
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave?

On the shore, dimly seen through the mist of the deep,
Where the foe's haughty host in dread silence reposes,
What is that which the breeze, o'er the towering steep,
As it fitfully blows, half conceals, half discloses?
Now it catches the gleam of the morning's first beam,
In full glory reflected now shines on the stream;
'Tis the star spangled banner, O! long may it wave {
C'er the land of the free and the home of the brave! {
Repeat.

And where is the band who so vauntingly swore
That the havoe of war and the battle's confusion,
A home and a country should leave us uo more?
Their blood has washed out their foul footsteps' pollution.
No refuge could save the hireling and slave
From the terror of flight or the gloom of the grave,
And the star-spangled bauner in triumph doth wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

O! thus be it ever when freemen shall stand
Between their loved homes and the foc's desolation;
Bless'd with victory and peace, may the Heaven-rescued land,
Praise the power that has made and preserved us a nation!
Then conquer we must, when our cause it is just,
And this be our motto—"In God is our trust."
And the star-spangled banner in triumph shall wave
Repeat
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

AIR:-Star Spangled Banner.

O say, have you heard how the Fing of our sires Was insulted by traitors, in boastful alliance, When for Union's dear cause, over Sumpter's red fires. In front of Rebellion it waved its defiance? Over Sumter it flew.

Over patriots true,

And through all that fierce conflict still dearer it grew. Twas the Flag of Fort Sumter! we saw it still wave O'er the heads of the Free and the hearts of the Brave !

That banner so bright, it was nailed to its mast, As a sign that for Freedom there's still no surrender; And the staff that up-bore it in battle's dread blast, Yet remains to be raised by its gallant def nder! Over Sumter it flew. Over Anderson true, And through all the dark conflict still dearer it grew. Twas the Flag of Fort Sumter! O long may it wave

O er the heads of the Free and the hearts of the Brave! When in Union's dear name, freedom's cause to sustain, Round our Washingtons form, half a million assembled,

In the Statue's prond hand, high unrolled once again, Ro e the Flag that in danger's front never had trembled ! Streaming heavenward it flew,

Over patriots true,

And though torn from the conflict, still dearer it grew. Twas the Flag of Fort Sumter! we saw it still wave O er the heads of the Free and the hearts of the Brave!

There are fields yet to win, there are conflicts to fight. Till the foes of our Union are vanquished forever! But the flag that was nailed over Sumter's red height, From the staff that upheld it no traitors can sever: It shall fly as it flew,

Over patriots true, Whilst our oaths for the Union beneath we renew; For the Flag of Fort Sumter in glor, shalil wave O'er the heads of the Free and the hearts of the Brave! Our camp-fire shone bright on the mountains. That frowned on the river below, While we stood by our grass in the morning, And eagerly watched for the foe; When a rider came out from the darkness. That hung over mountain and tree,

That hung over mountain and tree, And shouted, "Boys, up and be ready, For Sherman will march to the sea."

Then cheer upon cheer for bold Sherman, Went up from each valley and glen,

And the bugles rechoed the music,
That came from the lips of the men.
For we knew that the stars on our banner
More bright in their splender would be,

And that blessings from Northland wou' greet we When Sherman marched down to the sea.

Then forward, boys, forward to battle, We marched on our wearisome way, And we stormed the wild hills of Resaca, God bless those who fell on that day!

God bless those who fell on that day! Then Kenesaw, dark in its glory, Frowned down on the flag of the free.

But the East and the West bore our standards, And Sherman marched down to the sea.

Still onward we pressed till our banners Swept out from Atlanta's grim walls, And the blood of the patriot dampened The soil where the traitor's flag falls;

But we paused not to weep for the fallen,
Who slept by each river and tree,

Yet we twined them a wreath of the laurel.

As Sherman marched down to the sea.

9h, proud was our army that morning, That stood where the pine proudly towers, When Sherman said, "Boys, you are weary, This day fair Savannah is ours!"

Then sung we a song for our chieftain,
That echood o'er river and lea.

And the stars in our banner shone brighter, When Sherman marched down to the sea.

And now, though our marching is over,
And peace and the Union are sure,
We think we will finish our labor.

And all that we fought for secure

By voting for wise men and true men

That they may our sentmets be,

To guard what our gallant men went for When Sherman marched down to the sec. Air: --- "Red, White and Blue."

America, land of bright freedom,
No longer accursed by a slave,
When tyrants denounce, never heed (hem,
But up with the flag of the brave.
It shone o'er ranks in dark danger,
When missiles of death round us flew,
To skulking and fear 'tis a stranger.
When borne by the Grant Boys in Blue,
CHORUS.

When borne by the Grant Boys in Blue, When borne by the Grant Boys in Blue, To skulking and fear 'tis a stranger, When borne by the Grant Boys in Blue.

When rebels our Union to sever,
Made war o'er the land and the seas,
Not an inch would we yield them, no, netw,
But threw our old flag to the breeze.
Around it the valiant quick rally,
Their featty to freedom renew,
On the march, in battle and the sally,
Shone the flag of the Grant Boys in Blue.

Shone the flag, &c.

At Shiloh, at Vicksburg, at Lookout,
At Donelson, pelted by storm,
We bo e it o'er ramport and redoubt,
Gave victory a lustre and form.
In the Wilderness, constant in battle,
Through weeks of dread conflict it flew,
'Twas seen in the midst of war's rattle,
Proudly borne by the Grant Boys in Blue.

Proudly borne, &c.

When Grant our great leader was there, Richmond fell, (only traitors deplore it,)
Appomatox saw Lee in despair.
Grant and victory, nothing could sever,
Grant and victory, the boast of the true,
The Army and Navy for ever,
Huzza for the Grant Boys in Blue.

- Huzza for the Grant, &c.

No field but as victors we bore it,

Y• sons of Freedom, rally round him! Hark! hark! what thousands bid you rise! Behold! with laurels they have crowned him What eager shouts and joyous cries! Shall treacherous minions, terror-breeding, In council sit, a ruffian band, To shame and descrate our land, While we look tamely on, unheeding?

CHORUS.

Arouse! arouse! ye brave, Who fought to keep us free. Once more, once more, fill up the ranks For Grant and Victory!

Now, now our country shrinks and trembles,
Not from the battle's rude alarms.
But from the danger which dissembles,
The serpent-sting that silent harms.
Her generous bosom warmed the traitor,
Who turns and wounds her in the hour
When she has laid aside her power,
And dreams not foes at home await her,

Arouse! arouse! ye brave, &c.

Oh, Liberty! can men resign thee!
Or e'er forget who rushed to save—
Whose arm, in danger's hour entwined thee,
Whose breast, a shield for thee, he gave?
No, grateful millions round him rally,
With eager shouts and joyous cries—
Hark, how from mountain-top and valley,
The loud exalting preans, rise!

Arouse! arouse! ye brave, &c.

701 DREAMED MY BOY WAS HOME AGAIN.

Lonely, weary, broken-hearted,
As I laid me down to sleep,
Thinking of the day we parted,
When you told me not to weep;
Soon I dreamed that peaceful Angels
Hovered o'er the battle-plain,
Singing songs of joy and gladness,
And my boy was home again.

CHORUS.

How well I know such thoughts of joy, Such dreams of bliss are vain! My heart is sad, my tears will flow, Until my boy is home again.

Cears were changed to loud rejoicings,
Night was turned to endless day,
Loving birds were sweetly singing,
Flowers blooming in light array;
Old and young seemed light and cheerful,
Peace seemed everywhere to reign,
My poor heart forgot its sorrow;
For, my boy was home again!

How well I know, &c.

But the dream is past: and with it
All my happiness is gone:
Cheerful thoughts of joy have vanished,
I must still in sorrow mourn;
Soon may peace with all its blessings,
Our unhappy land reclaim,
Then my tears will cease their flowing,
And my boy be home again!

How well I know, &c.

Hark! to the shrill trumpet calling,
It pierces the soft summer air;
Tears from each comrade are falling,
For the widow and orphan are there;
Bayonets earthward are turning,
The drum muffled voice breathes around,
Yet he heeds not the voice of the mourner,
Nor wakes to the soft bugle's sound.

Sleep, soldier, the many may mourn thee,
And weep e'er thy cold form to day;
Soon, soon will thy kindred forget thee,
Thy name from the earth pass away;
The man thou hast loved as a brother,
Some friend in thy place shall have gain'd
Thy dog shall keep watch for another,
Thy steed by another be reined.

The many new mourn for thee sadly,
Soon joyous as ever they'll be;
Thy bright orphan boy will laugh gladly,
As he sits on some brave comrade's knee.
But there's one who'll be true to her duty,
Who will mourn for the lost and the brave,
As when first in the bloom of her beauty,
She wept o'er her I. yed soldier's grave.

72 BRING MY BROTHER BACK TO ME.

Bring my brother back to me, When this war is done; Give us all the joys we shared, Ere it had begun; Oh! bring my brother back to me, Never more to stray! This is all my earnest prayer, Through the weary day.

CHORUS.

Bring him back, bring him back, With his smiling, healthful glee; Bring him back, bring him back, Bring my brother back to me!

All the house is lonely now,
And my voice no more,
In the pleasant summer eves,
Greets him at the door.
Never more I hear his step
By the garden gate,
While I sit in anxions tears,
Knowing not his fate.

Bring him back, &c.

Bring my brother back to me,
From the battle strife;
Thou who watchest o'er the good.
Shield his precious life!
When this war has pased away,
Safe from all alarms;
Bring my brother home again,
To my longing arms!

Oh? see you not yonder the foe in his might?

The dark battlements rise like dim shadows before us;
But, oh! we are eager and long for the fight,

With faith in our hearts and the flag streaming o'er us.

When the first streak of morn o'er the waters shall dawn,

With high throbbing bosoms we'll brave every storm,

And this be our watchword: Our dear Liberty,

The country that bore us, the land of the free!

Up! onward! Zonaves, through the battle and smoke,
'Mid the thunder of cannon, straight into the breach!
Charge, Blue-Devils! see how the Rebels have broke.
Advance then—their columns you swiftly will reach.
Bright bayonets flash as we furiously dash
With splendid precision and nothing done rash;
Our brave Kimball leads us the victory is won,
Our flag's on the ramparts, the battle is done!

But, ah! we must stop and relate how we sighed

For the brave the adored and lamented Monteil,

Chargez mes enfants! and a true soldier died.

With the soul of a patriot and heart firm as steel!

His praise will be sung upon every tongue,

While the hearts that are now with their anguish wrung,

Will be proud of the Zouave who died in the van,

The hero and Christain fellow comrade, and man.

74 MY COUNTRY'S FLAG OF STARS

Words by Lieut, Wm. D. PORTER, U. S. N. Music by Anton Straub

The Music of this Song is published by E. H. HARDING. 288 Bowery. Price, 10 cents.

I've roam'd for many a lengthen'd mile
Upon the stormy seas;
I've seen some twenty banners float
Full proudly on the breeze.
That standard, too, Great Britain's pride,
The boast of England's tars,
Yet none could thrill my heart like thee,
My Country's Flag of Stars.
Yet none could thrill my heart like thee,
My Country's Flag of Stars.

Brazil's gay flag of gorgeous dyes,
The banner of Old Spain,
Ev'n Gallia's bunting as it flies,
Is not undimm'd by stain.
Their lustre has been sullied oft
At home by deadly jars,
But thy bright azure fold is pure,
My Country's Flag of Stars.
But thy bright azure fold is pure,
My Country's Flag of Stars.

In some fam'd foreign port I've seen
The ships of half the world,
To celebrate some gala day.
Their bunting all unfurl'd.
With eager heart, I've glauced my eye

Along their tap'ring spars, Until my gaze has fixed on thee, My Country's Flag of stars. Until my gaze has fixed on thee. My Country's Flag of Stars.

And as thy stripes and star-speck'd field Broke on my eager sight, My heart beat strong, my bosom thrilled With unalloyed delight. I hailed thee as the cynosure Of true Columbian Tars : The banner of the brave and free. My Country's Flag of Stars. The banner of the brave and free. My country's Flag of Stars.

Oh where's the heart, possessing but One spark of freedom's zeal, That does not, gazing on thy folds. A patriot's spirit feel. What veteran too, as he looks down Upon his dear bought scars, That does not hail thee with delight, My Country's Flag of Stars. That does not hail thee with delight, My Country's Flag of Stars.

"BEXNY HAVENS" was for many years a contraband seller of liquors and viands to the "West Point Cadets," and in course of time, was expelled from the immediate precincts of the millitary academy. He then opened a regular establishment a mile or two south of West Point, which has been a favorite place of resort for Cadets on a convivial party, "sans permissione." The lamentedO'Brien, formerly a sergeant in the army, was commi-sioned as a lieutenaut in the "Eighth Infantry." Before or while about joining his regiment, he stopped at West Point to visit an early friend of his, the late Major RIPLEY A. ARNOLD, then a first class Cadet, residing at No 32 "Rue de Cockloft," in the old North Branch. They made frequent excursions to "Benny's." The song was composed by O'BRIEN, ARNOLD, and others of the class, became, as it is now, and ever will be, extremely popular with all graduates who ever learned the way to "Benny Havens" during their academical course at West Point. A GRADUATE.

Come, tune your voices comrades, and stand up in a row, For to singing sentimentally, we are about to go. In the army there's so briety, promotion very slow, So we'll sigh our reminisences of Benny Havens, Oh!

CHORUS.

O! Benny Havens, O! O! Benny Havens, O!
We'll sigh our reminiscences of Benny Havens, O!
O! Benny Havens, O! O! Benny Hevens, O!
We'll sigh our reminiscences of Benny Havens, O!

Let us toast our foster father (the Republic as you know.)
Who in the paths of science taught us upwards for to go;
And then the madiens of our land, whose cheeks with roses
glow.

Whose smiles and tears were sung 'mid cheers, at Benny Havens O !

O! Benny Havens, &c.

To the ladies of the Empire State, whose hearts and albums
too.

Bear sad examples of the wrongs that stripling soldiers do, We bid a sad adieu, our hearts with sorrow overflow, Our loves and rhymings had their source at Benny Havens, Oh)

O ! Benny Havens, &c.

Of the smile-wreathed maids with virgin lips, like roses dipped in dew.

Who are to be our better halves we'd like to take a view; But sufficient to the bridal day is the ill of it, you know. So we'll cheer our hearts with chorusing old Benny Havens O1

O! Benny Havens, &c.

To the ladies of the army, our cups stall overflow! Companions of our exile, and our shield 'gainst every woe! We throw the gauntlet in their cause, and taunt the soulless for Who'd hesitate to drink to them, and Benny Havens O!

O ! Benny Havens, &c.

May we never lack a smile for friend, or stern heart for a foc, May all our paths be pleasantness, wherever we may go!
May the muster-roll of after years report us "statu qou,"
And goodly samples of the age, of Benny Havens O!

O! Kanny Havens, &c.

Oh remember, gallant comrades, as o'er the past we go, The ties that must be cut in twain, as o'er 114e's sea we row! The hearts that throb in unison must moulder down below, And laughing lips lie mute that wagg'd at Beany Havens O!

O! Benny Havens, &c,

Tis said by commentators, when to other worlds we go, We follow the same handicraft we did in this below. If this be true philosophy (the sexton, he says no), What days of dance and song we'll have at Benny Heavens Of

O! Benny Havens &a.

As the ruby-tinted dahlia owes its purest, brightest glow,
To the warmest rays that Sol can pour upon it here below.
So our hearts acquire new joyousness from brilliant eyes that
throw

The genial rays upon our souls, and Benny Havens O!

O! Benny Havens, &c.

Air: "Captain Jinks."

I'm General Pat of the Sons of Mars,
I smokes and eats the best cigars,
I drinks at all the whiskey bars,
I'm gineral in the army;
I tache politicians all the tricks,
All the tricks, all the tricks,
I tache politicians all the tricks,
I'm one of the general committee.

Spoken: Yes, gintleman, I'm one of the gineral committee of our ward. When I was before Patersburg with big fat Curnell Gleason, I was going to be court-martialed one day for dealing out too much grog to the bhoys: but I wasn't court-martialed any way, and I've come here to-night to be your humble and affectionate servant.

I'm Gineral Pat of the Sons of Mars, I drinks at all the whiskey bars, I cats and smokes the best cigars, I'm a gineral in the army,

I joined the corps in '61,

I tell you my boys it was no fun,

The very first battle I fell in,

I own I wasn't cut out for the army.

When I left home, my father he cried,

My brother he cried, my sister she cried,

When I left home, my mother she cried,

"Arrah, Patsy, are ye going to the army?"

Spoken: "Yes, mother," says I, "a divil a pig will I ever feed for you agin." "Well," says she, "God bless ye, for ye was always a good obadiant boy, and I hope you'll send me be me a bit of your bounty, for the rint is coming due at the stof the month." "I will, mother," says I. "But howsomever, gintlemin, I was always the first man in battle and the fast ont of it, and I never liked to cross my sword with a man that had as white a face as I did, or spaking of the same language, or a man from my own country, but if it was a nagur or a Dutchman, or a Cuban, or any other filibuster, begorna, he wouldn't be master of his own scalp for more than fifteen min utes, for I always was and always will be to the day I die—God bless the mark!

I'm Gineral Pat, &c.

We met the enemy at Bull Run,
And I was there with my big gun,
When the rebels saw me, they all did run,
Away from me in the army,
The rebels they did all ery out,
They all did shout, they all bawled out,
The rebels they did all ery out,
Shoot that Irishman out of the army.

Spoken: Yes, gintlemin, and, begorra, I was afraid they were a-going to do it, and if they had, what would have been the consequence? Why the Fenian Brotherhood would be deprived of one of its brightest ornaments. But you see they havn't, gintlemin, and I'm here to-night to be your most humble and affectionate servant.

I'm Gineral Pat, &c.

Hail Columbia! happy land! hail, ye heroes! heaven-born band!

Who fought and bled in Freedom's cause,

Who fought and bled in Freedom's cause,

And when the storm of war was gone, enjoyed the peace your valor won.

Let independence be our boast, ever mindful what it cost; Ever grateful for the prize, let its altar reach the skies.

CHORUS.

Firm united let us be, rallying round our liberty;
As a band of brothers joined, peace and safety we shall find.

Immortal patriots, rise once more, defend your rights, defend your shore.

Let no rude fee, with impious hand,

Let no rude foe, with impious hand,

Invade the shrine where sacred lies, of toil and blood the well-earned prize.

While offering peace sincere and just, in heaven we place a manly trust,

That truth and justice will prevail, and every scheme of bondage fail.

Firm united let us be, &c.

Sound, sound the trump of fame! let Washington's great name

Ring through the world with loud applause, Ring through the world with loud applause;

Let every clime to Freedom dear, listen with a joyful ear.

With equal skill and god-like power, he govern'd in the fearful hour

Of horrid war! or guides, with ease, the happier times of honest peace.

Firm united let us be, &c.

Behold the chief who now commands, again to serve his country, stands—

The rock on which the storm will beat,

The rock on which the storm will beat;

But, armed in virtue firm and true, his hopes are fix'd on Heaven and you.

When hope was sinking in dismay, and gloom obscured Columbia's day,

His steady mind, from changes free, resolved on death or liberty.

Firm united let us be, &c.

On Shiloh's dark and bloody ground,
The dead and wounded lay;
Among them was a drummer boy,
Who beat the drum that day,
A wounded soldier held him up,
His drum was by his side;
He clasped his hands, then raised his eyes,
And prayed before he died:

Look down upon the battle-field.
O Thou, our Heavenly Friend I
Have mercy on our simil souls!—
The soldiers cried, Amen!
For, gathered round a little group,
Each brave man knelt and cried—
They listened to the drummer boy,
Who prayed before he died.

O Mother! said the dying boy,
Look down from Heaven on me;
Receive me to thy fond embrace—
O!! take me home to thee—
I've loved my Country as my God;
To serve them both I've tried—
He smiled, shook hands—death seized the boy,
Who prayed before he died,

Each soldier wept, then like a child— Stout hearts were they, and brave— The Flag, his winding sheet—God's Book, The key unto his grave. They wrote upon a simple board These words, This is a guide To those who'd mourn the drummer boy, Who prayed, before he died.

Ye, Angels' round the throne of grace, Look down upon the braves, Who fought and died on Shiloh's plain, Now slumbering in their graves; How many homes made desolate! How many like that drummer boy, Who prayed, before he died! Words by W. DEXTER SMITH, JR.

usic by HENRY TUCKER.

In one of our late battles a young lieutenant had his right foot so shattered by a fragment of a shell that, on reaching Washington after one of those horrible ambulance rides, and a journey of a week's duration, he was obliged to undergo amputation of the leg. He telegraphed hone, bundreds of miles away, that all was going well, and with a soldier's fortistic of the legs of the legs of the soldier's fortistic of the legs of the legs

tude composed himself to bear his sufferings alone.

Unknown to him, however, his mother, one of those dear reserves of the army, hastened up to join the main force. She reached the city at midnight, and the nurses would have kept her from him until morning. One sat by his edde fanning him as he slept, her hand on the feeble, fluctuating pulsations which foreboded sad results. But what woman's heart could resist the pleadings of a mother then? In the darkness she was finally allowed to glide in and take the place at his side. She touched his pulse as the nurse had done. Not a word had been spoken; but the sleeping boy opened his eyes and said: "That feels like my mother's hand! Who is this bestied me? It is my mother; turn up the gas, and let me see mother!"

The two dear faces met in one long, joyful sobbing embrace, and the fondness pent up in each heart sobbed and panted and

wept forth its expression.

The gallant fellow, just twenty-one, his leg amputated on the last day of his three years service, underwent operation after operation, and at last, when death drew nigh, and he was told by tearful friends that it only remained to make him comfortble, said: "he had looked death in the face too many times to be afraid now," and died as gallantly as did the men of the Cumberland.

Thro' the darkness I have listened,
For the music of her voice,
For the gentle words of comfort,
That would make my heart rejoice
All the weary hours I've counted,
Measured o'er and o'er again, f
Yet no Mother came to cheer me,
Or to soothe my throbbing pain.

CHORUS. (

I have prayed she might be near me

Ere I seek that other Land, f

And I feel she is beside me,

For I know my mother's hand.

WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME 83

Hark I hear familiar footsteps, And a well-remembered sigh, Bringing back the distant moments, When youth's changeful hours went by; And I feel the gentle pressure, On my brow, thy kisses fanned, Tes I know she is beside me,

I can feel my mother's hand.

I have prayed, &c.

Mother! yes, it is my mother,
She is here beside me now,
In the world there is no other,
Who can caim my burning brow;
Let me look upon her features,
Which I off with love have scanned.
Oh! I know it is my mother,
For I feel her gentle hand.

I have prayed, &c.

WHEN JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME.

When Johnny comes marching home again, hurrah, hurrak We'll give him a hearty welcome then, hurrah, hurrah! The men will cheer, the boys will shout!

The ladies, they will all turn out,

And we'll all feel gay,

When Johnny comes marching home.

The old church-bell will peal with joy, hurrah, hurrah! To welcome home our darling boy, hurrah, hurrah!

The village lads and lasses say With roses they will strew the way,

And we'll all feel gav,

When Johnny comes marching home.

Get ready for the Jubilee, hurrah, hurrah! We'll give the hero three times three, hurrah, hurrah!

The laurel-wreath is ready now To place upon his loyal brow,

nd we'll all feel gay,
When Johnny comes marching home.

Let love and friendship, on that day, hurrah, hurrah!
Their choicest treasures then display, hurrah, hurrah!
And let each one perform some part,

To fill with joy the warrior's heart,

And we'll all feel gay,

When Johnny comes marching home.

84 TENTING ON THE OLD CAMP GROUND.

We're tenting to-night on the old camp-ground, Give us a song to cheer,

Our weary hearts, a song of home And friends we love so dear!

CHORUS.

Many are the hearts that are weary to-night, Wishing for the war to cease: Many are the hearts looking for the right, To see the dawn of peace: Tenting to-night, tenting to-night, Tenting on the old camp-ground.

We've been tenting to-night on the old camp-ground, Thinking of the days gone by: Of the loved ones at home, that gave us the hand, And the tear that said: Good-bye!

Many are the hearts, &c.

We are tired of war on the old camp-ground:
Many are dead and gone,
Of the brave and true, who've left their homes:
Others have been wounded long.

Many are the hearts, &c.

We've been fighting to-day on the old camp-ground:
Many are lying near,
Some are dead, and some are dying,
Many are in tears!

CHORUS.

Many are the hearts that are weary to-night,
Wishing for the war to cease;
Many are the hearts looking for the right,
To see the dawn of peace:
Dying to-night, dying to-night,
Dying on the old camp-ground.

Say, darkeys, hab you seen de masse, Wid de muffstash on his face, Go long de road some time dis mornin', Like he gwine to leab de place? He seen a smoke way up de ribber, Whar de Linkum gunboats lay; He took his hat, an' lef' berry sudden, An' I spec' he's run away I

CHORDS

De massa run? ha! ha! ha!

De darkey stay? ho, ho!

It mus' be now de kingdom comin!

An' de year ob Jubilo!

He six foot one way, two foot tudder,
An' he weigh tree hundred pound,
His coat so big, he couldn't pay de tailor,
An' it won't go half way round.
He drill so much, dey call him Cap'an,
An' he get so drefful tanned,
I spec' he try an' fool dem Yankees,
For to tink he's contraband.

De massa, &c.

De darkeys feel so berry lonesome, Libing in de log-house on de lawn, Dey move dar tings to massa's parlor, For to keep it while he's gone. Dar's wine an' cider in de kitehen, An' de darkeys dey'll hab some; I spose dey'll all be cornfiscated, When de Linkum sojers come.

De massa, &c.

De oberseer he make us trouble,
An' he dribe us round a spell;
We lock him up in de smoke-house cellar,
Wid de key trown in de well.
De whip is lost, de han'-cuff broken,
But de massa'll hab his pay,
He's ole enuff, big enuff, ought to know better
Den to went, an' run away.

De massa, &.

A Parody on: "Who will Care for Mother Now?"

Among the many heroic fellows who drew a prize in the U.S. lottery, was a distinguished Frenchman—from Limerick—the only support of himself. On being told by the Surgeon he would "Pass," he placed his hand on his empty stomach, and white a big tear of bravery rolled down his cheek, exclaimed in accents that would have touched the heart of a wheel-barrow: "Who will care for Micky now?"

Arrah! Molly darlin' I am drafted, Sure I must for a soger go; An' lave you all alone behind me, For to fight the rebel foe— But, be the powers! me plack is failin', Big drops of swate roll down my brow; 9ch, millia murther! I am drafted, Who will care for Micky now?

CHORUS. Soon 'gainst ribels I'll be marching,
Wid the swate upon me brow—
Och, blud an' nouns! I'm kilt entirely:
Who will care for Micky now?

Arrah! who will comfort me in sorrow,
Wid a drop of gin or beer;
Wash me dirty shirts and stockin's?
Faix! there's no one, I fear—
Me feet are blistered wid the marching,
Me knapsack makes me shoulders bow—
Pork and crackers are me rations:
Who will care for Micky now?
Soon 'gainst ribels, &c.

Indade I miss me feather pillow
An' bed on which I used to lie—
The pine planks make me feel uneasy,
If I had wings, och! wudn't i fly i
But one ov me legs is stiff. dear.
Since I was kicked be Murphy's cow;
I'm afraid I niver can skedaddle:
Who will care for Micky now?
Soon 'gainst ribels, &c.

The retired soldier, bold and brave,
Now rests his weary feet,
And in the shelter of the grave,
Has found a safe retreat;
To him the trumpet's piercing breath,
To arms, they call in vain;
For quartered in the arms of death,
He'll never, never march again.

CHORUS.

March, march again, march, march again, March, march again, march, march again, For quartered in the arms of death, He'll never, never march again.

A day when he left his father's home,
The charms of war to try.
O'er regions hath he had to roam,
No friend or mother nigh,
But still he marched contented on,
Met danger, death and pain,
And now at rest, all dangers o'er,
He'll never, never march again.

March, march, &c.

The sweets of spring by beauteous hand,
Lay scattered on his bier,
Whilst listening round his comrades stand,
Gave honest Ned a tear,
Whilst lovely Kate, for Ned's delight,
Chief mourner of the train,
Cried, as she view'd the solemn sight
He'll never, never march again.

March, march, &c.

Words by E. BOWERS.

Music by P. B. Isaads.

An Officer, captured at the battle of Bull-Ron, relates the following incident. After our capture, I observed a Federal prisoner tenderly cared for by a rebel soidier. I gleaned, from their conversation, that they were brothers. The brave boy, while battling for the Union, received his death-wound from his own brother, at that time a private in the rebel ranks. Never shall I forget the look of utter despair depicted upon that rebel's face; the dying boy, with a smile of holy resignation, elasped his brother's hand, spoke of their father who was then fighting for their dear old flag, of mother, of home, of childhood—then, requesting his brother to write a letter to mother, and imploring him never to divulge the secret of kirdeath, the young here yielded up his life.

Raise me in your arms, my brother,
Let me see the glorious sun;
I am weary, faint and dying,
How is the battle—lost or won?
I remember you, my brother,
Sent to me that fatal dart:
Brother fighting against brother,
"Tis well—'tis well that thus we part.

CHORUS.
Write a letter to my mother,
Send it when her boy is dead:
That he perished by his brother;
Not a word of that be said!

Father is fighting for the Union,
And you may meet him on the field:
Could you raise your arm to smite him?
Oh! could you bid that father yield!
He who loved us in our childhood,
Taught the infant prayers we said!
Brother, take from me a warning,
I'll soon be numbered with the dead.
Write a letter, &c.

Do you ever think of mother,
In our home within the glen,
Watching, praying for her children?
Oh! would you see that home again?
Brother, I am surely dying,
Keep the secret—for, 'tis one,
That would kill our angel mother,
If she but knew what you had done!
Write a letter, &c.

A young soldier who was everely wounded at the battle of Antietam, lay at one of the hospitals at Frederick. A surgeon passing by his bed-side, and seeing his boyish face lighted up with a peaceful smile, asked him how he felt. "Oh! I am happy and contented now," the soldier replied; "last night, mother kissed me in my dream!

Lying on my dying bed,
Through the dark and silent night,
Praying for the coming day,
Came a vision to my sight;
Near me stood the forms 1 loved,
In the sunlight's mellow gleam;
Folding me unto her breast,
Mother kissed me in my dream;
Mother, Mother,
Mother kissed me in my dream!

Comrades, tell her, when you write,
That I did my duty well,
Say that, when the battle raged,
Fighting in the van I fell,
Tell her, too, when on my bed
Slowly ebbed my being's stream,
How I knew no peace until
Mother kissed me in my dream!

Once again I long to see
Home and kindred far away;
But I feel I shall be gone
Ere there dawns another day!
Hopefully I bide the hour
When will fade life's feeble beam,
Ev'ry pang has left me now.
Mother kissed me in my dream!
Mother, mother, &c.

Just before the battle, Mother,
I'm thinking most of you,
While, upon the field, we're watching,
With the enemy in view.
Comrades brave are round me lying,
Filled with thoughts of home and God;
For, well they know that, on the morrow,
Some may sleep beneath the sod.

CHORUS.

Farewell! Mother, you may never
Press me to your heart again,
But oh! you'll not forget me, Mother,
If I'm numbered with the slain!

Oh! I long to see you, Mother,
And the loving ones at home:
But I'll never leave our Banner,
Till in honor I can come.
Tell the traitors, all around you,
That their cruel words, we know,
In ev'ry battle kill our soldiers,
By the help they give the foe.

Farewell! Mother, &c.

Hark! I hear the bugles sounding:
"Tis the signal for the fight,
Now may God protect us, Mother,
As he ever does the right!
Hear the "Battle-cry of Freedom,"
How it swells upon the air!
Oh! yes, we'll rally round our Standard,
Or wo'll perish nobly there!

Farewell Hother, do.

Still upon the field of battle
I am lying, mother dear,
With my wounded comrades, waiting
For the morning to appear.
Many sleep to waken never
In this world of strife and death;
And many more are faintly calling,
With their feeble dying breath.

CHORUS.

Mother dear, your boy is wounded, And the night is drear with pour; But still I feel that I shall see you, And the dear old home again.

Oh! the first great charge was fearful!

And a thousand brave men fell,
Still, amid the dreadful carnage,
I was safe from shot and shell?
So, amid the fatal shower,
I had nearly passed the day,
When, here, the dreaded Minnie struck me,
And I sunk amid the fray!

Mother dear, &c.

Oh! the glorious cheer of triumph,
When the foemen turned and fled,
Leaving us the field of battle,
Strewn with dying and with dead!
Oh! the torture and the anguish
That I could not follow on;
But, here amid my fallen comrades,
I must wait till morning's dawn.

Mother dear, otc.

Each day an extra blow.
Repudiate—we scorn the word,
And those who use it too;
We are not knaves or bankrupts yet,
Nor are the Boys in Blue.

Hurrah, hurrah, &c.

Haste, loyal men, fill up your ranks,
Bring every soldier out;
This struggle ought to be our last,
And give the final rout.
But, lo, they come! a sea of men!
Impatient for the fray;
They come! they come! in throngs so vast,
Our work shall seem but play.

Hurrah, hurrah, &c.

"STAND BY THE FLAG."

Words by JNO N. WILDER. Esq. Music by HENRY TUCKER.

Music of this Song published in the RADICAL DRUM-CALL.

Stand by the flag, its folds have streamed in glory;
To foce a fear, to friend a festal robe,
And spread in rhythmic lines the sacred story,
Of Freedom's triumplis over all the globe.
Stand by the flag, on land and ocean billow;
By it your fathers stood unmoved and true,
Living defended, dying, from their pillow,
With their last blessings passed it on to you.

Stand by the flag, though death-shots round it rattle
And underneath its waving folds have met,
In all the dread array of sanguine battle,
The quiv'ring lance and glitt'ring bayonet.
Stand by the flag, all doubt and treason scorning,
Believe with courage firm, and faith sublime,
That it will float until th' eternal morning
Pales in its glories all the lights of time.

Poetry and Music By E. W. LOCKE.

The bugle call rings loud and clear, And loud the rolling drum; Our comrades haste to seek their posts. The time for work has come; The beacon fires burn bright again. They flash on every hill; From sea to sea the shout goes up, We march to victory still!

CHORUS.

Hurrah! hurrah! for our noble cause! Hurrah for our leaders true! We'll stand by the men who stood by the flag And so will the Boys in Blue. And so will we all, and so will we all, Our pledge we now renew; We'll strike once more for the cause we love, And so will the Boys in Blue!

Through gloomy years of bloody strife, We've battled side by side; With brave, true hearts and sinewy arms We've stemmed each fi'ry tide. Eternal Justice nerv'd us then, And gave the conquering will; With hearts atlame, and God our trust, We strike for Justice still.

Hurrah, hurrah, &c.

Our motto, Equal rights to all; The ballot shall be free; Who stakes his life to save the flag May vote with you and me. We'll ask him not his birth or kin. Or prate about his hue, But every man unstained with crime May vote with Boys in Blue.

Hurrah, hurrah, &c

We'll keep the nation's sacred pledge, Pay every dime we owe; Each loyal arm will gladly strike

On the field of battle, mother, All the night alone I lay, Angels watching ofer me, mother, Till the breaking of the day; I lay thinking of you, mother, And the loving ones at home, Till to our dear cottage, mother, Boy again I seemed to come.

CHORUS.

Kiss for me my brother, sister,
When I sleep deep in the grave,
T ll I died true to my country—
Her honor tried to save.

I must soon be going, mother,
Going to the home of rest;
Kiss me as of old, mother,
Press me nearer to your breast;
Would I could repay you, mother,
For your faithful love and care,
God uphold and bless you, mother,
In this bitter woe you bear,

Kiss for me, ste.

I'VE COME HOME TO DIE.

Dear mother, I remember well
The parting kiss you gave to me,
When merry rang the village bell,
My heart was full of joy and glee.
I did not deem that one short year,
Would crush the hopes that soared so high;
Oh! mother dear, draw near to me,
Dear mother, I've come home to die.

CHORUS.

Call sister, brother to my side,
And take your soldier's last good-bye;
Oh! mother, dear, draw near to me,
Dear mother, I've come home to die,

Dear mother, sister brother all

Dear mother, sister, brother, all.
One parting kiss—to all good-bye;
Weep not, but clasp your hands in mine,
And let me like a soldier die!
I've met the foe upon the field,
Where kindred fiere-ly did defy.
I sought for right—God bless our flag!
Doar mother, I've come home to die.

Call sister, etc.

I am dying, comrades, dying
As you bear me, lightly tread;
Soon, ab, soon, I shall be lying
With the silent, sleeping dead!
I am dying, comrades, dying,
Still the battle rages near;
Tell me, are our foes a flying?
I die happy, Mother dear!
consus.
Tell my Mother I die happy,
That for me she must not weep;
Tell her how I long to kiss her,
Ere I sunk in death to sleep!

I am going, comrades, going;
See how damp my forchead's now;
Oh, I see the Angels coming,
With bright garlands for my brow
Bear this message to my Mother:
How in death that God was near,
He to bless and to support me;
I die happy, Mother dear!
Tell my Mother, &c.

Lay me, comrades, 'neath the willow,
That grows on the distant shore;
Wrap the Starry Flag around me,
I would press its folds once more;
Let the cold earth be my pillow,
And the Stars and Stripes my shroud;
Soon, oh! soon, I shall be marching
Amid the Heavenly Crowd!
Tell my Mother, &c.

We shall meet, but we shall miss him;
There will be one vacant chair;
We shall linger to caress him,
While we breathe our evening prayer. A
When, a year ago, we gathered,
Joy was in his mild blue eye;
But a golden cord is severed,
And our hopes in ruins lie.

CHORUS.

We shall meet, but we shall miss him;
There will be one vacant chair;
We shall linger to caress him,
When we breathe our evening prayer.

At our fireside, sad and lonely,
Often will the bosom swell
At remembrance of the story
How our noble Willie fell;
How he strove to bear our banner
Through the thickest of the fight,
And upheld our country's honor,
In the strength of manhood's might.

We shall meet. &:

True, they tell us wreaths of glory
Ever more will deck his brow;
But this soothes the anguish only,
Sweeping o'er our heart strings now.
Sleep to-day, O early fallen!
In thy green and narrow bed;
Dirges from the pine and cypress
Mingle with the tears we shed.

We shall meet, &c.

Words by E. Bowers. Music by HENRY TUCKER-

Dear Mother, I remember well
The parting kiss you gave to me,
When merry rang the village bell;
My heart was full of joy and glee;
I did not dream that on short year,
Would crush the hopes that soar'd so high!
Oh! Mother dear, draw near to me,
Dear Mother, I've come home to die.

CHORUS.

Call sister, brother, to my side, And take your Soldier's last Good-bye, Oh! Mother dear, draw near to me, Dear mother, I've come home to die.

Hark! Mother, 'tis the village bell,
I can no longer with you stay;
My Country calls, to arms! to arms!
The foe advance in fierce array!
The vision's past, I feel that now,
For Country! can only sigh;
Oh! Mother dear, draw near to me,
Dear Mother, I've come home to die.

Call sister, brother, &c.

Dear Mother, Sister, Brother, all,
One parting kiss to all: Good-bye!
Weep not! but clasp your hand in mine,
And let me like a soldier die!
I've met the foe upon the field,
Where kindred fiercely did defy,
I fought for right, God bless the Flag!
Dear, Mother I've come home die!

Call sister, brother, &c.

1. Solo.

Gaily the bold Zonaves

Dash o'er the plain,

Bearing down the enemy,

Not fearing death or pain.

CHORUS.

Hail to the bold Zouaves,

Who ne'er from danger fly;
Bold Zouaves! bold Zouaves!

They conquer or die.

2. Solo.

Rough is the soldier's life,

Hard oft his fare;

Yet in the deadly strife,

There's nought he will not dare.

CHORUS.

Hail to the soldiers brave,
Who ne'er from danger fly—
Soldiers brave! soldiers brave!
They conquer or die,

3. SoLo.

Peaceful, at dead of night,
Of home soldiers dream.
They sleep till, in morn's grey light,
Watch-lires cease to gleam.

CHORUS.

Rouse ! rouse ! drum-beat alarms, Fresh dangers ever nigh-To arms! to arms! To arms! to arms! To conquer, or die.

4. SEMI-CHORUS.

Forward, march! your country calls, Where cannons roar-Fear not, though rifle-balls Like hail-storm pour.

DOUBLE CHORUS.

Shout! shout, for victory : From danger never fly-Fair Freedom's sons can only say, We conquer or die.

5. Solo.

Glorious the warrior's crown, When the victory's gained-When he lays his armor down, The Stars and Stripes maintained.

CHORUS.

Hail! though with many scars, * Mid mad Rebellion's cry-Our nation's Flag! the Stripes and Stars! That Flag shall never die !

Heavily falls the rain,
Wild are the breezes to-night;
But 'neath the roof the hours, as they fly,
Are happy and calm and bright;
Gathering round the fire-side,
Though it be summer time,
We sit and talk of brothers abroad,
Forgetting the midnight chime.

CHORUS.

Brave boys are they,
Gone at their country's call;
And yet, and yet we cannot forget
That many brave boys must fall.

Under the homestead roof,
Nestled so cosy and warm,
While soldiers sleep with little or naught
To shelter them from the storm,
Resting on grassy couches,
Pillowed on hillocks damp;
Of martial fare how little we know,
Till brothers are in the camp!
Gone at their country's call, &c.

Thinking no less of them,
Loving our country the more,
We sent them forth to fight for the Flag,
Their Fathers before them bore,
Though the great tear-dreps started,
This was our parting trust;
Glod bless you! boys: we'll welcome you home.
When rebels are in dust.
Gone at their country's call, &c.

May the bright wings of love
Guard them wherever they roam.
The time has come when brothers must fight,
And sisters must pray at home.
Oh! the dread field of battle—
Soon to be strewn with graves!
If brothers fall, then bury them where
Our banner in triumph waves!
Gone at their country's call, do.

Yonder comes a weary soldier,
With falt ring steps across the moor;
Mem'ries of the past steal o'er me:
He totters to the cottage-door.
Look! my heart can not deceive me:
'Tis one we deemed on earth no more,
Call Mother, haste, do not tarry,
For, Brother's fainting at the door.

CHORUS.

Kindly greet the weary soldier,
Words of comfort may restore,
You may have an absent Brother,
Fainting at a stranger's door.

Mell us, Brether, of the battle,
Why you were numbered with the dain;
We, who thought you lost forever,
Now clasp you to our arms again;
Oh! may others share the blessing,
Which Heaven kindly keeps in store:
May they meet their absent loved ones,
Ay, e'en though fainting at the door!

Kindly great, etc

I was wounded and a pris'ner,
Our ranks were broken, forced to fiy,
Thrown within a gloomy dungeon,
Away from friends, alone to die.
Still the hope was strong within me,
A cherished hope that would restore:
have lived, by Heaven's blessing,
To meet my loved ones at the door.

Kindly greet, &c.

102 WE ARE COMING FATHER ABRAHAM

We are coming, Father Abraham,
Three hundred thousand more;
From Mississippi's winding stream,
And from New England's shore.
We leave our plonghs and workshops,
Our wives and children dear;
With hearts too full of utterance,
With but a silent tear.
We dare not look behind us,
But steadfastly before—
We are coming. Father Abraham,
Three hundred thousand more!

CHORUS.

We are coming, we are coming, Our Union to restore; We are coming, Father Abraham, With three hundred thousand more,

If you look across the hill-tops,
That meet the Northern sky;
Long moving lines of rising dust,
Your vision may desery.
And now the wind, an instant,
Tears the cloudy veil aside;
And floats aloft our spangled flag,
In glory and in pride.
And bayonets in the sunlight gleam,
And bands brave music pour—
We are coming, Father Abraham,
Three hundred thousand more.

We are coming, &c.

JARECOMING JATHER ABRAHAM. [Concluded, 103

If you look all up our valleys,
Where the growing harvests shine;
You may see our sturdy farmer boys,
Fast forming into line.
And children from their mother's kneez,
Are pulling at the weeds;
And learning how to reap and sow,
Against their country's needs.
And a farewell group stanks weeping
At every cottage door—
We are coming, Father Abraham,
Three hundred thousand more!

We are coming, &s

You have called us, and we're coming,
By Richmand's bloody tide;
To lay us down for freedom's sake,
Our brothers' bones beside;
Or from foul treason's savage group
To wrench the murderons blade;
And in the face of foreign foes,
Its fragments to parade.
Six hundred thousand loyal men,
And true, have gone before—
We are coming, Father Abraharz,
Three hundred thousand more!

We are coming, &

What a charm has the drum with its tan-a-ran-tan,
When we march to the gay parade!
O, the music we love is the bold rataplan,
And the rubadub merrity play'd.
Every heart is inspired by its magical sound,
There's a soul in the stirring drum.
And there is not a voice while its echoes rebound,
But would cry "Let the enemy come."

CHORUS.

So merrily, O!
So cheerily, O!
So merrily march away,
Rataplan! rataplan! rataplan! rataplan!
March away while we may,
"Tis a gay gala day,
And our banners are flaunting high,
In the sun sword and gun flash around every one;
With a glance just as bright as the sky.

To the field when we march, how the tan-a-ran-tan Makes the heart of the soldier glow!

Let him hear but the roll of the bold rataplan,

And how gullantly forward he'll go!

When the battle is done,

And the victory won,

Still the sound of the rolling drum

Sends its echoes afar,

From the red field of war,

To the dear friends who welcome us home.

EISS ME, MOTHER, KISS YOUR DARMING. 105

Words by Letta C. Lord.

Music by Q F. Read

Kiss me, mether, kiss yeur darling, Lean my bead upon your breast, Fold your loving arms around me, I am weary, let me rest. Scenes of life are swiftly fading, Brighter seems the other shore: I am standing by the river, Angels wait to wait me o'er.

CHORUS.

Kiss me, mother, kiss your darling
Lean my head upon your breast,
Fold your loving arms around me,
I am weary, let me rest.

Kiss me, mother, kiss your darling,
Breathe a blessing on my brow:
For, I'll soon be with the Angels,
Fainter grows my breath e'en new.
Tell the loved ones not to murmur;
Say I died our Flag to save,
And that I shall slumber sweetly
In the soldier's honored grave.

Kiss me, mother &c.

Hark! I hear the Angel Band,
How I long to join their number
In that fair and happy land!
Hear you not that lieavenly mus's,
Yloating near so soft and low?
I must leave you—farewell, mother!
Kies me once before I go.

Th! how dark this world is growing,

Kiss me mother, &c.

AIR:-" Annie Lisle."

Down where the patriot army, Near Potomac's side; Guands the glorious cause of freedom, Gallant Ellsworth died. Brave was the noble chieftain; At his country's call, Hastened to the field of battle, And was first to fall.

CHORUS

Strike, freemen for the Union! Sheath your swords no more; While remains in arms a traitor, On Columbia's shore!

Entering the traitor city,

With his soldiers true;
Leading up the Zouave columns,
Fixed became his view.
See: that rebed flag is floating
O'er yon building tall;
Spoke he, while his dark eye glistened,
Boys, that flag must fall!
Strike, Freemen, &c.

Quickly, from its prond position, That base flag was torn; Trampled 'neath the feet of Freemen, Circling Ellsworth's torm.

See him bear it down the landing,
Past the traitor's door;
Hear him groan: Oh! God, they've shot him!
Ellsworth is no more.

Strike, Freemen, &&

First to fall, thou youthful martyr, Hapless was thy fate; Hastened we, as thy avengers, From thy native State. Speed we on, from town and city, Not for wealth or fame; But because we love the Union, And our Ellsworth's name.

Strike, Freemen, &c.

Traitor's hands sl.all never sunder That for which you died;
Hear the oath our lips now ntter,
Thon, our nation's pride.
By our hopes of you bright heaven!
By the land we love!
By the God who reigns above us!
We'll avenge thy blood.

Strike, Freemen, &c.

Our Jimmy has gone for to live in a tent,
They have grafted him into the army;
He finally puckered up courage and went,
When they grafted him into the army.
I told them the child was too young: alas!
At the Captain's fore quarters, they say, he would pass,
They train'd him up well in the infantry class—
So, they grafted him into the army.

CHORUS.

O Jimmy, farewell! your brothers fell Way down in Alabarmy; I thought they would spare a lone widder's heir, But they grafted him into the army.

Dressed up in his unicorn, dear little chap!
They have grafted him into the army:
It seems but a day since he sot in my lap;
But they grafted him into the army:
And these are the trousers, he used to wear—
The very same buttons—the patch and the tear—
But Uncle Sam gave him a bran new pair,
When they grafted him into the army.

O, Jimmy, farewell ! &c.

They have grafted him into the army;
A picket beside the contented field,
They have grafted him into the army.
He looks kinder sickish—begins to cry,
A big volunteer standing right in his eye!
Oh! what if the ducky should up and die,
Now they've grafted him into the army.

Now, in my provisions I see him revealed,

O Jimmy, farewell, &c.

108 WHO WILL CARE FOR MOTHER NOW?

During one of our late battles, among many other noble fellows that fell, was a young men who had been the only support of an aged and sick mother for years. Hearing the Surgeon tell those who were near him, that he could not live, he placed his hand across his forehead and, with a trembling voice, said, while burning tears ran down his fevered checks: "Who will eare for mother now?"

Why am I so weak and weary?
See how faint my heated breath,
All around to me seems darkness
Tell me, comrades, is this death?
Ah! how well I know your answer,
To my fate I meekly bow,
If you'll only tell me truly;
Who will eare for mother now?

CHORUS.

Soon with angels I'll be marching,
With bright laurels on my brow,
I have for my country fallen,
Who will care for mother now?

Who will comfort her in sorrow?
Who will dry the fallen tear,
Gently smooth the wrinkled forehead?
Who will whisper words of cheer?
Even now I think I see her,
Kneeling praying for me! how,
Can I leave her in her anguish?
Who will care for mother now?

Soon with angels, &c.

Let this knapsack be my pillow,
And my mantle be the sky;
Hasten, comrades, to the battle,
I will like a soldier die.
Soon with angels I'll be marching,
With bright laurels on my brow;
I have for my Country fallen,
Who will care for mother now?

Soon with angels, &.

AIR :- " Who will care for Mother new."

Weep no more, O nobly fallen!
Banish sorrow from thy heart;
Hark! the angels, round thee hov'ring,
Words of peace and joy impart.
See! they bid yon join their number,
Wreath bright lanrels round thy brow,
Murm'ring softly as they crown thee:
God will care for mother now.

CHORUS.

Weep no more, O nobly falten! Let not sorrow cloud thy brow; Holy Angels round thee whisper: God will care for mother now.

When that mother, sad and lonely,
Mourns her loved and cherished one,
When in agony she murmurs:
Give me back my darling son!
When she's crushed and bowed with trouble
And her heart is filled with fears;
Then, the angels sweetly whisper:
God will wipe away her tears.

Weep no more, &c.

Oh! how sweet those words of comfort To the dying soldier's ear! Who so anxinosly is asking:

"Who will cherish mother here, When I reach that land of glory, And before my Maker bow?"

Sweetly comes the whispered answer:

God will care for mother now.

On the 30th day of May, 1868, with one accord, the loyal people of the Union visited the graves of the dead Union soldiers and strewed them with flowers.

The following beautiful poem expressing so gracefully and tenderly, the feelings connected with the day with it commenorates, is from the pen of Gen. Charles C. Van Zandt

May 30th, 1868.

With tolling bells, and booming guns; And muffled drum-beat's throb, With heavy step and shrouded flags, Each half drawn breath a sob.

The solemn Army marches through
The quiet listening town;
To deck with memory's flowery stars,
The green turned up with brown.

The little mounds of dew wet grass; The chiselled blocks of stone,— Where soldiers rest, where heroes sleep, Wrapped in the flag—alone!

Ho! comrade with the single arm,
Give me a wreath of green
To hang upon this snowy slab,
The rain drops silvery sheen.

Upon its glossy laurel leaves
Are tears our Mother weeps—
Now some Immortelles for a crown
For here our General sleeps.

This is a very little mound, He was so young to die,— Give me some Rose-buds and those sprigs Of fragrant Rosemary. Now brother with the shattered leg, Hand me those Hyacinths blue, To place upon this grassy hill, For he was always true.

White, sunrise-flushed Arbutus buds, Are just the very things, To sweetly serve the drummer boy, He sleeps in life's young spring.

That Passion flower of glorious bloom
Like Him who died to save;
With these white Lillies, stainless, sweet,

Rest on the Chaplain's grave.

Those bright Verbenas' perfect red,

These valley lillies white,
Those blue-bells and forget-me-nots,
These Daisies starred with bright.

Have gathered from the rainbow tints Old Glory's stripes and gold—

Her Color Sergeant's grave shall bear, These fruits of wounds untold.

Lavender and Cassia, Of each a little spray—

He was a Christian, and he loved To teach his men to pray.

This man was old, full threescore years, When he went forth to fight, Bring me some Ivy's glossy leaves And full blown Roses white.

Some scarlet holly berries here, And mistletoe's green spray, This soldier fell in the wild fight

We had on Christmas day.

A branch of that sweet Orange bloom
And one red flower—the tide

Of his young life poured out and left
A broken hearted bride.

Seatter the flowers we bear, around The white tents of the dead, The night comes down, the day is done The old Flag overhead—

Hangs silently and wearily,
The rain falls on the sod,
Our loved ones sleep, how well they died
For Freedom and for God.

112 WILLIE HAS GONE TO THE WAR.

The blue bird is singing its lay,

To all the sweet flowers of the dale;
The wild bee is roaming, at play;
And soft is the sigh of the gale;
I stray by the brook-side, alone,
Where oft we have wandered before,
And weep for my loved one—my own:
My Willie has gone to the war!

CHORUS.

Willie has gone to the war, Willie—Willie, my loved one—my own:
Willie has gone to the war, Willie-Willie, my loved one, has gone.

It was there, where the lily-bells grow, 'That I last saw his noble oung face; But now he has gone to the foc—
Oh! dearly I love the old place!
The whispering waters repeat
The name that I love, o'er and o'er,
And daisies, that nod at my feet,
Say: Willie has gone to the war!

Willie has gone, &c.

The leaves of the forest will fade,
The roses will wither and die,
And Spring to our home in the glade,
On fairy-like pinions, will fly:
But still I will hopefully wait,
Till the day when these battles are o'er;
And pine like a bird for its mate,
Till Willie, somes home from the war.

Willie has gone, &c.

By permission of Root and Capr.

Bring the good old bugle, boys! we'll sing another song— Sing it with that spirit that will start the world along— Sing it as we used to sing it fifty thousand strong, While we were marching through Georgia.

CHORUS.

"Hurrah! hurrah! we bring the Jubilee! Hurrah! Hurrah! the flag that makes you free!" So we sing the chorus from Atlanta to the sea, While we were marching through Georgia.

How the darkies shouted when they heard the joyful sound! How the turkeys gobbled which our commissary found! How the sweet potatoes even started from the ground, While we were marching through Georgia.

Hurrah, hurrah! &c.

Yes, and there were Union men who wept with joyful tears, When they saw the honored flag they had not seen for years; Hardly could they be restrained from breaking off in cheers, While we were marching through Georgia.

Hurrah, hurrah! &c.

"Sherman's dashing Yankee boys will never reach the coast!"
So the saucy rebels said, and 'twas a handsome boast,
Had they not forgot, alas, to reckon with the host,
While we marching through Georgia.

Hurrah, hurrah! &c.

So we made a thoroughfare for Freedom and her train, Sixty miles in latitude—three hundred to the main; Treason fled before us, for resistance was in vain, While we were marching through Georgia.

Hurrah, hurrah! &c.

But the march is not yet finished, nor will we ret disband,
While still a trace of treason remains to curse the land,
Or any foe against the flag uplifts a threatening hand,
For we've been marching through Georgia.

Hurrab, hurrah! &c.

When Right is in the White House and Wisdom in her seat The reconstructed Senators and Congress men to greet, Why then we may stop marching, and rest our weary feet, For we've been marching through Georgia.

Hurrah, hurrah! &c.

114 IT'S ALL UP IN DIXIE.

Words and music by HENRY TUCKER.

This cruel war is almost done, Poor old Jeff.

The game you've lost and Abe has won, Poor old Jeff.

You'd better just throw up the thing,

And take what's call'd "leg bail,"

For if you're caught you're bound to swing,

Poor old Jeff.

CHORUS.

"It's all up in Dixie!"

"It's all up in Dixie!"

The Jig is up in Dixie's Land!

LET UNION STAND FOREVER!!

You thought in Broadway grass would grow,

Poor old Jeff.

I think you find it is no go, Poor old Jeff.

When sugar grows on cherry trees,

And rivers turn to rum,

The grass may grow where'er you please,

Poor old Jeff.

"It's all up in Dixie," &c.

You've often boasted how you'd fight,

Poor old Jeff.

But that "last ditch "don't turn out right,

Poor old Jeff.

You'll find that fighting for the rag,

You once so proudly flew,

"Hold fast a better dog than Bragg,"

Poor old Jeff.

"It's all up in Dixie," &c.

Four precious Knaves are in each pack,

Poor old Jeff.

You've had some four score at your back, Poor old Jeff.

1 oor old sen.

But knaves don't always win the same,

You'll find it out to your cost

Old Uncle Sam holds "High, Low, Game,"

Poor old Jeff.

"It's all up in Dixie," &c.

Your boys have sometimes nobly fought,

Poor old Jeff.

When bread and beef you stole or bought,

Poor old Jeff.

But brave or not, your hungry band, Will learn, I fear, too late,

That RIGHT with MIGHT must rule this land,

Poor old Jeff.

"It's all up in Dixie," &c.

THE RISING OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Composed by A. J. H. DUGANNE.

Hurrah! for Pennsylvania!

She's blazing up at last! Like a red furnace, molten

With Freedom's rushing blast!

From all her mines the war light shines, And out of her iron hills,

The glorious fire leaps higher and higher, Till all the land it fills.

From valley green and mountains blue

Her veomanry arouse!

And leave their forges burning,

And the oxen at their ploughs: And spring up from highland and headland,

And muster in forest and plain, By the blaze of their fiery beacons,

In the land of Antony Wayne.

Hurrah! for Pennsylvania!

116

Her sons are clasping hands Down from the Alleghanies,

And up from Jersey's sands,

Juniata fair to the Delaware,

Is winding her bugle bars;

And the Susquehanna, like war-like banner, Is bright with Stripes and Stars;

And the hunter scours his rifle,

And the boatman grinds his knife,

And the lover leaves his sweetheart,

And the husband leaves his wife; And the women go out in the harvest,

To gather the golden grain,

While the bearded men are marching, In the land of Anthony Wayne."

Hurrah; for Pennsylvania!

Through every vale and glen,

Beating, like resolute pulses, She feels the tread of men;

From Erin's lake her legions break-

From Tusearora's gorge;

And with ringing shout they are tramping out

From brave old Valley Forge; And up from the plains of Paoli

The minute men march once more:

And they earry the swords of their fathers,

And the flags their fathers bore; And they swear, as they rush to battle.

And they swear, as they rush to battle, That never shall cowardly stain

THE RISING OF PENNSYLVANIA. [CONCLUDED.] 117

Dishonor a blade or banner in the land of Anthony Wayne.

Hurrah! for Pennsylvania! She fears no traitor hordes;

Bulwarked, on all her borders,

By loyal souls and swords

From Delaware's strand to Maryland,

And bright Ohio's marge.

Fyery freeman's hand is her battle brand

Every freeman's heart her targe;

And she stands, like her Delaware Breakwater,

In fierce Rebellion's path,

To shiver its angry surges.

And baffle its frantic wrath, And the tide of Slavery's Treason

Shall dash on her in vain—

Kolling back from the ramparts of Freedom-The land of An-

thony Wayne.

Hurrah! for Pennsylvania! We hear her sounding call—

Ringing out Liberty's summons

From Independence Hall!

That toesin rang, with iron clang,

In the Revolution's hour,

And 'tisringing again, through the hearts of the men,

With a terrible glory and power;

And all the People hear it—

That mandate old and grand;
"Proclaim to the uttermost nation

That Liberty rules the land!"

And all the people chant it-

That brave and loyal strain—
On the borders of Pennsylvania, the land of Anthony Wayne!

Hurrah! for Pennsylvania!

And let her soldiers march

Under the arch of Triumph-

The Union's star-lit Arch!
With banners proud and trumpets loud.

With banners proud and trumpets loud,
They come from border fray—

From the battle-fields, where hearts were shields,

To bar the Invader's way! Hurrah! for Pennsylvania!

Her soldiers well may march

Beneath her ancient banner— The Keystone of our Arch!

And all the mighty Northland

Will swell the triumph rain—

From the land of Pennsylvania, the land of Anthony Wayne

The Prisoner's Hope.

In the prison-cell I sit,
Thinking, Mother dear, of you,
And our bright and happy home, so far sway.
And the tears they fill my eyes,
Spite of all that I can do,
Tho' I try to cheer my comrades and be gay.

CHORUS.

Tramp, tramp, tramp! the boys are marching, Cheer up! comrades, they will come, And beneath the Starry Flag, We shall breathe the air again, Of the Free-land in our own beloved home.

In the battle-front we stood,
When their fiercest charge they made,
And they swept us off, a hundred men or more;
But, before we reached their lines,
They were beaten back dismayed,
And we heard the ery of Victry, o'er and o'er.

Tramp, tramp, tramp! &c.

Tramp, tramp, tramp! &c.

So, within the prison-cell,
We are waiting for the day
That shall come to open wide the iron door;
And the hollow eye grows bright,
And the poor heart almost gay,
As we think of seeing home and friends, once more

A SEQUEL TO "TRAMP, TRAMP, TRAMP."

Oh I the day it came at last

When the glorious tramp was heard,

And the boys came marching fifty thousand strong.

And we grasped each other's hands.

Though we muttered not a word,

As the booming of our cannon rolled along,

CHORUS.

On, on, on, the boys came marching, Like a grand majestic sea:

And they dashed away the guard from the heavy iron door.

And we stood beneath the starry banner free.

Oh! the feeblest heart grew strong, And the most despondent sure.

When we heard the thrilling sounds we loved so well.

For we knew that want and woe We no longer should endure,

When the hosts of freedom reached our prison cell.

CHORUS

On, on, on, the boys came marching, Like a grand majestic sea;

And they dashed away the guard from the heavy fron door,
And we stood beneath the starry banner free.

Oh! the war is over now,

And we're safe at home again,

And the cause we've fought and suffered for is won;

But we never can forget,
'Mid our woes and 'mid our pain,

How the glerious Union boys came tramping on.

CHORUS.

Yes, yes, yes, the boys came marching, Like a grand majestic sea;

And they dashed away the guard from the heavy iron door,

And we stood beneath the starry banner free.

Oh, 'twas Grant who led them on When they came to set us free,

And we glory in the sound of his dear name, That has dear and dearer grown

To the ears of such as we,

Since to let us out of prison down he came.

CHORUS.

Grant and the boys came onward marching,

Like a grand majestic sea,

And they cashed away the guard from the heavy iron and we stood beneath the starry banner free.

PARODY ON LORD LOVELL.

Lord Love! he sat in St. Charles' Hotel, In St. Charles' Hotel sat he; As fine a case of a Southern swell, As ever you'd wish to see—see—see, As ever you'd wish to see.

120

Lord Lovell the town had vowed to defend, A waving his sword on high; He swore that his last ounce of powder he'd spend And in the last ditch he'd die.

He swore by black and he swore by blue, He swore by the stars and the bars: That never he'd fly from a Yankee crew, While he was a son of Mars

He had fifty thousand gallant men,
Ffty thousand men had be;
Who had all sworn with him that they'd never surrender
To any tarnation Yankee.

He had forts no Yankee alive could take, And had iron-clad boats a score; And batteries all around the lake, And along the river shore,

Sir Farragut came with a mighty fleet, With a mighty fleet came he; And Lord Lovell instanter began to retreat Before the first boat he could see.

Oh! tarry, Lord Lovell, Sir Farragut cried, Oh! tarry, Lord Lovell, said he: I rather think not, Lord Lovell replied, For, I'm in a great hurry.

I like the drinks at the St. Charles' Hotel, But I never could bear strong Porter: Especially when it's served on the shell. Or mixed in an iron mortar.

I reckon you're right, Sir Farragnt said: I reckon you're right, said he For, if my Poster should fly to your head, A terrible smash there'd be.

Oh! a wonder it was to see them run,
A wonderful thing to see!
And the Yankees sailed up without firing a guu,
And captured their great citic.

Lord Lovell kept running all day and night, Lord Lovell a running kept he: For, he swore be couldn't abide the sight Of the gun of a live Yankee.

When Lord Lovell's life was brought to a close, By a sharp-shooting Yankee gunner; From his head there sprouted a red, red nose, From his feet a—Scarlet Runner.

BATTLE HYMN OF THE REPUBLIC.

Air .- "Glory Hallelujah."

Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord;
He is tramping out the vintage where the grapes of wrath are
stored;

He has loosed the fateful lightning of his terrible swift sword His truth is marching on.

CHORUS.

Glory! glory! Hallelujah! Glory! glory! Hallelujah! Glory! glory! Hallelujah! His truth is marching on.

I have seen him in the watch fire of a hundred circling camps;
They have builded him an altar in the evening dews and damps.
I can read his righteous sentence by the dim and flaring lamps;
His day is marching on.

Glory! glory! Hallelujah, &c.

I have read a fiery gospel writ in burnished rows of steel;
"As ye deal with my contemners, so with you my grace shall deal;

Let the Hero, born of woman, crush the serpent with his heel Since God is marching on."

Glory ! glory ! Hallelujah ! &c.

He has sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat?
He is sifting out the hearts of men before His judgment-seat.
Oh, be swift, my soul, to answer Him! be jubilant, my feet!
Our God is marching on.

Glory ! glory ! Hallelnjah ! &c.

In the beauty of the lilies Christ was born across the sea,
With a glory in his bosom that transfigures you and me;
As he died to make men holy, let us die to make men free,
While God is marching on.

Glory! glory! Hallelujah! &c.

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The army is gathering from near and from far; The trumpet is sounding the call for the war; A brave man's our leader, he's gallant and strong, We'll gird on our armor, and be marching along.

CHORUS.

Marching along, we are marching along, Gird on the armor and be marching along; A brave man's our leader, he's gallant and strong; For Grant and for Colfax, we're marching along!

The foe is before us, in battle array;
But let us not waver, or turn from the way.
The Lord is our strength, and the Union's our song;
With courage and faith, we are marching along.

Marching along, &c,

We sigh for our Country, we mourn for our dead: For them, now, we hope the last blood has been shed; Our cause is the right one: our foe's in the wrong; Then gladly we'll sing as we're marching along!

Marching along, &c.

The flag of our country is floating on high;
We'll stand by that Flag, till we conquer or die!
A brave man's our leader, he's gallant and strong;
We'll gird on our armor, and be marching along!
Marching along,

Our Country has called her brave sons to the field; To false-hearted traitors she never must yield; Then forward true soldiers, let this be our song; To conquer or die! we are marching along!

CHORUS.

Marching along, we are marching along.

The Union to save we are marching along!

Let traitors beware! for there's death in our song

To conquer or die! we are marching along!

The strewn be our path with the dying and dead;
The to battle, through rivers of blood, we are led;
Our hearts will be firm, and our courage be strong;
For God is our guide, as we're marching along!

Marching along, &c.

Near the graves where our comrades lie sleeping in death,
We soon for our country may yield our last breath;
We'll fight till we die! let our flag but still wave!
For a bright ray of glory will hallow each grave!

Marching along, &c

Then, on let us march! boys—on, to the fight!
Success must be ours, since our cause is the right;
Three cheers for our flag, and three cheers for our song;
To conquer or die! we are marching along!

Marching along, 4c.

The rebel thieves were sure of thee,
Maryland, our Maryland!
And boasted they would welcome be,
Maryland, our Maryland!
But now they turn and now they flee,
With Stone-wall Jackson and with Lee,
And loyal souls once more are free!

Maryland, our Maryland l

With plundered guns and stolen swords,
Maryland, our Maryland!
On thee they came in ruffian hordes,
Maryland, our Maryland!
With raving oaths and roaring words,
And pirate's knives and hangman's cords,
They swarmed acress the border fords,

Maryland, our Maryland!

Through passways of the mountain crags,
Maryland, our Maryland!
They bore their vile secession flags,
Maryland, our Maryland!
Like beggar troops in fifthy rags,
Barefooted men, and spavined nags,
Their voices hoarse with Southern brags,

Maryland, our Maryland!

Like dogs all raving for a crumb,
Maryland, our Maryland!
They madly rushed for bread and rum,
Maryland, our Maryland!
But backward run, with voices dumb,
And drooping hands and faces glum,
They ran from Union's rolling drum,

Maryland, our Maryland!

Air:-" The Bold Soldier Boy."

O, there's no use now in sighing,

Or crying— Or shving—

For traitors are defying

The flag we hold so dear!

And there's not a girl we love, sir, Though timid as a dove, sir,

That will not cast the glove, sir,

When treason walks so near;

With all her charms, She'll rouse to arms; With love's alarms— She cries

Arise!

Your country is in danger, my Bold Volunteer!

Oh, there's work, boys, to be done,

None may shun—

None will run-

There's a battle to be won
For the land we hold so dear!

And if one there be who'd falter,
Or shrink from freedom's altar.

His end may be a halter.

His meed a felon's bier :

Whilst far away,

In Freedom's fray, We'll win the day,

And fly

On high,

The flag that's left in keeping of the Bold Volunteer
O! we're off to meet the foemen.—

Each yeoman

A Roman; Away from the pleasant homes and

The scenes we hold so dear ;

But the hearts we leave behind us.
In memory's ties shall bind us,
Of kindred to remind us,

And friendship's joys sincere; In battle's reel.

'Mid clash of steel, And trumpet's peal,

We'll hear, So clear,

The voices that are praying for the Bold Volunteer!

And when, to drum and fife, From the strife, Full of life,

Back to sweetheart and to wife We shall march with songs of cheer,

Oh! the joys that then will meet us,
The smiles that then will greet us,
The line that will entreet us.

The lips that will entreat us, With kisses doubly dear!

Such royal pay, On victory's day, Might make us pray For war,

Once more,
To call again to conflict the Bold Volunteer!

COLUMBIA RULES THE SEA.

Words by Josiah D. Canning, " Peasant Bard." Music by HENRY TUCKER

The pennon flutters in the breeze,
The anchor comes "apeak,"
'Let fall, sheet home," the briny foam,
And ocean's wastes we seek
The booming gan speaks our adieu,
Fast fades our native shore.

CHORUS.

Columbia free, shall rule the sea, Britannia ruled of yore.

We go the tempest's wrath to dare,
The billows maddened play,
Now climbing high against the sky,
Now rolling low away,
While Yankee Ouk bears Yankee hearts,
Courageous to the core.

Columbia free, &c.

We'll bear her flag around the world, In thunder an i in flame, The seagirt isles a wreath of smiles, Shall form around her name, The winds shall pipe her peans loud, The billowy chorus roar.

Columbia free. &c.

John Brown's body lies a mouldering in the grave, John Brown's body lies a mouldering in the grave, John Brown's body lies a mouldering in the grave, His soul's marching on!

Chorus.—Glory Hally, Hallelujah!

Glory Hally, Hallelnjah! Glory Hally, Hallelnjah! His soul's marching on.

He's gone to be a soldier in the army of our Lord. He's gone to be a soldier in the army of our Lord, He's gone to be a soldier in the army of our Lord, His soul's marching on!

> Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory, Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah!

His soul's marching on!

John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back,

John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back, John Brown's knapsack is strapped upon his back,

His soul's marching on? Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! His soul's marching on!

His pet lambs will meet him on the way, His pet lambs will meet him on the way, His pet lambs will meet him on the way,

They go marching on !

Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! As they go marching on!

They will hang Jeff Davis to a sour apple tree, They will hang Jeff Davis to a sour apple tree, They will hang Jeff Davis to a sour apple tree,

As they go marching along!
Glory Hally, Hallelujah!
Glory Hally, Hallelujah!
Glory Hally, Hallelujah!

As they go marching along!

Now, three rousing cheers for the Union! Now, three rousing cheers for the Union! Now, three rousing cheers for the Union!

As we go marching on!

Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Glory Hally, Hallelujah! Hip, hip, hip, hip, Hurrah!

Our Soldiers, now, are marching to ards the South, Our Soldiers, now, are marching to ards the Souta, Our Soldiers, now, are marching to ards the South, To wipe out Secession.

Chorus,—Glory! Glory! Hallelijah!

The Stars and Stripes forever wave!
Glory! Glory! Hallelijah!
The Union we shall save!

Treason, soon, will be forced to dig its grave,
Treason, soon, will be forced to dig its grave,
Treason, soon, will be forced to dig its grave,
Treason, soon, will be forced to dig its grave,
[Cheen I deep I deep

Never again to rise! [Glory! Glory! &c. The Rebels, now, are shaking with alarm,

The Rebels, now, are shaking with alarm,
The Rebels, now, are shaking with alarm,
Want to be let alone! [Glory! Glory! &c.

Run, Jeff, run! if you wish to save your neck, Run, Jeff, run! if you wish to save your neck, Run, Jeff, run! if you wish to save your neck, For we are on your heels!

Glory ! Glory ! &c.

To Friends, hope, but to traitors we'll give rope, To Friends, hope, but to traitors we'll give rope, To Friends, hope, but to traitors we'll give rope,

A warning to mankind! Glory! Glory! &c.
We've whipt them on the plain, whipt 'em on the sca.
We've whipt them on the plain, whipt 'em on the sca.
We've whipt them on the plain, whipt 'em on the sca.
Victory has been ours! Glory! &c.

Then, three cheers for our noble Volunteers, Then, three cheers for our noble Volunteers, Then, three cheers for our noble Volunteers,

And gallant Navy Blues! [Glory! Glory! &c.

Again our Flag will float throughout the land, Again our Flag will float throughout the land, Again our Flag will float throughout the land, Triumphant, Proud and Free!

Glory! Glory! &c

United once more, may God keep us so, United once more, may God keep us so, United once more, may God keep us so,

Forever, and for aye! [Glory ! Glory ! &c.

John Brown's body lies a mouldering in the grave, While weep the sons of bondage, whom he ventured all to save. But the he lost his life in struggling for the slave

His soul is marching on!

CHORUS.

Glory, Glory Hallelniah I Glory, Glory Hallelujah! Glory, Glory Hallelnjah l His soul is marching on.

John Brown was a hero undannied, true and brave: And Kansas knew his valor, when he fought her rights to save; And now, though grass grows green above his grave, His soul is marching on.

Glory, &c.

He captured Harper's ferry with his nineteen men so true. And he frightened Old Virginny, till she trembled through and through.

They hung him for a traitor: themselves a traitor crew: But his soul is marching on

Glory, &c.

John Brown was John the Baptist of Christ we are to see, Christ who of the bondman shall the Liberator be: And soon, throughout the sunny South, the slaves shall all be free;

For his soul is marching on.

Glory, &c.

The conflict that he heralded, he looks from Heaven to view On the army of the Union, with his Flag, red, white, and blue, And Heaven shall ring with anthems o'er the deed they mean to do:

For his soul is marching on

Glory, &c.

Ye soldiers of Freedom, then strike, while strike you may, The death-blow of oppression, in a better time and way; For the dawn of old John Brown has brightened into day,

And his soul is marching on. Glory. de. John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave,
John Brown's body lies slumbering in the grave,
But John Brown's soul is marching with the brave,
His soul is marching on.

Glory, &c.

He has gone to be a soldier in the army of the Lord,
He is sworn as a private in the ranks of the Lord,
He shall stand at Armageddon with his brave old sword.
When heaven is marching on.

Glory, &c.

He shall file in front when the lines of battle form,
He shall face to front when the squares of battle form,
Time with the column and charge with the storm,
When men are marching on.

Glory, &c.

Ah! foul tyrants do you hear him as he comes?

Ah! foul traitors do you know him as he comes,

In the thunder of the cannon and the roll of the drums,

As we go marching on?

Glory, &c.

Men may die and moulder in the dust,

Men may die and arise again from dust,

Shoulder to shoulder in the ranks of the just,

When God is marching on.

Glory, &c.

John Brown died on a scaffold for the slave;
Dark was the hour when we dug his hallowed grave;
Now God avenges the life he gladly gave—
Freedom reigns to-day!

CHORUS.

Glory, glory hallelujah, Glory, glory hallelujah, Glory, glory hallelujah, Freedom reigns to-day.

John Brown sowed and his harvesters are we: Honor to him who has made the bondman free! Loved evermore shall our noble ruler be— Freedom reigns to-day'

Glory, &c.

John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave; Bright o'er the sod, let the starry banner wave,— Lo! for the millions he periled all to save, Freedom reigns to-day'

Glory, &c.

John Brown lives—we are gaining on our foes— Right shall be the victor whatever may oppose— Fresh, through the darkness, the wind of morning blows— Freedom reigns to-day!

Glory, &c.

John Brown dwells where the battle strife is o'er Fate cannot harm him nor sorrow stir him more; Earth will remember the crown of thoras he wore,

Freedom reigns to-day !

Glory, &c.

John Brown's body lies mouldering in the grave; John Brown lives in the triumphs of the brave; John Brown's soul not a higher joy can crave— Freedom reigns to-day!

Glory, &c.

Freedom is our leader now, we've had our last retreat; Freedom is our leader now, we've had our last retreat; Freedom is our leader now, we ve had our last retreat; We'll now go marching on.

> Say, brothers, will you meet us? Say, brothers, will you meet us? Say, brothers, will you meet us? As we go marching on.

Thomas turned a Somerset, and gave the Rebels rats; Thomas turned a Somerset, and gave the Rebels rats; Thomas turned a Somerset, and gave the R bels rats; And sent them rolling home.

> Oh, brothers, we will join him; Oh, brothers, we will join him; Oh, brothers, we will join him; And send them rolling home.

How are you, Johnny Bull, old boy? How are you, Johnny Bull?

How are you, Johnny Bull, old boy? How are you, Johany Bull?

If you want to fight, old Roast Beef, you will get your belly full.

And then go rolling home.

Oh, Johnny, don't you fight us;
Oh, Johnny, don't you fight us;
Oh, Johnny, don't you fight us;
Or we'll send you rolling home.

We'll have a farm in Dixie, boys, and put some freemen on it; We'll have a farm in Dixie, boys, and put some freemen on it; We'll have a farm in Dixie, boys, and put some freemen on it; \(\Delta n \) then we'll simmer down.

BUMMERS COME AND MEET US.—(Concluded,) 133

Oh, sisters, come and join us; Oh, sisters, come and join us; Oh, sisters, come and join us; Way down in Dixie's Land.

- Oh, boys, we'll sip our cobblers then, and cloud our Meerschaum pipes;
- Oh, boys, we'll sip our cobblers then, and cloud our Meer, schaum pipes;
- Oh, boys, we'll sip our cobblers then, and cloud our Meer schaum pipes;

Way down in Dixie's Land.

Oh, bummers come and meet us, Oh, bummers come and meet us, Oh, bummers come and meet us, Way down in Dixie's Land,

There lies the whisky-bottle empty on the shelf, There lies the whisky-bottle empty on the shelf, There lies the whisky-bottle empty on the shelf, But there's some more in the Demi-John.

> Oh, bammers, don't you leave us, Oh, bammers, don't you leave us, Oh, bammers, don't you leave us, We'll soon go marching on.

The girls we left behind us, boys, our sweethearts at the North,

The girls we left behind us, boys, our sweethearts at the North,

The girls we left behind us, boys, our sweethearts at the North,

Smile on us as we march.

Oh, sweethearts, don't forget us, Oh, sweethearts, don't forget us, Oh, sweethearts, don't forget us, We'll soon come marching home,

134 A UNION SHIP AND A UNION CREW.

AIR-" A Yankee Ship,"

A UNION Ship and a Union Crew,
Tally hi ho, you know!

O, her flag is the flag of the red, white and blae,
With the stars aloft and alow;

Her sails are spead for the Northern breeze, And she dashes the spray from her prow,

For her flag is the prondest that floats o'er the seas,
And 'tis shining the loveliest now!

O, a Union Ship, &c.

A Union Ship and a Union Crew,
Tally hi ho, you know!
Every man aboard is a patriot true,
Whether placed aloft or alow;
Though the blackening sky and the whistling wind
Are foretelling a Southern gale,
Not a hibber you'll see, not a skulker you'll find,
For the cry is, "on deck there! a sail!"
There are pirates astern, but we'll give them a shot—
To the guns, aloft and alow!

A Union Ship, &c.

A Union Ship and a Union Crew,
Tally hi ho, you know!
To the soil of Freedom we'll ever prove true—
Brave hearts aloft and alow!
Bearing down, comes the Rebel-ship, fierce with pride,
With her yellow Palmetto outspread;
But anon, she'll be swept from the foaming tide,
While the stars and stripes float o'erhead!
For we'll strike to no foe, while the free winds blow,
Or a man's left aloft or alow?

A Union Ship, &c.

(BATTLE-SONG.)

We are marching to the field, boys, we are going to the fight, Shouting the battle-cry of freedom.

And we bear the glorious stars for the Union and the right. Shouting the battle-cry of freedom,

CHORUS.

The Union forever, Hurrah, boys, Hurrah, Down with the traitor, up with the star, For we're marching to the field, boys, going to the fight,

Shouting the battle cry of freedom!

We will meet the rebel host, boys, with fearless heart and true Shouting the battle-cry of freedom,

And we'll show what Uncle Sam has for loyal men to do, Shouting the battle-cry of freedom.

The Union forever, &c.

If we fall amid the fray, boys, we'll face them to the last, Shouting the battle-cry of freedom,

And our comrades brave shall hear ns, as they go rushing past, Shouting the battle cry of freedom.

The Union forever, &c.

Yes, for Liberty and Union we're springing to the fight, Shouting the battle cry of freedom,

And the victory shall be ours, for we're rising in our might.

Shouting the battle cry of freedom.

The Union forever, &c.

A NEW IRISH SONG OF THE TIMES.

Words by T. L. DONNELLY, Music by EMIL STADLER,

The Music of this Song is published by E. H. HARDING, 288 Bowery
Price 10 cents.

Oh! once I could eat my fill of good meat,

And whiskey galore, I could roule into me,

I could street up and down ev'ry street in this town,

With always a quarter to go on a spree.

My clothes they were good, I ne'er thought of wood,

A pick or a spade ne'er enter'd my mind,

But now I'm in grief, since that blackhearted thief,

Jeff Davis; he brought these hard times upon me.

CHORUS.

Oh! bad luck to him early.

Bad luck to him dearly,

May the devil admire h m,

Where e'er he may be;

May musquitoes smite him,

And rattlesnakes bite him.

The traitor that brought

These hard times upon me.

Oh! I walk up and down every street in this town,
And the devil a smell of a glass can I get,

Oh! I go everywhere to ease my despair,

But the hunger begor, keeps me in a big sweat,

Of my clothes there's as much as would boulster a crutch,

And my shirt wants a rivet or two in each seam,

May the hangman be brief when he swings that old thief,

Jeff Davis that brought these hard times upon me.

Bad luck to him early, &c.

So badly I'm broke, I can't raise a smoke,

Not even a pin can I find in the street,

Nor a stump of segar the I sarch near and far

Oh! they're made into cloth it is my belief!

The Oyster Bay Swells sometimes give me some shells,

To polish my teeth on by way of a snack,

My stomach gets riley, and then I curse wildly,

Jeff Davis, that brought these hard times upon me.

Bad luck to him early, &c.

Oh! Fil spit in my fist, and then I'll enlist,
And off to the wars I'll march bould as brass,
I'll fight till I die, and e'er I will fly
I'll measure the length of myself on the grass!
Like a brigadier private I'll rush on the foe,
And I'll slather the rebels both high and low!
Oh its then I'll knock blazes out of Jefferson Davis,
The traitor that brought these hard times upon me,

CHORUS.

May his trees never bear,
May his head have no hair,
May bunions like onions,
Grow out of his feet.
May Dr. Tumblety drug him,
And John Heenan plug him,
The traitor that brought
These hard times upon me.

Oh, Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean,
The home of the Brave and the Free;
The Shrine of each Patriot's devotion,
A World offers Homage to Thee!
Thy mandates make Heroes assemble,
When Liberty's form stands in view;
Thy banners make tyranny tremble,
When borne by the Red, White and Blue.

CHORUS.

When borne by the Red, White and Blue, When borne by the Red, White and Blue; Thy Banners make Tyranny tremble, When borne by the Red, White and Blue.

When war waged its wide desolation,
And threatened our land to deform,
The Ark then of Freedom's foundation,
Columbia rode safe through the storm.
With her garland of victory o'er her,
When so proudly she bore her bold crew,
With her Flag proudly floating before her,
The boast of the Red, White and Blue.

The boast of the Red. &c.

The wine cup, the wine cup bring hither,
And fill you it up to the brim;
May the memory of Washington ne'er wither
Nor the Star of his glory grow dim!
May the service united ne'er sever,
And hold to their colors so true!
The Army and Navy forever!
Three cheers for the Red, White and Blue!
Three cheers for the Red, &c.

Upon the tented field a Minstrel Knight,

Beside his standard lonely watch was keeping, And thus, amid the stillness of the night.

He strikes his lute, while all around is sleeping—

CHORUS.

The lady of my love—I will not name.

Although I wear her colors as a token.

For I would fight for liberty and fame,

Beneath the flag where first our vows were spoken.

The night is past, the conflict's come with dawn, The Minstrel Knight has seen its fortifying;

'Midst death and carnage onward still are borne—
His song is heard 'midst thousands around him dring

The lady of my love, &c.
Stern Death now sated quits the gory plain:

The life blood from the Warrior Bard is streaming. While on his flag he rests his hand with pain.

And faintly sings-his eyes with fervor beaming.

The lady of my love I will not name;
I'll still retain her colors as a token:

I've fought and fell for liberty and fame.

And never have our knightly vows been broken,

VIVA L'AMERICA

Words and Music by H. MILLARD.

Noble Republic! happiest of lands,

Foremost of nations Columbia stands— Freedom's proud banner floats in the skies,

Where shouts of Liberty daily arise. "United we stand, divided we fall."

Union forever—freedom to all. CHORUS.

Throughout the world our motto shall be-Viva l'America, home of the free!

Should ever traitor rise in the land,

Curs'd be his homestead, wither'd his hand; Shame be his mem'ry, scorn be his lot,

Exile his heritage, his name a blot! "United we stand, divided we fall,"

Granting a home and freedom to all.

Throughout the world, &c.

To all her heroes-Justice and Fame,

To all her foes, a traitor's foul name; Our Stars and Stripes still proudly shall wave,

Emblem of Liberty, flug of the brave, "United we stand, divided we fall,"

Gladly we'll die at our country's call.

Throughout the world. &co

By A. J. H. DUGANNE.

Music of this Song published in the RADICAL DRUM-CALL.

A voice o'er the land goes forth!
"Tis the voice of a nation Free!

To the East, and the West and the South and the North,

Rolling on like the sounding sea!
"The the voice of the Free!
"Tis the shout of the True.

As they swear by the Flag, Of the Red, White and Blue,

CHORUS

To be true to the *Union* for ever!

Do you hear what it saith,

By the bugle's breath?

To be true to the *Union* forever.

When Royalty vanquished fled,
And the Patriot's power was born,
We surounded our Flag o'er the graves of our dead,
And the first union oath was sworn!
"Twas the oath of the Free—
'Twas the oath of the True—
And they swore by the Flag,

Of the Red, White, and Blue To be true to the Union, &c.

Rhode Island the clarion blew,
And Connecticut swelled the blast—
Pennsylvania re-echoed to Jersey's halloo,
And to Georgia the war-cry past!
"Twas the cry of the Free—
'Twas the shout of the True!
And they swore by the Flag
Of the Red White and Blue,

To be true to the Union, &c.

Virginia the crown o'ertrod, Massachusetts the sceptre broke;

From the brave Carolinas the trump went abroad,

And New York with a shout awoke! "Twas a shout of the Free!

'Twas a word of the True! And they swore by the Flag

Of the Red, White and Blue.

To be true to the Union, &c.

From Maryland's blossoming vales,
From New Hampshire's abode of snows,
From the Green Mountain peaks, and the Delaware dales,
Rolling onward, the shout arose.
"Twas the shout of the Free"
"Twas the voice of the True!
As they swore by the Flag
Of the Red, White and Blue,

To be true to the Union, &c.

Though the Rebel and the Traitor rose,
And the land grew red with scars,
By the arm of the Lord we have scattered our foes,
And above us still shine the stars.
Twas the deed of the Free,
Theas the work of the True,
When they swore by the Flag
Of the Red, White and Blue,

To be true to the Union, &c.

We have trampled Rebellion's grave,
Over Slavery's dust we stand,
And the Union of old that our fathers gave,
We return to the whole wide land;
With the shout of the Free,
With the oath of the True,
We have sworn by the Flag
Of the Red, White and Blue,

To be true to the Union, &c.

For Union the fathers wrought,
And for Union the sons have bled;
By the martyrs who died and the heroes who fought,
We are still in the Union led.
'Tis the oath of the Free,
'Tis the oath of the True,
For we swore by the Flag
Of the Red, White and Blue,

To be true to the Union, &c.

BATLLE SONG AND CHORUS.

Nords by Thomas J. Diehl.

Music by HENRY TUCKER

Now onward! onward! let it wave, Amid the cannon's roar, Borne by the noble and the brave, Thro' streams of crimson gore; Amid the battle's fiercest strife, There ever let it be, And guard it with devoted life, That standard of the free!

CHORUS.

Hurrah boys! Hurrah boys! Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah! Onward! onward ever be "Our color guard" supplied.

"Stand by those colors!" many an eye
Is looking up to-day,
To see that glorious emblem fly
Where danger checks the way.
"Stand by those colors!" many a soul
Will gain new strength to die,
If in the red tide's fiercest roll
Those colors proudly fly.

Hurrah boys! &c.

On! color guard! Oh, noble, brave, How one by one they fall, But not their fate! nor yet the grave Our brave lads can appal.

Now from the ranks lene eagerly, Like groom to meet his bride

A score of volunteers—and see!

"Our color guard" supplied.

20 -

Hurrah boys! &c.

Oh! shipmates, come, gather, and join in my ditty; It's of a terrible battle that happened, of late: Let each good Union-Tar shed a sad tear of pity, When he thinks of the once gallant Cumberland's fate. The Eighth day of March told a terrible story, And many a brave tar to this world bid Adieu! Yet our Flag it was wrapt in a mantle of glory, By the heroic deeds of the Cumberland's crew.

On that ill-fated day, about ten in the morning,
The sky it was clear, and bright shone the Sun:
The drums of the Cumberland sounded a warning
That told every seaman to stand by his gun.
An Iron-clad Frigate down on us came beering,
And high in the air the Rebel Flag flew;
The Pennant of Treason she proudly was waving,
Determined to conquer the Cumberland's crew.

Then, up spoke our Captain with stern resolution,
Saying: my boys, of this monster now don't be dismayed,
We swore to maintain our beloved Constitution,
And to die for our Country we are not afraid!
We fight for the Union: our cause it is glorious,
To the Stars and the Stripes we will stand ever true.
We'll sink at our quarters, or conquer victorious!
Was answered, with cheers, from the Cumberland's crew.

Now our gallant ship fired her guns' dreadful thunder, Her broad-side, like hail, on the Rebel did pour: The people gazed on, struck with terror and wonder: The shots struck his sides, and glanced harmless o'er; But the pride of our Navy could never be daunted, Tho' the dead and the wounded her deck they did strew: And the Flag of our Union how proudly it flaunted, Sustained by the blood of the Cumberland's crew!

Slowly they sunk beneath Virginia's waters!
Their voices on earth will ne'er be heard more.
They'll be wept by Columbia's brave sons and fair daughters!
May their blood be avenged on Virginia's shore!
In that battle-stained grave they are silently lying—
Their souls have for ever to earth bid Adieu!
But the Star-Spangled Banner above them is flying:
It was nailed to the mast by the Cumberland's crew!

They fought us three hours, with stern resolution,
Till those Rebels found cannon would never avail them;
For, the Flag of Secession has no power to gall them,

Tho' the blood from their scuppers it crimson'd the tide? She struck us amidst-ship, our planks she did sever: Her sharp Iron-prong pierced our noble ship through: And still, as they suak on that dark rolling river, We'll die at our gaus! cried the Cumberland's crew.

Columbia's sweet birth-right of Freedom's communion,
Thy Flag never floated so proudly before:
For, the spirits of those that died for the Union,
Above its broad folds now exultingly soar!
And when our sailors in battle assemble,
God bless our dear Banner, the Red, White and Blue!

Beneath its bright Stars, we'll cause tyrants to tremble, Or sink at our guns, like the Cumberland's crew!

THE BATTLE CRY OF FREEDOM.

(RALLYING SONG.)

Yes, we'll rally round the Flag, boys, we'll rally once again, Shouting the battle-ery of Freedom; We will rally from the hill-side, we'll gather from the plain, Shouting the battle-ery of Freedom!

CHORUS.

The Union forever! hurrah! boys, hurrah! Down with the Traitors, up with the Stars! While we rally round the Flag, boys, rally once again, Shouting the battle-cry of Freedom!

We are springing to the call of our Brothers gone before, Shouting the battle-cry of Freedom! And we'll fill the vacant ranks with a million Feeemen more, Shouting the battle-cry of Freedom!

The Union for ever! &c.

We will welcome to our numbers the boys all true and brave, Shouting the battle-ery of freedom! And although he may be poor, he shall never be a slave, Shouting the battle-ery of freedom!

The Union for ever! &c.

So we're springing to the call from the East and from the West, Shouting the battle-cry of freedom! And we'll hurl the rebel crew from the land we love the best, Shouting the battle-cry of freedom!

The Union for ever, &c.

BY ROBERT M. HART.

AIR:-" Wait for the Wagon,"

The eagle of Columbia, in majesty and pride, Still sears aloft in glory, though traitors have defied The flag we dearly cherish—the emblem of our will— Biptised in blood of heroes 'way down on Bunker Hill,

Chorus,—Sam built the wagon,
The Old Union Wagon,
The star-crested wagon,
To give the boys a ride.

The war screech of that eagle is heard from shore to shore, For clouds of dark rebellion our sky has shrouded o'er; But freedom and its sunlight will break the gloomy pall, And scorch the brow of treason with powder, shell and ball,

> Bring on the wagon, The Old Union Wagon, The tri-colored wagon, We're waiting for a ride.

King Gotton may be master o'er those who bend the knee, But cannot rule a people who ever will be free As are the winds of heaven—whose every thought and deed Shall emanate from Justice, and not from Cotton seed.

> Stick to the wagon, The Old Union Wagon, The triumphal wagon, And we'll all safely ride.

Old Abe is in the wagon, and Scot is by his side, And Seward drives the horses to take a Union ride; While Butler is not idle, and Cameron is true. And we're all in the wagon with Yankee doodle-doo.

> Shove on the wagon, The Old Union Wagon, God bless the Wagon, While patriots shall ride,

There's none can smash the wagon—'tis patented and strong, And built of pure devotion, by those who hate the wrong— Its wheels are made of freedom, which patriots adore: The spokes when rightly counted, just number thirty-four.

> Keep in the wagon, The Old Union Wagon, The oft-tested wagon, While millions take a ride.

Nobly our Flag flutters o'er us to-day, Emblem of peace, Pledge of Liberty's sway; Its foes shall tremble and shrink in dismay, If ere insulted it be! Our Stripes and Stars, loved and honored by all, Shall float forever where freedom may call; It still shall be the Flag of the Free, Emblem of sweet Liberty!

CHORUS.

Here we will gather its cause to defend;

Let Patriots rally and wise counsel lend;

It still shall be the Flag of the Free Emblem of sweet Liberty!

With it in beauty no flag can compare;
All nations honor our banner so fair.
If to insult it a traitor should dare,
Crushed to the earth let him be!
Freedom and Progress our watchword to-day:
When duty calls, who dares disobey?
Honor to Thee, Thon Flag of the Free,
Emblem of sweet Liberty!

THE FLAG OF OUR UNION.

*A song for our Banner" the watchword recall, Which gave the Republic her station. United we stand, divided we fall! It made and preserved us a nation. The union of lakes, the union of lands, The union of States none can sever; The union of hearts the union of hands, And the Flag of our Union forever and ever! The flag of the Union for ever!

What God in his infinite wisdom designed, And armed with republican thunder, Not all the earth's despots and factions combined Have the power to conquer or sunder: The union of lakes, the union of lands, The union of States none can sever: The union oi hearts, the union of hands, And the flag of the Union forever and ever; The flag of the Union for ever! Unfurl the glorious banner, let it sway upon the breeze, The emblem of our country's pride on land, and on the seas; The emblem of our liberty, borne proudly in the wars, The hope of every freeman, the gleaming stripes and stars.

CHORUS.

Then unfurl the glorious banner out upon the welcome air, Read the record of the olden time upon its radiance there: In the battle it shall lead us, and our banner ever be, A beacon-light to glory, and a guide to victory.

The glorious band of patriots who gave the land its birth, Have writ with steel in history the record of its worth; From east to west, from sea to sea, from pole to tropic sun, Will eyes grow bright and hearts throb high at the name of Washington.

Then unfurl the glorious banner, &c.

Ah! proudly should we bear it, and guard this flag of ours, Borne bravely in its infancy amid the darker hours; (Inly the brave may bear it, a guardian it shall be for those who well have won the right to bestow of liberty.

Then unfurl the glorious banner, &c.

The meteor flag of seventy-six long may it wave in pride.

To tell the world how nobly the patriot fathers died;

When from the shadows of their night outburst the brilliant sun,

It bathed in light the stripes and stars, and lo! the field was won.

Then unfurl the giorious banner, &c.

148 HURRAH FOR THE WHITE, RED AND BLUE.

Hush'd is the clamorous trumpet of war,
Hush'd, hush'd is the trumpet of war;
The soldier's retired from the clangor of arms,
The drum rolls a peaceful hurrah.
'Tis cheering to think on the past,
'Tis cheering to think we've been true,
'Tis cheering to look on our stars and our stripes,
And gaze on our white, red and blue.
Hurrah for the white, red and blue,
'Tis cheering to look on our stars and our stripes,
And gaze on our white, red and blue,
'Tis cheering to look on our stars and our stripes,
And gaze on our white, red and blue.

Here's a sigh for the brave that are dead, Here's a sigh for the brave that are dead, And who would not sigh for the glorious brave, That rest on a patriot bed?
Tis glory, for country to die, Tis glory that's solid and true;
Tis glory to sleep 'neath our stars and our stripes, And die for our white, red and blue, Hurrah for the white, red and blue, Hurrah for the white, red and blue, Tis glory to sleep 'neath our stars and our stripes, And die for the white, red, and blue

Here's freedom of thought and of deed,
Here's freedom in valley and plain,
The first song of freedom that rose on our hills,
Our sea-shore re-echoed again.
Tis good to love country and friends,
Tis good to be honest and true;
Tis good to die shouting on sea, or on shore,
"Hurrah for the white, red, and blue,"
Hurrah for the white, red, and blue,
Tis good to die shouting, at sea or on shore,
"Hurrah for the white, red, and blue,"
Hurrah for the white, red, and blue,"

Words and Music by HENRY TUCKER.

Dewrest love, do you remember
When we last did meet,
How you told me that you loved me,
Kneeling at my feet?
Oh! how proud you stood before me,
In your suit of blue,
When you vow'd to me and country,
Ever to be true.

CHORUS.

Weeping, sad and lonely,
Hopes and fear, how vain;
Yet praying, when this cruel war is over,
Praying: that we meet again!

When the summer breeze is sighing,
Mournfully, along!
Or when autumn leaves are falling,
Sadly breathes the song.
Oft, in dreams, I see thee lying
On the battle plain,
Lonely, wounded, even dying,
Calling, but in vain.

Weeping, sad and lonely, &c.

If, amid the din of battle,
Nobly you should fall,
Far away from those whe love you,
None to hear you call:
Who would whisper words of confort,
Who would soothe your pain?
Ah! the many cruel kancies,
Ever in my brain.

Weeping, sad and lonely, &c.

But our country called you, darling,
Angels cheer your way;
While our nations's son's are fighting,
We can only pray.
Nobly strike for God and liberty,
Let all nations see
How we love our Starry Banner,
Emblem of the free!
Weeping, sad and lonely, 644.

150 MOTHER, IS THE BATTLE OVER? "

Mother is the battle over?

Thousands have been slain, they say,
Is my father coming? Tell me,
Have the patriots gain'd the day?
Is he well or is he wounded—
Mother, do you think he's slain?
If you know I pray you tell me,
Will my father come again?

Mother dear, you're always sighing,
Since you last the papers read,
Tell me now why you are crying,
Why that cap is on your head?
Oh! I see you can not tell me—
Father's one among the slain,
Although he loved us very dearly,
He will never come again."

Yes, my boy, your noble father,
Is one number'd with the slain—
We shall not see him more on carth,
But in heaven we'll meet again.
He died for America's glory,
Our day may not be far between,
But I hope at the last moment,
That we shall all meet again.

My country 'tis of thee, Sweet land of liberty, Of thee 1 sing; Land where our fathers died, Land of the pilgrims' pride, From every mountain side, Let freedom ring.

My native country, thee,
Land of the noble free—
Thy name I love;
I love thy rocks and rills,
Thy woods and templed hills?
My heart with rapture thrills
Like that above.

Let music swell the breeze, And ring from all the trees, Sweet freedom's song; Let mortal tongues awake, Let all that breathe partake, Let rocks their silence breeke, The sound prolong.

Our father's God to thee, Author of Liberty, To thee I sing Long may our land be bright With freedom's holy light; Protect us by thy might, Great God, our King.

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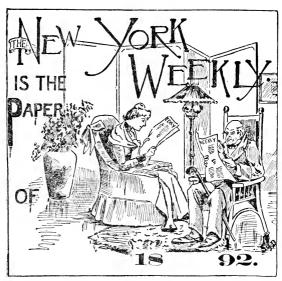
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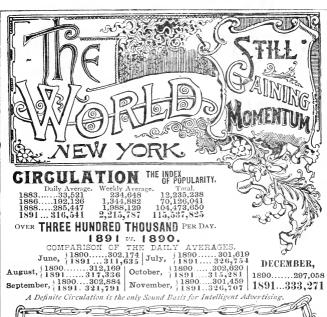
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